Morning Oregonian.

NO. 288. PORTLAND, OREGON: THURSDAY, JANUARY 4, 1877. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

THE OREGON CASE.

Cronin Tells how Much he was Paid.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Cronin, the Oregon elector, testified before the Senate committee to-day. He said he had made no arrangement with any person whereby certificates were to be handed him by the Secretary of State; was convinced he was lawfully appointed in place of Watts, and put the certificates in his pocket because he was afraid they would be taken from him by Odell and others. He had refused to come to Washington as messenger unless he should receive three thousand dollars as expenses, and the money was furnished him. He supposed the money was raised among Oregon Democrats by subscription.

Bellinger, chairman of the Democratic committee, informed witness the day before he started for Washington that he (Bellinger) had $2,800, and in addition to the $2,000, the $3,000 required was raised, and a note signed by Bellinger and witness which was deposited at the banking house of Ladd & Tilton, at Portland, Oregon. Tilton is a New Yorker, and his politics are unknown to witness. Know a man named Patrick; met him in the office of Judge Strong at Portland. Patrick lives at Omaha. Bellinger met witness on the street at Portland about 10 days previous to the meeting of the electoral college and informed him that a gentleman wished to see him (Cronin) at the office of Judge Strong. He refused to go, and told Bellinger that whatever was done in this electoral muddle must be done by others than himself. Witness afterwards went to Strong's office and met Patrick, who said he had heard witness had said if a certificate of elector was issued to him he would not act, but witness informed Patrick he had changed his mind, and Patrick said to witness, "If Tilden is President, he will give you anything you want." Witness informed Patrick that if he (Patrick) was acquainted with Tilden, he might tell him he had nothing to give which he (Cronin) wanted. Witness was a little angry at Patrick for talking in such a manner. Patrick informed witness he supposed the reason Patrick had been sent to Oregon was that he was the farthest one West. Witness didn't know what Patrick meant. He had heard that Patrick is superintendent of a mine in Colorado. Patrick said nothing about money in his interview with witness; witness never saw Patrick, except on the one occasion before mentioned, and had no conversation with Bellinger about Patrick. Witness had read no messages from the East in relation to the election muddle before seeing Patrick. Witness knows of a Dimon in New York; thinks he is a banker. After the electoral college had met and adjourned, witness saw a dispatch, signed Bristow, which said: "It is important that the returns of Oregon should be properly made up and sent to their destination." Ladd & Tilton have a banking house at Portland, and Ladd & Bush have one at Salem, and A. E. & C. E. Tilton, of 115 Liberty street, New York, are correspondents of the Oregon banking house above mentioned. Witness received a draft for money for expenses, between 4 and 5 o'clock P. M. on the 5th of December, in Ladd & Tilton's bank, from Manager Quackenbush. There were three drafts, one on New York, and two on California banks. The $2,800 was not tendered witness in cash. Dimon's name is mentioned in the draft on New York, which is for $2,000. Witness did say at first he would not act as elector if the certificate was given him, but changed his mind after looking up the law, and after hearing of the actions of the South Carolina, Florida and Louisiana returning boards. In answer to Kernan, witness stated he canvassed the State with Watts, and they closed the canvass together at Portland. Watts being postmaster and been mentioned by both he and witness in a jocose way at public meetings. Witness knew Watts was ineligible as an elector before the election, but said nothing about it.

W. M. Turner on the Stand.

William M. Turner, manager of the Western Union Telegraph office, Jacksonville, Oregon, was the next witness answering; he says that he saw the man whom he supposes was Patrick pass through Jacksonville on the stage, on the 28th November. Klippel lives at Jacksonville, but witness did not know of Patrick and Klippel's meeting at Jacksonville.

Senator Morton then asked: Do you know of any dispatches in relation to Patrick having passed over your wire? Witness—I cannot divulge anything passing on the wire.

Q.—What do you know about $8,000 being transmitted from New York to Oregon by telegraph? Answer—I don't know anything that I can divulge.

Q.—Did a dispatch in regard to Dimond pass over your wire? A.—I decline to answer.

Q.—Did Dimond telegraph to Ladd & Tilton, of Portland, to draw $8,000 on him, between Nov. 25th and first Wednesday in December? A.—I decline to answer.

Q.—I ask if you know anything in regard to another sum, of $1,700 telegraphed previous to the $8,000, and from A. E. and C. E. Tilton, of New York, to this same firm at Portland? A.—I decline to answer.

Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Cronin's examination and Telegraph Manager Turner's refusal to testify before the Senate committee has furnished to-day's sensation in Washington, and are to-night the chief topics of comment. Cronin failed to make a good appearance on the witness stand, his manner being very self-conscious, and at times both defiant and pompous. His testimony contradicted the concurrent evidence of all the Republican witnesses in every important particular, but on cross-examination he several times contradicted himself in regard to minor matters and details. For instance, he testified on direct examination that he was made a little angry by Patrick's telegram that he could get anything from Tilden if Tilden was elected by his instrumentality, but under Morton's cross-examination, shortly afterwards, he said Patrick's suggestion had not offended him at all. Being questioned whether he thought it was right to withhold certificates when the majority of the college demanded them, he seemed to fall off his guard and inadvertently answered that he did not consider it a question of right but one of expediency. Cronin's acknowledgement that he received $3,000 from the fund for expenses created much significant comment.

It is now ascertained beyond peradventure that the whole proceedings under which Cronin was appointed Presidential elector were originated in New York and directed thence. It is difficult to see how certain witnesses to be examined by Morton's committee, can avoid confessing these acts unless they commit perjury, which can be brought swift home to them.

Turner's Predicament.

W. M. Turner, manager W. U. Telegraph office at Jacksonville, Oregon, was examined by Senator Morton. He refused to answer all the questions about telegrams sent or received at his office. Morton's question referred to the alleged transfer of money by telegraph from the banking house of Ladd & Tilton, Portland, and Ladd & Bush, Salem, Oregon, in which the name of one Diamond was mentioned. He was also interrogated regarding the alleged dispatch from New York, requesting the postponement of the issue of electoral certificates until certain parties should arrive in Oregon.

All Morton's questions which Turner refused to answer very plainly indicated that Republicans expect to prove the corrupt use of at least $25,000, of which this is conjectured to be part. A number of other witnesses will be summoned on this branch of inquiry, including probably the New York and Oregon bankers named in Morton's leading questions. It is also understood that a determined effort will be made to get at facts regarding alleged telegrams sent to Pacific coast from the East by Ex Senator Gwin.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington special says: The Oregon telegraph manager will be in the same predicament before the Senate to-morrow as Barnes before the House. Action will soon be taken to secure the desired telegrams.

What is Thought of Cronin's Confessions.

The *Inter-Ocean's* correspondent says Cronin's confessions have filled the Democrats with dismay. His admission that Patrick tried to buy his vote, an attempt which Cronin indignantly refused, has rendered it necessary for Tilden to explain this method of securing votes. Cronin is no longer a man, but a knave, liar and self-convicted bribe taker.

Gov. Irwin Condemned.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—A large Republican meeting is being held at Sacramento this evening to express the sentiments of the party regarding the endorsement of the action of Gov. Grover, of Oregon, by Gov. Irwin and Democratic leaders and party of this State. No details of proceedings yet received.

LOUISIANA.

House Investigation.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 2.—The House committee examined 55 witnesses, who testified to the fairness of the election and the absence of intimidation at the election in Concordia parish.

Geo. F. Davis, clerk of the returning board, testified that the raising of the Republican electoral vote in Vernon parish from 176 had been done by a clerical error.

The House sub-committee examined a number of witnesses relative to Livingstone parish.

Sylvester Simons, tax collector, testified that the election was peaceable and quiet, and that his affidavit appearing in the Sherman report was prepared in the custom house and made him say things he knew nothing about; he never knew of any armed organizations there.

Samuel Barston, Augustus Ward and T. Spilter flatly contradicted the affidavit of Supervisor Davidson as to intimidation, and said they would not believe him on oath.

Senate Investigation.

In the evening session, the Senate sub-committee heard Ernest Cliff (colored), who detailed the arrest of John Glon, a prominent colored Republican of Baton Rouge, by a sheriff's posse, on a charge of having poisoned Dr. Saunders' family; saw him shot to death on the road by a body of men, and gave the names of some eight persons connected with it; that he, Paul Johnson and others, burned the body, despite a warning not to do so; that Johnson was afterward carried off by armed men and never seen again; and men came to witness' house and drove out his wife and children barefooted and burned it. He gave the names of a number of men.

The Senate committee this evening heard the testimony of Col. Richardson, of Ouachita, in rebuttal of the evidence of Republican witnesses. His evidence is similar to that of Samuel McEnery.

The Senate sub-committee examined some ten colored witnesses who detailed cases of intimidation in East Baton Rouge, showing a reign of terror.

The committee took a variety of contradictory testimony concerning the state of affairs in Louisiana and the doings of the Regulators and of negro clubs.

[illegible], of Monroe, gave an account of his famous Antietam proclamation. He had seen numbers of armed men (negroes) and justified himself in every act.

Nicholls and Wiltz Elected.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 2.—In the Democratic legislature a resolution was introduced to notify the President that that body had organized and the meeting declared Nicholls and Wiltz elected.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 2.—Interest in the investigating committees has given way to interest in the State political situation. The committee from the Senate to-day waited upon the Secretary of State, Deslonde, and asked for the official State returns. Deslonde declined to recognize them, and said, the law directed him to furnish them to the speaker of the House, which he had done. One member in the Democratic House to-day deserted that body and reported at the State house. Eight members returned elected by the board are still absent from the city.

FLORIDA.

Inauguration of Gov. Drew.

TALLAHASSEE, Jan. 3.—The inauguration of Gov. Drew took place yesterday. The legislature is organized in both branches and both are Democratic.

A Man who would Sell for $125.

The *Times'* Jacksonville dispatch says: The sheriff of Baker county was before the Senate committee to-day, and he testified to the fact that a local Democrat offered him $125 to sign the bogus returns, by which the Democrats are claiming a majority for Tilden on the face of the returns. The agent of the Democrats who was selected by the party to bribe him, in the first instance, failed, and a second attempt to do the dirty work was made upon him by one Partridge, who went to Baker county specially commissioned by agents of Tilden and Drew.

The State of the Contest.

The result of the judicial proceedings in Florida is such as most Republicans have looked for, and it confirms the vote of that State to Hayes. The contest is now narrowed down to the dispute about Louisiana, unless Oregon is still to be subject to Democratic contest.

Hatred of Northern People.

Considerable testimony was taken showing bitter hostility existing in this city against Northern men, who, although they never run for office, announce their Republican principles and make themselves prominent about election time. These Northern men made Jacksonville what it is, the most prosperous city in the South, and by their capital and enterprise are building up the eastern portion of the State. To such extent is this the case, that if Northern men were to withdraw their capital there would be nothing left but utter desolation. Yet they are contemptuously called carpet-baggers, etc., and all because they don't join the Democratic party. One gentleman, named Abbott, had a small Union flag hanging over his door, which was torn down and disgustingly besmeared together with his house, because he rode in a Republican procession. It was shown also that Democrats withdrew their deposits from the First National Bank of this city, because one of the officers appeared in a Republican procession.

Put Their Feet in It.

The sub-committee of the House which went to Jackson county, arrived here last night, and Democratic members said they put their foot in it in going there. Every precinct they sat down to investigate revealed nothing but Democratic rascality. It was proved by Democratic witnesses, at Friendship Church, that Republicans were swindled out of 145 votes. A Republican member of the committee asserts that at two precincts the Republicans were cheated out of a sufficient number of votes to have given a majority on the face of the returns for the whole State ticket, and yet Drew has been inaugurated Governor, thanks to the whitewash of his Supreme Court.

SOUTH AMERICA.

War in Nicaragua.

PANAMA, Jan. 2.—Ex-President Guardia, of Costa Rica, is about to visit Guardia and Salvador, for the purpose of inducing those States to unite with Costa Rica in a war against Nicaragua. President Herrara, of Costa Rica, by decree, abolished the press and placed every printing office in the country under direct control of the authorities.

Another battle occurred in the State of Canaco, Republic of Colombo. Liberals claim the victory, but lost some prominent officers. The loss of each side in the previously reported battle of Sarrara was—Liberals, 6,000 killed and 1,300 wounded; conservatives, 300 killed and 700 wounded, and of the wounded at least 500 will die.

Mr. Mo[illegible], Dutch consul Sinor Agustin Velez and two other persons, were assassinated at Carthagena. Assassins arrested.

The *Fountain Sentinel* tells of a "red bat" being lately caught at Baker City. Perhaps it was a brick-bat which the editor caught in his *sombrero*.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco Stock Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—Ophir 20¼, Mexican 18½, G & C 12, B & B 4½, California 44⅞, Savage 9½, Con Va 30⅞, Chollar 78½, H & N 5¾, Point 6¾, Jacket 15½, Imperial 1 80, Kentuck 8, Alpha 22½, Belcher 1, S Nevada 9¼, Utah 13½, Bullion 20¼, Exchequer 9, S Belcher 81, Overman 118¾, Justice 19, Succor 60c, Union 9, Julia 5¾, Caledonia 12¾, Baltic 1¼, Hill 7½, Woodville 1, R Island 60c, P Sheridan 2¼, Alta 2½, New York 50c, Lady Washington 3½, Andes 1 95, N Con Va 1s, Prospect 50c, Trojan 55c.

EVENING BOARD.—Valley 60c, R & E 3, Eu Con 15¾, K K 3, Leopard 4½, Belmont 4, Belle 22¾, Hussey 50c Thomas 80c, Manhattan 14½, Modoc 9¾, N Coso 2¾, S Modoc 1, G Chariot 2¼, S Chariot 1½, Bullion 19, Con Va 30, Imperial 1 80, Jacket 14¾, Savage 9½, B & B 39¾, California 44¼, Ophir 20¾, Caledonia 12¼, Justice 18¾, Chollar 78, Overman 115, Belcher 10¾, Alpha 21¾, H & C 11¼, S Nevada 9¼.

The Josephson Murder.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—An inquest was held yesterday by the coroner over the remains of Christopher Josephson, murdered by Antonia Von Apponig last Saturday morning. Nothing was given to the jury which has not already been published, except the following translation of one of the letters found in the room of the murdered man: "I gazed into dark deep waters, and heard the smothered roar of the great ocean. Then I swore vengeance by blood on you, if you dared for your amusement to ——. Should my aim fail, then may my curse rest upon you; and Count S. W. Apponig will be the avenger, and lead you to your death. It would pain me deeply if your parents, or, perhaps, a wife and child should mourn your death; yet I cannot do otherwise. All who may hear of this forgive me, but it must be done. A. J. Von Apponig." The jury returned a verdict of death from a wound inflicted by Antonia J. Apponig, and charged the woman with the crime of murder. The case is exciting the greatest interest in the city. Nothing has been heard of the woman since Sunday night.

That Lick Trust.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—To-day was fixed by the Probate Court for a jury trial of the contest over trust deeds executed by the late Jas. Lick, several petitions having been filed by heirs; but owing to the illness of counsel, the case was continued one week.

Stock Matters.

Stocks are dull again this morning, except lively sales of Overman and Caledonia at somewhat advanced prices. There were also large transactions in Con Va, but no improvement in rates. The attempt to ascertain from the powers that there is probability of Con Va dividend being declared to-morrow is productive of meagre results. It was stated that the trustees had the matter under consideration and their decision could not be definitely known at present, but the general tenor of conversation seemed to imply that the declaration of a dividend is doubtful, not on account of anything permanently affecting the value of the mine, but owing simply to temporary difficulties and delays experienced in working and consequent decrease in the ore production.

A Big Race.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—The subscriptions to the great race of heats of four miles, under the auspices of the Bay District Association, closes to-day. There is every indication that the field will be large, as the plan adopted gives subscribers until Feb. 12th to name the horses they will run. The purse is $5,000.

Sailing of Steamers for China.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—The Pacific Mail steamer *City of Peking* sailed at noon to-day for Japan and China. The sailing of the Australian steamer *City of New York* was postponed till to-morrow on account of the non-arrival of British mails.

Libel Suits.

In the 4th district court to-day Marriott, of the *News Letter*, was perpetually enjoined from publishing a certain libelous article concerning Frederick Clay.

In the 4th district court to-day the trial of the libel suit of O. P. Fitzgerald vs J. A. Kloss, was commenced. It will be remembered that when Fitzgerald was running for superintendent of public instruction last year, Kloss published a card stating that plaintiff received from Wilson, Hinckle & Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio, a check or draft on the Bank of California for $3,000, for his services in securing a change of text books in the public schools. Plaintiff denies that he received a check for that amount or any other amount from Wilson, Hinckle & Co., or from any other person or persons, nor was he ever bribed. He asks judgment for $20,000 damages. In his answer defendant admits the publication of the card, but denies that he intended to injure the reputation of plaintiff, but reiterates the allegations therein contained are true. He further says he believes plaintiff collected money from the bank and that it was to influence him to change the text books in the schools. He further charges that while superintendent of public instruction plaintiff did corruptly receive money from divers persons which influenced his acts as superintendent. Plaintiff and defendant were partners in publishing a weekly paper called the *Spectator* at the time the check is alleged to have been received.

Ex-Pension Agent Bennett is on trial before a jury to-day in the U. S. Circuit Court, on a charge of embezzling government money.

Southern California News.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 3.—Mr Cross Wah, living 25 miles from Encinada, arrived here to-day. He left home a day or two ago. He says the people in his section knew nothing of any freebooting expedition when he left there.

The cattle of the coast are fast dying from starvation and the better of them have been driven into the mountains to save their lives. Everything is depressed for want of rain. Nothing heard of expedition here up to 6 o'clock this evening.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

First Serious Railway Accident in Denmark.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 2.—The first railway accident in Denmark involving loss of life, occurred to-day near Horseno. A train containing a hundred laborers ran off the track. Nine persons were killed and thirty severely wounded.

Gale on the French Coast.

PARIS, Jan. 2.—A tremendous gale has been raging on the Atlantic coast of France. Two villages were threatened with destruction by high water. Several lives were lost. One of the telegraph cables between France and England has parted.

Dismissed and Dead.

ALEXANDRIA, Jan. 1.—The death of the Khedive's finance minister, who was recently dismissed in disgrace, is announced.

Gale on the English Coast.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—A gale of unprecedented violence prevailed on the southern coast of England yesterday. The Dover pier was partially destroyed; damage estimated at $150,000. At East Bourne there was great destruction, and the loss foots up $45,000. Nearly every town on the southern coast from Dover to Portsmouth was partially inundated by the high tide, and furniture was washed out of houses.

Disastrous floods, caused by heavy rains, are still reported throughout the country.

Total number of acres transferred in Umatilla county during the year ending December 30, 1876, as appears from the records, 5 629; total value of the same, $52,460; average price paid per acre, $9. Total value of town property transferred during the year, 13,749 50. Of this amount there was transferred, of Pendleton property, $7,515; Weston, $3,317; Milton, $1,5; Heppner, $1,212 50; Umatilla City, $900.

The Grangers propose to erect a flouring mill in Grand Ronde valley.

GENERAL NEWS.

Pacific Coast Salmon in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—About 10,000 pounds of California salmon arrived here in good condition, and is selling at a reasonable price.

Failure.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Harrman & Co., piano dealers; liabilities $123,000.

What is the Matter with Silver.

The *Times* editorial says the *Economist* of London points out reasons why the silver market is likely to be unsteady, and is sure to be calculated with difficulty. First it remarks the uncertain quantity which the German government may at any time sell hangs over the markets. The effect of the increase of council bills on Indian demand for silver has still to be fully tested in practice. American production is still an unknown quantity, though everything seems to show that it will be much less than it was thought to be. Till these causes have ceased to operate as powerfully as they do now, no important stock of silver will be kept, since the future is too uncertain to justify it, and until it is kept, the price will probably fluctuate [illegible] much as during the past year, when most of the influences that cause variation have been at a maximum, and most of those which cause steadiness at a minimum. Under these circumstances, the *Economist* remarks it will be desirable that no government shall involve itself in a currency depending on relations of silver and gold which has not begun one already. This view which all persons familiar with the facts must take, we commend to Senators who are in doubt what to do with the Bland silver bill when it reaches the Senate.

The Silver Question.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: Henry Cernuschi, an eminent French writer on bi-metallic currency, was on the house floor this afternoon, and met many members of the silver commission, who have carefully considered the question. He will remain until the Presidential case is settled and something done on the silver question. He proposes calling an international conference on the subject and to provide for simultaneous and harmonious action by leading commercial nations of the globe to protect themselves against embarrassment consequent upon the violent fluctuation in the market price of silver. It is not at all unlikely the silver commission, which reports on the 15th, in addition to recommending a double metallic standard, will also favor the Congress.

Wants to End his Troubles.

ALBANY, Jan. 3.—Boss Tweed is utterly broken down at last and ready to make any terms to bring his troubles to an end. It may safely be predicted that he will surrender all the property still within his control and make a clean breast of the whole ring business to some prudent and trustworthy representative of the prosecution.

A Dramatic Success.

BOSTON, Jan. 3.—Mrs. [illegible] has made an unequivocal success at the Boston Theater as Hester Prynne in the dramatization of Hawthorne's "Scarlet Letter," made by herself and Count De [illegible]. The *Journal* [illegible] criticises the drama as intensely and powerfully interesting, and its presentation as thrilling and effective.

Fire in Troy—Fireman Killed.

TROY, Jan. 3.—Four stores were destroyed in West Troy yesterday; loss [illegible]. Isaac Bennett, fireman, was burned to death.

Coal Mines on Fire.

LYKENS, Pa., Jan. 3.—The mines here have been burning since Monday, and are now caving in. It is believed the miners escaped, but eighty-six mules have been suffocated.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The *Times'* Pottsville (Pa.) dispatch says: Yesterday a fire, which threatened to be even more serious in its consequences than [illegible], broke out in the deep workings of Lykens valley mines, 30 miles west of this place. There are four collieries, all connected by underground passages together. Their workings form one of the longest subterranean galleries in the world, having continuous connection about ten miles in a straight line. They produce the well known Lykens valley coal, soft semi-anthracite, which burns readily, a quality to which the rapid spread of the fire is doubtless owing. Probably the miners all escaped. Eighty-five mules perished. Even if the fire is under control, which is now said to be doubtful, the mines must be closed for weeks, disemploying 500 men.

LYKENS, Pa., Jan. 3.—The only means of stopping the fire in the mines is to flood them, which has already been done. The mules have been found to be alive. About 800 men are thrown out of employment. Years are required to repair damages.

Fire.

HAMILTON, Jan. 3.—The store of Stuart & McPherson, wholesale grocers, partially burned; loss, $40,000.

[illegible] of the Cuban Patriots.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Excitement exists here among Cubans on the rumor that the mail steamer *Nuevo Cubano*, plying between the Island of Pines and Batabano, south shore of Cuba, has been captured in a similar manner to the *Moctezuma*. The run between these ports is made in 12 hours, and at last accounts the *Nuevo Cubano* had been out five days. She had on board a large number of political prisoners who were being sent from the island of Pines to work at the reconstruction of the Trocha in the central department.

Quarrelling Over A. T. Stewart's Estate.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The *Times* says another complication has arisen regarding the will of the late A. T. Stewart, which people supposed was settled. This time the papers come directly from Ireland, and [illegible] set forth in affidavits attached thereto, that they are first cousins to the late Stewart. The papers are in the hands of S. L. Kneeland and Carter, and have not yet been filed in court. They have no connection whatever with the claim of the Baileys of Brooklyn, although the same branch of the Stewart family is represented.

A Slip 'twixt the Cup and the Lip.

The *Sun* reports Bennett's marriage broken off. There is also other and better authority for the rumor.

Gov Hayes' Last State Message.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 2.—The assembly organized to-day. Hayes read his message, showing Ohio's local indebtedness to be thirty-six millions. The State debt has been reduced the past year nearly one and one half millions. The message says while political parties seem necessary in national affairs, in municipal matters there is no reason for political antagonisms. It expresses satisfaction with Ohio's display at the Centennial and general prosperity of the State, and makes several recommendations, including one that registration laws should be passed and a Constitutional amendment for holding State elections in the year in which Presidential elections occur.

Advance in Fares on the Railroads.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—At a meeting of passenger agents held in this city to-day the following advances in passenger rates were determined on by the Trunk lines: New York to Cleveland, $8 to $11; Toledo, $10 to $13 50; Detroit, $10 to $12; Chicago, $13 to $18; St. Louis, $17 to $23.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—The trunk line of managers announce the following rates, to go into effect to-morrow: From Chicago to New York, $18; from St. Louis to New York, $22; to Boston, one dollar more than to New York, and to Philadelphia, $1 50 less. This is an increase of $5. From Chicago to Buffalo rates advance to $12,—former fare was $10. The new rates are for limited tickets, which shows the advance is but temporary, and that another is expected.

Gold and Stocks.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Gold closed 107¼; money, 4@7; govts, dull and steady; stocks, active and strong; greenbacks, 93¼; gold and silver coin, 3¼ premium.

Mail [illegible].

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Three former employes of Dodd's Express Co. were arrested to-day charged with cutting mail bags and abstracting letters.

The Course of True Love, Etc.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The *Commercial Advertiser* says [illegible] to whom James Gordon Bennett was engaged, but which was broken off, met Bennett this afternoon [illegible], striking him on the head, and [illegible] him so that he fell. He recovered [illegible], wrested the club from May, and [illegible] then took place between them and [illegible] May some very heavy blows. [illegible] were finally separated. Neither party much injured.

Coroner's Inquest.

ASHTABULA, Jan 3.—By the finding of papers and [illegible] among the debris to-day, the following named persons were known to have been on the wrecked train: Miss Clara N. Smith, Rondout, N. Y.; Miss Maria Ann Smith, Rondout, N. Y.; [illegible] W. Sm[illegible], Toronto. There was also identified among the bodies at the freight house Mrs. E. [illegible], Chippewa, Ont. The only relics found to-day, besides those mentioned, were some pocket knives. It is probable to-morrow will finish clearing away the wreck and search [illegible] the ruins. [illegible] Number of passengers on train, [illegible]; number of employes on train, 9; total, 1[illegible]7; rescued passengers, [illegible]; employes, 8; total, 72. Died since—passengers, 3; employes, 1; total, 4. Names of unknown rescued, 52; lost, 7; unaccounted for, 52.

[illegible]

NEW YORK, Jan. [illegible]—[illegible], the celebrated [illegible], died to-day.

[illegible]

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—[illegible] M. W. Brody [illegible] to-day [illegible].

Guilty of Violating the Ordinances.

NEWARK, Jan. 3.—The presbytery to-day, by a vote of 16 to 1, found Rev. Mr. Lee guilty of violating the ordinances by allowing a woman to preach in his pulpit.

Death Penalty.

YANKTON, Jan. 3.—In the U. S. court to-day, John McCall, the convicted murderer of Wild Bill, was sentenced by Chief Justice Shannon to be hanged March 1st. He will carry the case to the supreme court. The only ground of defense is that he was intoxicated so as to be unconscious of the act.

[illegible]

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 3.—The assembly met to-day. [illegible] D. Walker temporary chairman.

Michigan Legislature.

DETROIT, Jan. 3.—Both Houses of the legislature met at noon to-day [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] excellent [illegible]. There has been no such fall of snow since 1857.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—The snow storm throughout the Eastern States is the heaviest for several years.

Money Values.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The secretary of the Treasury has issued a circular exhibiting the values of U. S. money of pure gold or silver representing monetary units and standard coins of foreign countries, in compliance with the act of March 3, 1873, [illegible] to be taken on the 1st of January.

An Attorney in a Felon's Cell.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Assistant District Attorney Charles [illegible], recently convicted of [illegible], was sentenced to-day to 11 months in the common jail.

West Point Appropriation Cut Down.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—House committee on appropriations this afternoon completed the military academy bill, appropriating $35,000 less than [illegible] in professors' longevity [illegible].

A Proposition as to the Surplus of Alabama Claims Money.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—The President's idea of disposing of the surplus of the Geneva award is as follows: He contemplates sending a message to Congress in a few days suggesting the propriety of investing this money in securities of the United States, and devoting the interest of it to the payment of subsidies to American shipbuilders with a view of restoring American commerce to the position which it held previous to the war, and depredations upon it by cruisers fitted out in British ports. He thinks if this plan is adopted a stimulus will be given to American shipbuilding, and that in less than five years the carrying trade of the United States will in great measure be restored to American bottoms. Grant doesn't favor the restoration of any part of the Geneva award to the British government, as he believes it would be unwise for the future success of the policy of settling international disputes by arbitration. He thinks, however, some of the claims presented for payment out of the indemnity fund which have been rejected under the act of Congress creating the court of Alabama claims and limiting its jurisdiction, are included within the purport of the award of the Geneva tribunal, before which he does not think the question whether vessels and cargoes captured or destroyed were insured or not was considered, nor whether insurance companies which had suffered loss, had been reimbursed by collection of war premiums. He thinks therefore, that he might favor a portion of the claims disallowed by the court, should be arranged for, and favors the continuation of the court for a limited time, with authority to take jurisdiction of the class of claims referred to. But he demands that judgments be such as to make them cover actual cases, and he would deduct from the amount paid by insurance companies to owners of vessels and cargoes the extra amount they received on account of the unusual hazardous character of war risks. After all such claims as these are paid, he believes there would still remain a large balance, which he would invest in the way and for the purpose named.

The Senate to-day, on recommendation of claims committee, rejected the claim of Macondray & Co., Thos. H. Hathaway and other San Francisco merchants, for losses sustained by them [illegible] years ago, by the falling of Union street bonded warehouse, where their goods were stored.

The Inter-Oceanic Canal.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The President, speaking of the Nicaragua ship canal, says he has always been greatly interested in the opening of [illegible]. He says he is perfectly familiar with the Nicaragua route and [illegible] himself testify to its practicability; [illegible]

[illegible]

NEW MARKET THEATRE.

Return of the Favorites

Grand English [illegible] Opera Company.

SATURDAY [illegible]

GRAND DUCHESS

A. P. [illegible]

P. HOTLING & CO.

J. H. CUTTER

Old Bourbon Whiskey

HART & JORGENSEN,

CHAS. REBSTOCK & CO.,

AMERICA'S FINEST WHISKIES,

Stonewall Old Fashion Copper Whisky,

Importers of Foreign Wines and Liquors.

SONOMA VINEYARD.

KING & CHASE,

Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds

CONVEYANCERS.

REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENTS.

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 4, 1877.

NEXT MONDAY'S CONCLAVES.

Measures have been taken in several of the States, by the Democratic leaders, to celebrate the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans—next Monday—by getting together conclaves of Democratic politicians at various places, and holding secret council on the situation, and presumably to see what mischief they can devise. This inference of mischievous purpose we deem justifiable, in view of the fact that the day on which their conclaves are to be held is not a party day, but a national day, the event commemorated being one of peculiar national pride, and having been heretofore celebrated without party distinction when celebrated at all. Why the Democrats should have deemed it necessary to call away their entire party from all national demonstrations on that day, and to summon them into partisan and exclusive meetings, it is not easy to perceive, if there is nothing on foot but a general display of patriotic feeling in memory of the defeat of Packenham's army by Jackson. The exclusiveness of these meetings, together with the peculiar and delicate situation of affairs in the political field just at this time, and the fact that the past history of the party is suggestive of dangerous possibilities in its future purposes, cause no little anxious speculation concerning the result of these communings of the faithful.

In the preliminary meetings, especially that in Indiana, at which the conference for next Monday was arranged, there was such an amount of loud and loose talk about the imperative necessity of having Tilden declared elected and inducted into the office of President, in the face of the fact that the returns showed that Hayes had a majority, as to affect the nerves of people who desire to have no more war in this country. We trust the leaders may have come since that meeting to a clearer appreciation of the sentiments of the people at large on that subject, and that they will be held back by that appreciation from endeavoring to precipitate the conflict which they seemed at that time. But be that as it may, we feel assured the hot-heads of the party will be unable to accomplish much beyond, possibly, stirring up local disorder in a few places where the irresponsible and reckless classes are most numerous.

THE LAW OF LAWYERS.

And now comes one of the participants in the Ashland meeting whose resolutions touching the electoral vote of Oregon were published in the OREGONIAN, and files a rejoinder to our remarks on the second of those resolutions, in which, in order to justify that resolution, he adopts a course of reasoning which leads inevitably to the conclusion that in almost every case tried in the courts of justice the lawyers on one side or the other, by appearing in the case, prove themselves unworthy of recognition as honorable men. His proposition, boiled down, is, that whenever a lawyer defends a guilty man, or takes an incorrect view of the law—or a view which a large number of people think is incorrect—he thereby shows himself a dishonest man, and should be discountenanced ever afterwards. This, we say, is the inevitable result of his logic; for, says he, no lawyer has a moral right to be on the wrong side of a case. Now, almost every case has a wrong side, as the decision of the courts, which is the final test, proves; ergo, the losing lawyer is a scamp. Any attorney who attempts the defense of a man who, at last, is proven guilty of murder, is himself particeps criminis, and should be hung along with the murderer! The defense of Tweed by Hon. David Dudley Field is cited by the writer of this rejoinder, as an instance wherein that eminent barrister made himself infamous by being employed to defend a scoundrel, and Bowles, of the Springfield *Republican*, is referred to as the person who [illegible] the country by exposing Field's scoundrelism. The reference shows how little the writer knows of the facts in the premises. Bowles never intimated it was wrong for Field to defend Tweed. This he had altogether too much sense to urge. His charge was, that in the conduct of the defense Field had used dishonorable means—a charge, by the way, which was never sustained by evidence, and which the Bar Association of New York, after a thorough investigation, declared to be without foundation. Field had the moral right to claim for Tweed every benefit of the law. Every lawyer has the moral right to do that in every case he is engaged in, and no lawyer can honorably do more in any case.

We are much obliged to the writer for the compliment he pays us when he cites our opinion as conclusive against the right of the Governor and Secretary of State to adjudicate the question of Watts' ineligibility. That is, and has been from the first, our opinion of the matter; but we recognize the right of others to urge their views before any tribunal in the world, though their views may be antagonistic to ours. We leave it for our too partial friend at Ashland to become indignant at those who differ from us.

THE RIGHT SORT OF CHRISTIAN WORK.

The Bowery Branch Young Men's Christian Association, of New York city, was established in May, 1872, under the joint auspices of the New York City Mission and Young Men's Christian Association, for the purpose of reaching the male portion of the floating population of the city. The effort has proved of great advantage to this class. At first it was not thought necessary to have any provision for relieving destitute cases, but it became apparent, before the close of the first winter, that some effort must be made for meeting the pressing needs of the many homeless, destitute men who frequented the rooms and attended the services. The result was that soon they provided a dormitory, bath, lavatory, eating-room and employment office. This makes the place really a home for the homeless, where everything possible is done to awaken fresh hope and energy, and to lead back to the right those who have erred. By these various agencies the following results have been reached during the time from May, 1872, to December, 1876: Number of free meals, 201,200; free lodgings, 34,212; free baths, 8,876; garments given, 1,532; different men aided, 14,000; provided with employment, 2,327; aggregate attendance at the religious services, 227,639.

The employment office is a novelty. It is conducted on this plan: any unemployed man can register his name, and have his references examined. If the result is satisfactory, a certificate is given, and the references are open to the examination of any employer who presents the certificate of an employe registered on the books. When an employer enters an application for an employe he deposits one dollar as a fee; the man he engages returns one-half of the fee. Thus it is made co-operative, the expenses being equally borne by the two classes. During the past year it has been more difficult than any other time to procure situations for men. Yearly reunions have been held by men they have aided in these various ways. The chapel has always been crowded, and the evening service of thanksgiving and praise has on these occasions been of unusual interest.

The Porte is still obstinate, and there are vague rumors and surmises that Turkey is not without backing in her refusal to accede to the terms of settlement prepared by the plenary conference. Austria is the party to which these rumors and surmises direct attention, as the stay of the Musselman Empire. Hitherto Austria has taken no prominent part in the question, and it has been supposed the only two powers really concerned in it to any considerable degree were England and Russia. Late events have, however, lent color of probability to the conjecture that the antagonism of these two nations had been reconciled, and that while England was desirous of giving the impression that her ancient policy touching Russian encroachments was to be maintained, she had really no objections to offer to the plans of Russia, but simply stood by to see that she got her own share in the spoils. This conjecture may or may not be conjecture only. With Austria it is easy to see that the encroachments of Russia must cause uneasiness. Her own eastern frontier is seriously involved in any change of the map of Eastern Europe. Russian occupation of Bulgaria and Servia means Russian control of the south bank of the Danube, Austria's great river, for three hundred miles up from its mouth, and it means Russia's control along the north side of the stream for two hundred miles from its mouth for Moldavia and Wallachia would inevitably follow the fate of Servia and Bulgaria. This would complete the ascendency of Russia in Eastern Europe, and form a cordon of Russian possessions around the entire eastern and a large part of the southern boundary of Austria.

It is announced that Tweed is broken down and dispirited, and it is supposed he will not only disgorge all the ill-gotten gains of his official corruption, but give away his pals by making a clean breast of everything connected with the doings of the thieving ring of which he was the leader. It would really be too bad for him to put in his story, to prejudice the cause of the Democrats in the pending struggle for the Presidency. But then Tilden should have been more observant of the honor that is said to exist among Tweed's class, and not give Tweed away, if he did not want to be peached upon.

Mr. William Watson, well known to stock men in Oregon from the position he held for some time as manager on the fine stock farm of S. G. Reed, Esq., at Reedville, is now in charge of Albert Crane's establishment, known as Durham Park, in Marion county, Kansas. The stock at Durham Park embraces a large number of the best blooded shorthorns ever imported into America, and the catalogue of the farm makes a pamphlet of 90 pages.

Some curious person has been hunting up the record of the statesmen on the subject of counting the votes, and has made known the discovery that Hendricks, in 1869, declared in the Senate that there is no constitutional power to go behind the returns of State officers, and that in more than one speech in the Senate in 1873, Conkling took the same ground.

Still the work of investigating the Louisiana election goes on, the committees of Congress evidently collecting material for majority and minority reports in both houses. When these reports are in the matter will be just as much shrouded in uncertainty as it is now, or as it was the day the returning board announced their decision.

THE OREGON PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT

The following is an extract from the Centennial address at Philadelphia, Sept. 3, 1876, by Elwood Evans, of Washington Territory:

In 1841, the death of a prominent settler, leaving estate, suggested the necessity of law, of governmental organization. It was attempted at that time but proved abortive. In 1843 another effort was made, with partial success. In 1845 the settlers were sufficiently numerous to demand and insure an efficient government "by the people and for the people." A fundamental code had been adopted in July 1843—it was revised and adopted by a vote of the people in July 1845. The Oregon Pioneers called it a Provisional Government, to endure "until such time as the United States of America extend their protection over us." It extended over the whole of Oregon, up to 54° 40'. It scrupulously regarded the rights of British subjects under the convention of 1827, permitting the British officeholder in his oath of office to save allegiance to the British crown, exacting from the American functionary the oath to support the Federal Constitution. Its laws were wise and humane—trial by jury, freedom of conscience, the habeas corpus were all embalmed in its organic act. The will of the majority was declared supreme and above all it dedicated to Freedom all of Oregon, stamping upon its virgin soil the hallowed principle: "There shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude in said Territory, otherwise than for the punishment of crimes, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted."

MARRIED.

In Elkton, Douglas county, Dec. 11, at the residence of Robert Haney, by Justice Langdon, Mr. Darus Wells and Miss Julia Haney.

DIED.

In Sonoma, Cal., Dec. 15, at the residence of her father, Mrs. Sarah A. Crawford, late of East Portland, aged 35 years and 8 days.

NEW TO-DAY.

Multnomah Engine Co. No. 2.—Regular Meeting this (Thursday) evening at 7 o'clock.
B. L. NORDEN, Sec'y.

Willamette Engine Co. No. 1.—Regular meeting this Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.
M. F. SPENCER, Sec'y.

Protection Engine Co. No. 4.—Regular meeting this (Thursday) evening at 7½ o'clock.
ROBT. HOLMAN, Sec'y.

Attention, Washington Guard.—Regular Monthly meeting this Thursday evening at 7½ o'clock.
By order. H. COOKE, Captain.
JOHN FARROW, O. S.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.

On motion of Wright, the Union Pacific railroad bill was considered. It refers to the value of the central branch of the Union Pacific for lands and bonds for the construction of its road in each hundred miles from the Missouri river.

After the morning hour Merton, from the elections committee, reported that Turner, manager of the W. U. Telegraph office at Jacksonville, Oregon, had refused to answer certain questions, claiming that he could not divulge the company's business. A resolution declaring Turner is in duty bound to answer the question, and can't refuse to for the reason given, was ordered printed.

Booth submitted a resolution requesting the Secretary of the Interior to communicate to the Senate the last annual report of the Pacific Railroad; agreed to.

Chair laid before the Senate unfinished business, being a bill introduced yesterday by Ingalls, to enable the Central Branch of the Union Pacific Railroad Company to submit their claims against the United States under existing laws to the decision of the supreme court. The bill was read second time and laid on the table, at the request of Ingalls.

Wright moved that all further orders be laid aside and Senate proceed with the consideration of the bill declaring the true intent and meaning of the Union Pacific acts.

Boutwell said the object of this bill was to declare the true interpretation of the statute passed sixteen years ago. There were more important matters requiring the attention of the Senate. If this statute was to be interpreted, the courts should do it. He opposed the motion of Wright, to proceed with the consideration of the bill.

Further discussion of the motion of Wright was agreed to—yeas 31, nays 6.

Sherman said he had examined into the whole subject years ago and had come to the conclusion that the company had no claim against the United States. There were various interests involved and it should not be considered with a thin Senate.

Conkling said this bill was an old customer. It had been here a good many years, and he thought it best to dispose of it now, otherwise the government might become entangled in further annoyance on account of this road.

Ingalls said the company couldn't be deprived of vested rights by any act of legislation, as proposed by this bill. The company has not asked legislation, but desired to have questions submitted to the courts.

Edmunds said the committee on judiciary had come to the conclusion the company was not entitled to receive any bonds or subsidies further than it had already received. He argued that the claim would not have status in any judicial court of the United States. The subject was one for legislative action. It had been the case several times that when Congress turned back and went home to get a little breathing spell some Assistant Attorney-General or some Assistant Secretary of the Interior, on account of some new brief, saw his way clear to get ready to put out more bonds and lands to this railway company. It was no way to do business, and he desired to put an end to this everlasting tinkering with claims to get through doubtful claims in the absence of Congress.

Ingalls argued that the statutes under which the road was organized authorized the Secretary of the Interior and the Attorney General to determine every question now before the Senate. The company, in applying for subsidy for debts named, did just what the statutes required. There were 20 or 30 Senators now present out of the Senate composed of 75 members. Was it right that this small number should decide upon the rights of this company. He contended the company had accepted entirely within the meaning of the statutes, and had made no application to any officer for subsidy to whom they were not authorized to apply.

Edmunds said he remembered the time when somebody, professing to be connected with this company, hinted that it would be a good thing for him (Edmunds) to take up sections of land in the neighborhood of that railroad. He would hardly believe that officers of the company would attempt to bribe Senators, and must therefore think that the person who made the hint to him was a bummer.

Ingalls said, so far as he knew, the company never attempted to enforce anything but its legal rights, and in a manner which it believed to be perfectly legitimate.

Pending discussion, adjourned.

House.

Bright asked leave to introduce a bill for the free coinage of silver dollars, for making the same a legal tender, and refer it to the mining committee. It provides for the coinage from time to time of the silver dollar containing 412½ grains, and that no charge be made for converting standard silver bullion into coin dollars.

Hewitt objected.

Wilson offered a resolution requesting the railroad committee to report whether it is expedient to provide for the appointment of a national board of engineers to supervise the construction of inter-State railways so far as safety to travelers is concerned; referred.

Knott presented the judiciary committee report on the admission of Belford, Colorado Representative, with resolution declaring Colorado is a State, and Belford should be admitted. Hurd presenting minority report recommending the passage of acts of Congress admitting Colorado; reports recommitted.

Hunter introduced a bill for the election of officers, and to prevent elections frauds; referred.

Durham from the committee on expenditures in the department of justice, reported a bill fixing fees of U. S. district and circuit court clerks and marshals. It fixes marshals pay at not over $5,000 yearly, and deputies not over $5 daily when actually employed, or $1,200 per annum.

The Speaker appointed McDill on the committee on rights, duties and privileges of the House on the electoral count vice Monroe, excused.

Adjourned.

NEW TO-DAY.

Hosiery, All Wool and Cotton, and a new supply of Corsets, just received at 107 Third street, by JOHN WILSON.

DR. WILSON'S

OFFICE, REMOVED TO HIS NEW ROOMS AT his residence, B and Fourth streets, entrance on B street.

DANCING ACADEMY,
Brick Building,
Corner of Morrison and Second Streets,
Entrance on Second.
Classes—Monday and Thursday Evenings.
Children's Class—Saturday at 2 o'clock.
GOOD TEACHERS AND GOOD MUSIC.

BRITISH SHIP "LOCH FLEET."

ALL CLAIMS AGAINST THE ABOVE NAMED vessel must be presented in duplicate at the office of the undersigned consignees before 1 P. M. Friday, 5th inst., or they will not be allowed.
2t HENRY HEWETT & CO.

BR. BARQUE "ALICE DAVIES."

ALL CLAIMS AGAINST THE ABOVE NAMED vessel must be presented in duplicate at the office of the undersigned consignees, before 1 P. M. Friday, 5th inst., or they will not be allowed.
2t HENRY HEWETT & CO.

LOST,

CHECK No. 16 8, DATED JANUARY 2, 1877, ON Ladd & Tilton, for Two Hundred Dollars, ($200) and signed by Adolph A. Cohn, payable to Spaulding Bros. or order. Payment on it has been stopped. The finder will please leave it either at Spaulding Bros., Central Market, or at A. A. Cohn's Front street. jad3 SPAULDING BROS.

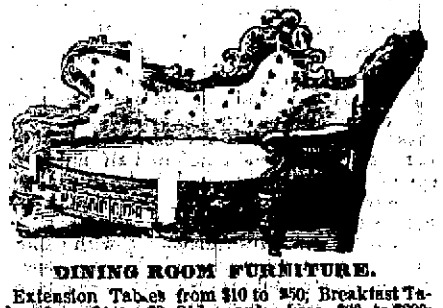
DR. WM. KOEHLER,

Dentist,

DEUTSCHER ZAHNARZT,
(Established 1862.)
DENTAL ROOMS—First street, bet. Morrison and Yamhill, Monnastes' Block, Portland, O. jad1m

Oregon Furniture M'f'ing Co.

COR. FIRST AND YAMHILL STS.



DINING ROOM FURNITURE.

Extension Tables from $10 to $50; Breakfast Tables from $4 to $8; Sideboards from $20 to $200; Chairs from 75cts to $20. We make a specialty of Ash Dining Room Furniture. No Eastern Ash or Oak can compare with this class of woods grown in this State. Everybody is kindly invited to our Warerooms to see for themselves.
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Wall Paper, Rugs.

Christmas Goods!

Extra Fine Table Raisins.
Nuts.
Currants and Citron.

For sale by
HACHENEY & STEMME,
Dealers in First Class Groceries,
Corner Taylor and First sts.

HODGE, SNELL & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
HODGE, CALEF & CO.
DEALERS IN OILS, PAINTS, WINDOW GLASS &c.
NOS. 75 FRONT & 76 FIRST STS.
PORTLAND, OREGON.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MARKET THEATER.

J. AL. SAWTELLE.................Lessee and Manager

THURSDAY EVENING, JAN. 4, 1877,

Last appearance in this Theater of the young and talented Artiste,

MISS ANNIE FIRMIN!

and

MR. JOHN JACK.

On which occasion (by request) will be presented the great Drama of

NEW MAGDALEN

MERCY MERRICK...........Miss ANNIE FIRMIN
JULIAN GRAY...........MR. JOHN JACK

Friday Evening, at Oro Fino Theater.

LADY OF LYONS!

SATURDAY MATINEE—AT 2 O'CLOCK

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN!

PRICES AS USUAL.

Reserved seats can be obtained at Morse's Palace of Art, First street, without extra charge.

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING.

REMOVAL.

FISHEL & ROBERTS

HAVE REMOVED TO THEIR

NEW & ELEGANT STORE

Cor. First and Alder Sts.,

Where they will be pleased to see their old and new customers.

THE

STOCK OF CLOTHING

IS

New, Elegant and Stylish.

OUR

Merchant Tailoring DEPARTMENT

Is supplied with the best and latest Styles of

ENGLISH GOODS.

AND, OUR NEW FEATURE,

HATS,

Are the latest Importation.

We guarantee to sell our Stock

LOWER THAN EVER,

and shall aim to please our customers in every particular.

Advise your friends to visit the San Francisco Clothing Store, the Largest Store in the City, and the best Assortment.

CAPE ANN OIL CLOTHING.

H. WOLF is the Sole Agent for the

STAR OIL CLOTHING,

Which is far superior to any in the market. Look out you get the "Star Brand" which he imports direct, and sells cheaper than the San Francisco trash. All my Goods warranted.
H. WOLF,
Sole Agent Cape Ann Clothing.

HARRY WOLF,

Importer and Dealer in the Latest Styles of

Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes,

Hats, Caps, Blankets, Trunks & Valises.
MANUFACTURE ALL OUR FLANNEL GOODS.
ALL KINDS OF RUBBER GOODS.
The only Agency on this Coast of the
GENUINE CAPE ANN OIL SKINS.
89 and 91 Front st., bet. Washington and Alder.
GOODS SOLD AT A VERY LOW RATE.

BARBOUR'S THREAD,

Cotton Seine Twine and Rope

SUITABLE FOR SALMON NETS.

PAGE'S OARS,

Anchors, Tar, Pitch, Oakum, Tackle Blocks, Cordage,

And all kinds of

Boat Builders' Material,

AT LOWEST RATES.

NORTHRUP & THOMPSON,

131 Front st., Portland, Or.

RUMMELIN & GUTH,

56 First Street, between Stark and Oak,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FURS.

Offer a Complete Stock of

Ladies', Misses' and Gentlemen's Furs,

In great variety from the costly RUSSIA SABLE down to the cheap French Coney.

An Extra Fine Quality of

SEAL & MINK SACQUES.

A Large Assortment of

FUR TRIMMINGS.

A Fine Lot of

BUGGY AND BUFFALO ROBES.

Every Article Guaranteed.

All of which will be sold at extremely LOW PRICES. o24d3m2p

Eastern and Shoalwater Bay Oysters,

IN EVERY STYLE.

AT

ALISKY & HEGELE'S

Premium Candy Factory,
No. 105 FIRST STREET.

DR. J. B. PILKINGTON,
OCULIST AND AURIST,
Office, Dekum's Block.

Diseases of the EYE, EAR, THROAT and NOSE (particularly Chronic Nasal Catarrh) treated as specialties.

Prescriptions for the proper spectacles for relief of long, short or weak vision.

A fine stock of Artificial Eyes kept.

NOTICE.

MR. B. GOLDSMITH HAS THIS DAY WITHdrawn from the firm of L. Goldsmith & Co. The business will be continued as before under the old firm name of L. GOLDSMITH & CO., by
L. GOLDSMITH, New York.
M. GOLDSMITH, Portland.
S. REDLICH, do.
L. GOLDSMITH & CO.
Portland, January 1, 1877. jad3t

LOST.

GOING FROM ST. CHARLES HOTEL TO THE New Market Theater, on New Year's evening, a MINK BOA. The finder will be rewarded by leaving at the Hotel or at this office. 2t

J. H. FISK,

ASSAYER AND METALLURGIST,

No. 20 Stark Street,

ANALYSIS OF ALL KINDS OF ORES AND Metals. Prompt attention paid to orders from all parts of the country.
Highest price paid for Gold Dust and Gold Bars.

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

NEW HOLIDAY GOODS

Articles suitable for Christmas Presents in Immense Variety, from an Initial Letter Handkerchief, TO AN

ELEGANT BLACK SILK DRESS.

In order to REDUCE OUR STOCK before the end of the year we have determined to

LOWER THE PRICES

for the next three weeks so that every one will have an opportunity to invest to advantage.

Per "Elder" we received 3000 yards

[illegible]

to be sold at 37½ cents per yard, by far the best in value we have ever sold.

For the convenience of our customers we will keep in future the

DOMESTIC PAPER PATTERNS,

a large Stock of which we have received this week.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

JUST RECEIVED

AT

J. F. D. WRINKLE & CO.'S

NEW

[illegible]

Corner Salmon and First Streets.

A LARGE STOCK OF

DRESS GOODS.

In all the New Shades, a 25c per yd. and upwards.

FINE FRENCH BLACK CASHMERES, 40 in. wide, $1 per yd.

FINE FRENCH COLORED CASHMERES, in all the new shades, at reduced rates.

BLACK ALPACAS, 35c per yd. and upwards.

BLACK and COLORED EMPRESS CLOTHS.

A full Stock of Bleached and Brown SHEETINGS, in all widths.

COTTON and WOOL FLANNELS, at prices below competition.

WATERPROOF, in Plaids and Plain colors, 75c to $1.25 per yd.

FELT SKIRTS, $1 and upwards.

COTTON and WOOL HOSIERY, all qualities.

A good quality Two-Button KID GLOVE, $1 00 per pair.

Best quality French Two-Button KID GLOVE, $1 50 per pair.

1000 Articles of FANCY GOODS, too numerous to mention.

Ladies' and Gents' FURNISHING GOODS, all prices.

We guarantee our Goods to be just as represented and we DEFY COMPETITION.

J. F. D. WRINKLE & CO.,
Cor. First and Salmon sts.

REMOVAL.

MRS. CHAS. TICHNOR'S

Novelty and Fancy Goods Store

TO 136 FIRST STREET,
Between Morrison and Yamhill.

READ OUR PRICE LIST:

Ladies' Merino Vest and Drawers from 75 cts. upwards.

Woolen Jackets $1 00 and upwards.

Children's do, 75 cents.

Corsets, from 50c to $5 00.

Ladies' Muslin Underwear, Aprons, Spanish Lace Barbes, Cardinal Ties,

and everything else in the Fancy Goods line sold at reduced rates.

N. B.—MASQUERADE COSTUMES for rent cheap, and all kinds of MASKS for sale.

P. van FRIDAGH,

Dry Goods, Millinery, Notions.

A Complete Stock in Every Department of

Fall and Winter Styles

LADIES', GENTLEMEN'S & CHILDREN'S UNDERCLOTHING.

THE WILLAMETTE Transportation & Locks Co.'s

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER JANUARY 1, 1877, until further notice, the W. T. & L. Co. will carry Freight at

REDUCED RATES.

UP FREIGHT.
PORTLAND TO SALEM.....................$1 00 per Ton.
" " Points above Salem 1 50

For SPECIAL RATES on DOWN FREIGHT apply at the Office of the Company.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

FINE WINES.

A SPLENDID LOT OF IMPORTED

GERMAN AND FRENCH WINES,

Just opened and for sale.

C. A. BURCHARDT,
d23d2w 35 Washington street.

H. R. LITTLEFIELD, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon
PORTLAND, OREGON.

Office—Rooms Nos. 1 and 3, Strowbridge Building, Corner First and Alder streets.
Residence, corner Seventh and College streets.
Office Hours, 9 to 12 A. M., and 2 to 5 and 6 to 8 P. M.

STOCKHOLDER'S MEETING.

THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Willamette Iron Works will be held at the office of the Company on Monday, Jan. 8th, 1877, at 10 o'clock, A. M.
td R. B. THOMPSON, President.

COLVILLE FARINA,

FRESH FROM THE MILLS, FOR SALE IN lots to suit, by
d18d1m ALLEN & LEWIS.

WANTS.

WANTED.

TO BORROW, $1,500 AT [illegible] PER CENT. GOOD Real Estate security [illegible]. Address L. L., Oregonian Office.

WANTED.

A SITUATION AS ASSISTANT HOUSEKEEPER and Seamstress. [illegible] "C," Oregonian office.

MEN AND WOMEN MAKE FROM $5 to $15 per day selling our beautiful and popular OIL CHROMOS. If you want to make money do not fail to send $5 for our portfolio containing 22 large and quick selling chromos. Largest variety in the world. F. MUNSON, man'r, N. W. corner Kearny and Geary sts., San Francisco. d12d1m&wimaldly

WANTED.

2,000 TWO THOUSAND DRESSED HOGS of the best Grain Fed, heavy and light, for which the highest Market Price will be paid, in large or small lots, delivered at the Pork House of
HARVEY & SAYRE,
Portland, Nov. 8 1876. 180 Main street.

TO LET.

FOR RENT.

G. W. VAUGHN'S RESIDENCE, FURNISHED complete, with piano. Beautiful grounds surrounding the residence. Rent low. See DeLASHMUTT & OATMAN.

FOR RENT.

SIX SUITS OF HANDSOMELY FINISHED ROOMS ON the corner of Front and Washington streets, in Fire-proof building, from six to eight dollars per month, suitable for offices or private rooms. See DeLASHMUTT & OATMAN.
d9dim

TO RENT.

FIRST-CLASS ROOMS TO RENT BY THE DAY or week, with the accommodation of the Parlors. Cor. Front and Ash sts.

A HOUSE TO RENT,

CORNER OF THIRD AND MARKET STREETS. Enquire at "TOM THUMB HOUSE," or to L. PARRISH, House Agent.

TO SELL.

SALOON FOR SALE.

ON A PROMINENT CORNER OF FIRST ST. Will be sold reasonably if applied for soon. Enquire at E. MARTIN & CO.'S.

FOR SALE.

BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED CITY LOTS, ON easy terms, in Carruthers' Addition, on line of street car railway, all graded and sidewalked. Corner lots, $[illegible]; inside lots, $450. Terms, one-fourth down, balance in one, two and three years, at one per cent per month. ASTELL & PAGE, Portland.
d28d1m

FOR SALE.

THE STORE AND DWELLING, NOW OCCUPIED by J. Cook, at Freeport, Cowlitz county, W. T., together with the stock and fixtures. A person with small capital can do a safe and profitable business at this place. d&w1m

FARM FOR SALE.

SITUATED ON THE COLUMBIA RIVER, TWO miles below Switzler's landing, opposite Vancouver, and only 7 miles from Portland. The Farm consists of 254 acres, part in cultivation and is a good stock range, besides an excellent meadow. On the Farm are a dwelling and barn, [illegible] in good condition. Also good water. The stock includes 26 head of milch cows, good work horses, sheep and hogs, in addition to farming utensils complete. Will be sold at a reasonable figure. Apply on the premises. [illegible] WM. STEPHENS.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

IN LEWIS COUNTY, W. T., ONE STORE BUILDing, Lot and Stock of Goods, Fay Shed and Stock in Warehouse, at Chehalis Station, N. P. R. R. County Seat of Lewis County, 120 acres of good Wild Bottom Land on Cowlitz river, very fast growth of timber. 120 acres of land 1¼ mile north of Chehalis station. For particulars use and enquire of Messrs. L. GOLDSMITH & CO., Portland, Ogn. or GEO. J. HOGG, Claquato, Lewis Co., W. T.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

REMOVED.

N. RODGERS HAS REMOVED TO HIS NEW Store on First Street, between Main and Madison, where he keeps a Good Stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's

BOOTS AND SHOES,

and intends to sell them at prices to suit the times. Owing to the light expenses I am under, enables me to sell Goods at very low rates.

DEFY COMPETITION.

I am also manufacturing Ladies' and Children's WORK to order, which I make a specialty, and will warrant a first class fit and a PERFECT FIT or no sale. Give me a call.

SUGARS & RICE.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM HONOLULU, ex "Jane A. Falkinburg,"

Three Thousand Kegs Sugars,

From the following Plantations:

Kohala, Haiku, Hamakua, And Hawaiian Mills.

Also, 500 bags of the best quality ISLAND RICE, which we offer in lots to suit.
d27p1m ALLEN & LEWIS.

CARDS, CARDS FOR SALE.

Counting House Stationery,

A LARGE STOCK,
At Reduced Rates.

CHAS. CHRISTELL & CO.,

77 FRONT STREET.
[illegible] 1m

AT AUCTION!

1 AMERICAN GRAY HORSE, good size, sound and a good driver, [illegible] years old.
ALSO
BUGGY and HARNESS.
Will be sold at
A. B. RICHARDSON'S
Salesroom,
On WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1877,
At 11 o'clock A. M.
Property of W. W[illegible]comb, to satisfy charges of
[illegible]
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

FOR HONOLULU—Direct.

THE CLIPPER BARKENTINE
JANE A. FALKINBURG.
L. N. HUBBARD.......................Master
Will have quick despatch. For Freight or Passage apply to
d27d ALLEN & LEWIS.

CAUTION.

TO ALL PERSONS WHO HAVE PURCHASED patent rights from L. L. Leonard, the patent No. 171,307 is on a [illegible] manufacturing process of Artificial Stone. The manufacturing of Mosaic Tiles belongs to another patent, which I exclusively own property and will prosecute to the extent of the law any parties manufacturing Mosaic Tiles, unless they have previously purchased my right. F. CHAPPELLET.
OAKLAND, Cal., Dec. 22, 1876. d30d1m

SKATES.

Ladies', Gents' and Boys' Skates

AT NORTHRUP & THOMPSON'S.
22d1m

R. SHELIG. F. ZIMMERMAN.
R. SHELIG & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
WINES AND LIQUORS!
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC CIGARS!
S. W. corner Second and Morrison streets.
Sole Agents for T. [illegible] Kentucky Bourbon.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

MEERSCHAUM PIPES AND CIGAR HOLDERS, Warranted Cutlery, Lowest Prices in town. Repairing done.
JOHN E. GEORGE,
First Street, between Salmon and Main.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

NOTICE.

THIS COMPANY HAVING ADOPTED A NEW system of checking baggage the old checks heretofore in use will not be recognized after this date.
S. G. REED, Vice Pres't.
Portland, Jan 1, 1877. jald6t

STOVES.

SOAP STONE STOVES.

A FEW OF THESE SUPERIOR STOVES, FOR sale by GEO. ABERNETHY,
2p Second st., bet. Salmon and Taylor.

COMMON COUNCIL.

REGULAR MEETING, JAN. 3, 1876.

A regular meeting of the common council was held last evening at 7 o'clock.

Present—Hon. J. A. Chapman, Mayor. Councilmen Andrus, Blumauer, Corbett Harrington, Lambert, Skidmore, Stemmes, Stephens, Wiley.

In attendance—W. S. Caldwell, auditor and clerk, J. H. Lappeus, chief of police, by Jos. Sloan.

CONFIRMATION.

The appointment of W. H. Adams as police judge, was confirmed.

PETITIONS.

The petition of P. G. Baker and others for the improvement of Clay street between Seventh and Eighth, was read and placed on file.

The petition of J. Rines & Co., for permission to construct a wharf in the rear of Richardson's auction store, was referred to the committee on landings and wharves.

The petition of P. W. Davis for a lease of the public levee, was laid on the table.

REPORTS.

The annual report of the auditor and clerk was read and referred to the committee on ways and means, and ordered published.

The quarterly report of the treasurer was read and referred to the committee on ways and means.

The yearly report of the city surveyor was read and referred to the committee on ways and means.

CLAIMS.

The following claims against the city were ordered paid:

Costelton & Gibson, $33 25; John Barrett, $108 85; W. Braden, $8 50; Zan, Bros. & Co., $5 85; Gutta Percha Manufacturing Co. $9 75; J. K. Gill & Co., $27 05; J. H. Butler, $20; D. W. Taylor, $150; W. T. Besser, $60; H. D. Graden, $62 25; A. Hamilton, $2 0 30; John Coste on, $510 55; R. Hendrie, $246 13; McCulloch & Martin, $5 5; W. Braden, $7 75; steamer *Geo. W. Elder*, $2 50; T. M. Temple, $5; Costellon & Gibson, $4; Ed. Graham, $4; F. Kruspe, $3; P. Sykes, $12.

ORDINANCES.

The following ordinances were passed:

An ordinance making appropriation out of the general fund for salaries.

An ordinance making appropriation out of the fire department fund.

An ordinance making appropriation out of the street lamp fund.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolutions were adopted authorizing the auditor and clerk to give notice that the common council propose to improve the following streets by putting in box and open gutters: Yamhill street, from Fifth to Eleventh; the intersection of Washington and Tenth streets; the intersection of Montgomery and First streets, and Clay street from Seventh to Eighth by laying sidewalks and crosswalks where necessary. Adjourned.

BRIEF NOTES.

Bal, and festival season.

Almost cold enough to snow.

No State Circuit Court until February.

Prospects for snow somewhat flattering.

Rather dull since the holidays are over.

Opera company Saturday afternoon and evening.

No U. S. District and Circuit Court before to-morrow.

Remember the railroad meeting next Saturday evening.

A cold eastern rain poured down yesterday without intermission.

Now is a good time to "brace up" and keep your good resolutions.

Tom and Jerry is still the favorite beverage with all who have not "sworn off."

Leap Year is a thing of the past, and all unmarried young ladies are not happy.

Regular meeting of the Father Mathew T. A. B. Society this evening. Annual election of officers.

James Turk was examined yesterday before U. S. Commissioner Wilcox, on a charge of selling liquor without a license.

Three bunko sharps attempted to "take in and do for" two cattle drovers. They were effectually foiled in their little game.

We regret to announce that Mr. B. L. Norden, deputy sheriff of this county, is confined at his home with a severe attack of the putrid sore throat.

Two large bells arrived on the steamer yesterday morning. They are consigned to Bishop Morris, and are doubtless intended for church bells.

A MERITED COMPLIMENT.

At the time Mr. W. A. Hart was presented with a gold badge at Columbian engine house, New Year's evening, J. W. Whalley, Esq., who was selected to make the presentation speech, delivered the following very neat and appropriate remarks:

Mr. Wm. A. Hart: Upon this festive occasion, when we are hailing the advent of 1877, and, with our friends, indulging in pleasant memories of the past and bright anticipations of the future, it is a fitting season for your friends in the Portland Fire Department to testify their appreciation of the valuable services which you have rendered during your term of office as First Assistant Engineer. To say that you were ever ready, steady and true, is to repeat what all concede. To tell how much your uniform cheerfulness of disposition, politeness of manner and impartiality of conduct have endeared you to your brother firemen would be impossible. Let then this token of regard which your department friends have commissioned me to deliver to you, testify better than mere words can our respect and esteem. The badge which I have just handed to you purports to be a recognition by your fellow-firemen of past services as First Assistant Engineer for the year ending December 31, 1876; but we trust you will see in it more than its inscription imports. Not only is it a tribute due to past service, but it is also an indication how, in the performance of that service you have merited and received the confidence and esteem of your associates. Prize it then not because of its intrinsic value, but on account of the spirit which prompts the gift. Long may you live to wear it, and long may the Portland Fire Department continue to receive the benefit of your exertions and your example.

THE COURTS.

COUNTY COURT—WOODWARD, J.—WOODWARD AND KELLY, COMMISSIONERS.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 3, 1876.

LAW.

Joseph Buchtel vs. Van B. DeLashmutt; verdict for plaintiff for $238.

W. B. Magers vs Tim Staples; order setting trial on Tuesday next, at 10 A. M.

South Portland Real Estate Association vs J. P. Cline and E. H. Garling; default set aside.

PROBATE.

In the matter of the estate of E. D. Backenstos deceased; order granting sale of real estate as prayed for.

COMMISSIONERS.

Application of Robert Uhlman and Edgar J. Maxwell for free tuition at the State University; granted.

LADIES' RELIEF SOCIETY.

The following is the treasurer's report for the month of December, 1876:

Balance from November report		$602 83
Received in December—		
From fines and dues	$ 21 75	
Monthly subscriptions	56 00	
Donations	6 50	
Board of children at The Home	10 00	
Rent of house	8 00—	101 75
		$704 58
DISBURSEMENTS.		
For expenses of "The Home"	$100 87	
For outside charities	11 50—	112 37
Balance in treasury		$592 21

Jewelry can be bought very low at B. L. Stone's, as he is about to remove.

Go to Kohn's for your clothing.

"When Freedom, from her mountain top
Unfurled her standard in the air,
She held Dr. Warner's Health Corset up
And cried, "Here's freedom for the fair."

I would I were—Oh! thrilling thought
Dr. Warner's Health Corset.
Neat and snug
I'd clasp thy trim and taper waist in one continual, everlasting,
Rapturous hug."

Send orders to B. L. Stone for fines and largest diamonds.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 1.—At Saturday's sitting of conference, after the Turks announced that their counter proposals were not ready, Count Shandardy, French plenipotentiary, addressed the conference, pointing out that the propositions of European representatives contained nothing contrary to the integrity of the Ottoman empire. Gen. Ignatieff declared that Russia had made every concession in order to arrive at an understanding. It was to Turkey's interest to accept the proposals of the powers. Lord Salisbury and the Austrian and Italian representatives expressed approval of these statements. Hopes of a peaceful solution continue. Plenipotentiaries appear disposed to make concessions in matters of detail. The Greek envoy has informed Sir H. G. Elliott that Greece will subordinate her Eastern policy to that of England. The Marquis of Salisbury has promised the Cretan delegate that he will consider the claims of the Cretes. It is stated that the Porte is willing to concede that the governors of the insurgent provinces shall be Christians. It is reported at Bucharest that in consequence of the prolongation of the armistice the Roumania army will be placed on a peace footing.

PERA, Jan. 2.—At the conference, Monday, the Turkish delegates declared they had no authority to discuss the question of international law commission, and the conference adjourned until Thursday. The Turkish cabinet council will deliberate upon the Porte's definite answer to the proposition of the powers.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 2.—The fourth sitting of the plenary conference was held to-day. The Marquis of Salisbury expressed the views of plenipotentiaries upon the Turkish counter proposals. The Turkish delegates enumerated points upon which they didn't consider they could negotiate. The plenipotentiaries asked if this declaration is tantamount to absolute refusal. The Turkish delegates replied, they must refer it to the Porte. The next session of the conference will be held Thursday, when the Porte will give a definite reply. The Marquis of Salisbury visited the Grand Vizier after the conference. The counter proposals of Turkey differ from the system agreed upon by the plenipotentiaries. It is stated Gen. Ignatieff, the Russian plenipotentiary, has declared he can not discuss Turkey's proposals, and is supported by the plenipotentiaries.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—The *Daily News* publishes a sensational dispatch from Constantinople representing that the proceedings in the conference on Saturday were stormy, and asserting that the European plenipotentiaries will refuse to discuss any project but the proposals of the conference, and if the Porte refuses to discuss these proposals, a European *ultimatum* will follow.

The *Times'* Vienna special says the condition of Grand Duke Nicholas is so critical that it is reported he will return to St. Petersburg as soon as he is able to travel. Gen. Kaufman is mentioned as his successor in command of the army in the South of Russia.

Gen. Tchernayeff has set out on his return to Servia. His reception at Kischeneff was not very cordial. He only saw Grand Duke Nicholas privately. He has been asked for an account of the money forwarded by Russian societies to Servia. This he has been unwilling or unable to give. Meantime, all money from Russia hereafter will be sent direct to the Servian treasury.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The *Daily Telegraph's* special from Pera, dated Sunday, says the Turkish counter propositions were sent to the plenipotentiaries late Saturday night. The Turks offer a system of administration very like that proposed by the powers, but ignore questions of a gend d'arme and international commission, and absolutely refuse to pardon Bulgarian prisoners. On the subject of the appointment of Governors to the approval of the powers they also reject, and the financial proposals, and suggest no guarantees. The European plenipotentiaries held an informal meeting Sunday to consider the counter proposals. The Russian, German, Austrian and French delegates remarked they could not act with the Porte, and seemed inclined to cut short the discussion. After Lord Salisbury stated his views they became calmer. Gen. Ignatief, however, read to the representatives a telegram from Prince Gortschakoff, directing him not to listen to any counter proposals whatever. It was finally arranged that the conference should present their original propositions again Monday. The correspondent says should the Turks persist in their refusal I understand all the ambassadors will quit Constantinople and leave their legations in charge of Charge d'Affairs. In confirmation of the foregoing, a Reuter dispatch, dated Pera, Monday, says to-day at the conference, the situation was very grave. The Porte resisted. There will be another sitting on Thursday.

Another dispatch from Pera to the *Daily Telegram* states at the Saturday's sitting of the conference, Gen. Ignatieff informed the Turks his instructions justified his saying Russia had absolutely reached the limit of concession.

The announcement of an issue of additional Turkish paper money has caused almost a panic in Constantinople. Many bankers and others have closed their shops, and there is much excitement and distress.

Ignatieff to Quit Turkey.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—A delayed dispatch from Constantinople, Dec. 29th, says: It was believed that at Saturday's sitting of the conference the European plenipotentiaries would make further concessions to the Porte, and by the agreement to be reached it was thought improbable that Gen. Ignatieff would remain in Constantinople as Russian ambassador after the conference. It was asserted that the Turkish government contemplates a fresh issue of paper money to the amount of three million Turkish pounds.

Servians Jubilant.

BELGRADE, Jan. 1.—The Servians are jubilant at the prolongation of the armistice. All warlike preparations have ceased. Militia which had started to the front has been recalled. Russians who have formed part of the garrison at Belgrade will be sent to Gladaha.

The Porte Obstinate and Plenipotentiaries Threaten to Quit Constantinople.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 2.—At Monday's sitting of the conference, the Turks, in addition to points already mentioned, refused to accept the proposal that the official language of each district should be that of the majority of the inhabitants thereof.

The Marquis of Salisbury addressed the conference with warmth, condemning the obstinacy of the Porte.

Although another sitting is appointed for Thursday, little hope of an understanding is entertained. The plenipotentiaries have intimated their intention, if the Porte persists in resisting the proposals of the powers, to quit Constantinople.

Gen. Ignatieff has asked Safoet Pasha for authorization for a Russian man-of-war to enter the Bosphorus to convey him home. Safoet has granted the authorization, and if efforts to effect an understanding fail Ignatieff will depart on Saturday.

Another telegram dated Constantinople, Tuesday evening, states that at an interview between Lord Salisbury and Midhat Pasha, after the sitting of the conference yesterday, the conversation became very animated in consequence of Salisbury's reproach, and the Grand Vizier declared he was ready to resign, as he could not agree to conditions incompatible with the independence and integrity of Turkey. Salisbury urged it was to the interest of Turkey to accept proposals of the powers. Midhat replied, that the Porte might make concessions upon some points, but would reject all which were contrary to the dignity of the empire. After this interview a cabinet council was held, and Midhat Pasha visited all the plenipotentiaries.

Count Chandeacy was to have audience with the Sultan to-day. A council of Turkish ministers will be held to-morrow to decide resolutions to be communicated to conference on Thursday.

Reports are confirmed that Ignatieff and Salisbury will quit Constantinople immediately if the Porte refuses the proposals of the powers. Military preparations are proceeding with activity, and the decent inhabitants of Phillipolis have commissioned their delegates in Constantinople to formally protest before the plenipotentiaries against the assimilation of the Greek population of Phillipolis with Bulgarians.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The *Standard's* dispatch from Belgrade reports that General Nikitine, on Monday, dismissed the Russian and foreign officers whom he had engaged, and with Dandeville, the Czar's adjutant, will soon return to Russia. The Russian soldiers who remain in Servia will be incorporated in the Servian army. The scupstchina will assemble immediately to vote a budget. The question of concluding peace with Turkey will probably be raised at the same time.

The *Standard's* Berlin dispatch says: It is reported from St. Petersburg that General Ignatieff has already re-embarked the archives of the embassy.

The *Daily News'* special from Constantinople says: Somebody is encouraging the Turks to resist. Some believe Austria is doing so secretly.

A Vienna dispatch states that Ignatieff voted for prolongation of the armistice on the understanding that it should apply only to Servia and Montenegro, and no hostilities carried on elsewhere should be considered in violation of the engagement.

A telegram from Pesth to the same journal reports that Gen. Nikitine has been recalled by order of the Czar, and that all Russian volunteers must leave Servia before Jan. 15th.

The *Daily Telegraph's* special from Pera gives additional details of what passed at the interview between Midhat Pasha and Lord Salisbury, showing that the language used was very emphatic. Midhat declared the Sultan would uphold his rights and put his trust in God.

The *Times'* correspondent at Paris, discussing the various rumors concerning the condition of the Russian army, says the truth is the army continues to be organized with great rapidity. The men are neither so frightened or so discouraged as they have been represented to be, and will be perfectly ready to take the field in two months, provided a capable General is placed at their head. The great complaint of Grand Duke Nicholas is inefficiency. The moderation of Russia is not caused by military weakness, but by a desire to throw the blame of provoking war on Turkey.

Possibility of a Crisis in Turkey.

VIENNA, Jan. 3.—*Politica Correspondence* prints a Constantinople telegram dated January 2, which says, in consequence of the great influence brought to bear, the agreement of the Turkish council is less complete than before. Midhat Pasha, Grand Vizier, threatens to resign, and there is a possibility of a ministerial crisis.

Well, the new year is now fairly begun, and every one has taken to a quiet business-like way. New leaves have been turned, and the most sensible one is to buy, in future, your clothing, etc., at the new store recently opened by Beck & Waldman, the pioneers.

For a splendid "lay out," interview Frank Fabre, Second street, near Morrison.

Silverware—one price—at B. L. Stone's.

Send your wife to Barnes Central Market.

Still a fine stock of jewelry at B. L. Stone's.

Captains and pilots will note the fact that Peter Wilhelm has fitted up two rooms for their especial use at the Fountain, corner Ash and First streets. English papers on file, and everything cosy.

For gent's fashionable clothing, go to Kohn's, corner First and Morrison streets.

Barnes, Central Market—at home.

Fresh supply. Those persons who were disappointed in procuring one of those beautiful Energy Hats, are informed that Meussdorffer has received a fresh supply, and can meet the wants of everybody.

Having purchased the interest of W. H. Andrus, Esq., in the Occidental Hotel, I will be happy to meet my friends in future at this house. THOMAS SMITH.

Make glad the "waist" by wearing Warner's Health Corset, the pride of every lady.

Dr. Halpruner is again able to be in his office from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Persons can have their corns treated as usual.

The end. The end of the year has come, the end of all things approacheth; there must come an end to an old hat; but, in the language of Meussdorffer so much the better. I can sell new ones cheap

Mrs. B. A. Owens, M.D., Office and residence, east side First street, between Yamhill and Taylor. Special attention given to Women and Children complaints. Also gives Medicated Vapor Baths, combined with Electricity, in treating Rheumatism and Chronic Diseases.

FINNEY'S HAVANA CIGAR STORE.

Opposite Strowbridge's Block, has on hand and for sale a large assortment of fine Cigars, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, the best, cheapest and largest assortment in the city. Call, judge for yourself, and become convinced that I give more satisfaction for your money than any other retail store here.

98 FIRST STREET.

CHAS. L. GRAY,
Professor of Music,
Teacher of the Piano, Violin, Guitar and Cornet.

Leave orders at SHERMAN & HYDE'S, or at residence, cor. Fourth and Morrison streets.

OMNES PROSINT.

W. E. PFUNDER,
APOTHECARY & CHEMIST,
Ankeny's New Market Theater Block
Portland, Oregon.
Pure Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines.

NOTICE.

The undersigned in taking leave of Portland returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage that has been bestowed, and would bespeak for his successors a continuance of the same.

Both DRS. BARBER & PICKLIN, are gentlemen in every way competent and worthy of any confidence that may be placed in them, and as such I can conscientiously recommend them to my former friends and patrons. J. H. HATCH.

J. H. BRENNER
Will give the best references in the city as Teacher of
VIOLIN, PIANO & ORGAN.
Northwestern Brass and String Band
Plays the Latest and Best Music.
Prof. PARRISH.......................Promptor.
Office—At GRAY'S Music Store.

A. L. FRANCIS,
Dealer in
PIANOS AND ORGANS,
Portland, Oregon.

Extra Inducements Offered.

First-class Instruments Sold on Installments, at Greatly Reduced Prices. Old ones taken for part payment. Will visit all parts of the State and Washington Territory.

Pianos and Organs Tuned and Repaired.
Address P. O. Box

AGENTS FOR THE OREGONIAN.

Subscriptions to the DAILY & WEEKLY OREGONIAN may be remitted direct to the office by registered letter, (the charge being only 10 cents), or paid to the following agents:

L. P. Fisher, (Advertising Agent).....San Francisco
T. N. Hibben & Co............Victoria

Oregon.

Cyrus Smith	Amity	John W. Watts	Lafayette
Thos. Smith	Auburn	J. M. Kelty	Lafayette
S. E. Young	Albany	S. H. Claughton	Lebanon
J. M. McCall	Ashland	A. Wing	Lewisville
I. W. Case	Astoria	Abrams & Co.	Lincoln
E. C. Molden	"	W. A. Croxton	Looking Glass
Stephen Smith	Aurora	B. P. Quivey	Linkville
G. H. Treacy	Baker City	W. Saunders	Marshfield
McGrew & Co	Bethel	W. P. Crow	Milton
W. R. Kirk	Brownsville	R. R. Todd	McMinnville
O. Green	Brooks	John Spencer,	
J. W. Hobart	Buena Vista	Ira Moody	Moliala
G. A. Cone, Sr.	Butteville	L. F. Shipley	Monroe
S. Handsaker	Dexter	F. M. Gaubert	Myrtle Creek
W. Carl	Carlton		
J. T. Gilfry, P. M	Creswell	William Moreland	Needy
G. W. Riddle	Canyonville	Chas. Polland	Newellsville
Knight Bros.	Canby	Post Master	Oakland
W. A. Mills	Clackamas	J. M. Bacon	Oregon City
L. Rust	Clarksville	Lot Livermore	Pendleton
E. W. Conyers	Clatskanie	Davis Bros.	Peoria
W. B. Clarke	Cole's Valley	J. W. McGrew	Perrydale
P. A. Chenoweth	Corvallis	Shipley & Hinkle	Philomath
Thos Graham	Corvallis		
D. G. Overholt	Canyon City	M. M. Bates	Port Orford
Church Bros.	Cottage Grove	D. E. Thomas	Prineville
H. C. Litchfield	Grand Ronde	H. C. Stanton	Roseburg
Cris Taylor	Dayton	Dean Blanchard	Rainier
J. D. Lee	Dallas	W. Colvig	Rock Point
Waldron Bros.	Dalles City	J. W. Crawford	Salem
J. W. Krewson, P. M.	Drain	A. G. Hovey	Springfield
M. Riley	Ellensburg	D. P. Mason	Scio
D. Morse, Jr.	Empire City	W. E. Palmer	Scottsburg
T. G. Hendricks	Eugene	A. Wheeler	Shedds
H. A. Breyman	Fairfield	J. B. Morris	Sheridan
W. Bowlby	Forest Grove	A. L. Saylor, P. M	Silverton
S. L. Gaines	Gervais	J. M. Brown	Sparta
J. J. Fowler	Glencoe	W. W. Hess	Sparta
J. F. Pierce	Greenville	S. D. McAuley	Stayton
W. P. Smith	Halsey	Geo. McBride	St. Helens
Riley Cave	Hillsboro	J. C. Patterson	St. Paul
Smith, Brasfield & Co.	Harrisburg	T. J. Beard, P. M	Tangent
		G. W. Miller	Tillamook
A. R. Gleason	Hubbard's	K. McKinney	Turners
S. & J. Handsaker	Goshen	Jas. H. Koontz	Umatilla
W. L. Hodgkin	Independence	G. Wright & Son	Union
		J. T. Davis	W. Chehalem
N. Langell	Jacksonville	M. B. Hendricks	Wheatland
Smith, Brasfield & Co.	Junction City	Mahnit Bros.	Woodburn
J. W. Roland	Jefferson	A. C. Pettys	Willow Forks
H. Woodcock	Kerbyville	C. B. Treacy	Yoncalla

Washington Territory.

Chas. Brady	Bruceport	Postmaster	Port Townsend
H. Howe	Cowlitz	G. F. Orchard,	New Tacoma
G. J. Hogue, P. M.	Claquato		
J. C. Davenport	Colfax	W. F. Taylor	San Juan
Postmaster	Dayton	Wm. Pumphrey	Seattle
T. Johnson	Goldendale	E. Harmon	Steilacoom
H. C. Comegys	Kalama	L. Meeker	Puyallup
M. P. Callender	Knappton	E. F. Eddings	Vancouver
J. S. Conner	La Conner	J. B. Lewis	Walla Walla
Miller & Co.	Lewis River	W. N. Smith	Waitsburg
Crosby & Howe	Olympia	Postmaster	Yakima
Stephen Hobart	Union Ridge, W. T.	J. Crellin & Co.	Oysterville
		E. J. Ford	Ilwaco

MONTHLY WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, DIVISION OF TELEGRAMS AND REPORTS FOR THE BENEFIT OF COMMERCE AND AGRICULTURE. METEOROLOGICAL SUMMARY FOR MONTH OF DECEMBER, 1876, STATION PORTLAND, OREGON.

Date.		Daily Mean Barometer	Daily Mean Temperature	Daily Mean Humidity	Prevailing direction of wind	Daily Rainfall
Dec.	1	30.011	46.50	51.03	SE	.00
"	2	30.048	47.75	47.00	SE	.00
"	3	30.077	47.75	54.07	SE	.00
"	4	30.351	41.50	81.00	SW	.15
"	5	30.125	39.50	71.07	N	.00
"	6	30.344	40.25	68.07	N	.00
"	7	30.275	37.75	82.03	N	.00
"	8	30.219	33.25	93.00	NW	.00
"	9	30.269	31.00	92.03	S	.00
"	10	30.287	31.25	93.00	N	.00
"	11	29.906	32.00	92.07	S	.00
"	12	30.227	37.00	93.00	N	.00
"	13	30.180	39.00	84.07	N	.00
"	14	30.204	40.00	70.80	N	.00
"	15	30.161	36.75	73.07	N	.00
"	16	30.065	31.25	82.03	N	.00
"	17	30.095	43.75	68.07	N	.00
"	18	30.174	35.25	60.00	N	.00
"	19	30.303	34.50	86.03	N	.01
"	20	30.284	32.75	89.07	N	.00
"	21	30.258	35.75	89.07	S	.01
"	22	30.219	40.50	91.00	N	.01
"	23	30.112	44.50	89.00	S	.00
"	24	30.424	44.00	89.00	SW	.00
"	25	30.461	49.50	88.00	SW	.19
"	26	30.361	45.50	86.07	S	.26
"	27	29.975	45.50	95.00	S	.20
"	28	30.053	50.50	83.00	S	.00
"	29	30.211	47.75	83.00	SW	.03
"	30	30.447	44.75	84.07	S	.01
"	31	30.152	40.25	91.00	S	.00
Means...		30.226	40.23	81.79		

GENERAL ITEMS.—Highest barometer, 30.498; Lowest barometer, 29.945.

Highest temperature, 56°; lowest temperature, 24°.

Prevailing direction of wind, north. Greatest velocity of wind, 1[illegible] miles per hour.

Total number of miles, 2,727.

Number of clear days, 3; Number of cloudy days, 8; days on which rain or snow fell, 7.

Comparative temperatures, December, 1873, 37.8; 1874, 42.6; 1875, 47.

Comparative precipitation, December, 1873, 5.15 inches; 1874, 3.29 inches; 1875, 13.41 inches; 1876, .87 inches.

EDWARD LLOYD,
Sgt. Sig. Ser., U. S. A.

Portland, Jan. 1, 1876.

Says Mrs. [illegible] Blake, M. D.: "Dr. Warner's Health Corset restores the lost development of the bosom."

The handsome package of 1865 Triple Crown Noble Whisky at M. Hand & VanSchuyver's, 39 Front street, was one of the most admired features of our holiday season, and they were indeed fortunate who obtained some of the whisky.

GEO. H. CHANCE. | A. WELCH.
CHANCE & WELCH,
Dentists,
Office—FIRST STREET,
(Odd Fellows' Temple.)

August Flower.

The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effects; such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-burn, Water-brash, Gnawing and Burning Pains at the Pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and Disagreeable Taste in the Mouth, Coming up of Food after Eating, Low Spirits, etc. Go to your Druggist and get a Sample Bottle for 10 cts; large size 75 cents. Try it—Two doses will relieve you. Agents: Crane & Brigham, Wholesale Druggists, San Francisco.

FLECKENSTEIN & MAYER
PORTLAND, OREGON.
AGENTS for the North Pacific Coast,
15 FRONT STREET,
Jobbers & Wholesale Dealers
IN
WINES, LIQUORS
AND CIGARS.
A Very Large Assortment
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
Branch House of LIVINGSTON & CO., San Francisco.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

"Truth is stranger than Fiction."

I HAVE THE
FINEST ASSORTED STOCK
OF
WATCHES,
DIAMONDS,
JEWELRY
AND
SOLID SILVERWARE

To be found in the City of Portland, and an examination will prove my assertion.

AM NOT GOING TO REMOVE,

But remain at my OLD STAND, and I shall

Sell at Prices in keeping with the Times,

As they were bought at this

HOLIDAY TRADE

And those wishing to purchase any article in my line will be benefited in giving me a call.

L. J. HENRICHSEN,
No. 108 First Street.

JOHN B. MILLER,
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,
No. 93 First St., Dalcome Bank Building,

Has just received a large and well selected stock of

Fine Gold and Silver Watches

Manufactured by the most Celebrated Makers in Europe and America, also,

Watch Chains and Jewelry, Latest Styles, SILVER AND PLATED WARE.

CLOCKS of all descriptions known to the trade. Watches and Jewelry cleaned and repaired and warranted.

State Treasurer's Notice.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
SALEM, Dec. 20, 1876.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are funds in the State Treasury for the payment of the following warrants drawn in the year 1875, to wit: Nos. [illegible]30, 1832, 1831, 1833, 1838, [illegible] 1836, 110, [illegible] 164, [illegible] 106, 197, and [illegible]. Interest on these warrants will cease from this date.

A. H. BROWN,
State Treasurer.

d30d[illegible]w

DR. GLISAN'S

OFFICE WILL BE REMOVED TO STROWBRIDGE'S Building, corner of First and Alder streets, January 1, 1877.

Now is the time to Subscribe for

THE WEST SHORE

OREGON'S HANDSOME ILLUSTRATED PAPER

140 Pages Choice Reading, with over 150 Engravings of Oregon and Washington Territory scenes, for $1.50 per annum. A most excellent Family Journal, and just the kind of paper to send to friends abroad.

The January Number is a mammoth Paper containing a vast amount of statistics about the Resources and Commerce of the Pacific Northwest, and over 60 beautiful Engravings of Public Buildings and Scenery in Oregon, Washington and British Columbia. It is gotten up at a cost of over $3000 and is the largest and most expensive paper ever published on the Pacific Coast. This number will be sent free of charge to all regular subscribers, or for 50 cts. per copy to non-subscribers.

L. SAMUEL, Publisher,
5 Washington Street, Portland, Oregon.

Remittances from the interior can be made by order on any of the Portland Business Houses, or by registered letter at our risk.

The Grand and Astonishing Victories for 1876.

THE WHEELER & WILSON

HAS TAKEN THE TWO HIGHEST MEDALS AND TWO DIPLOMAS AT THE CENTENNIAL Exhibition—The Gold Medal at the California State Fair—The First Premium at each of the County Fairs in California—The Three Medals at the Oregon State Fair, given for the Best Family Sewing Machine, Best Manufacturing Machine and Best Series of Samples—First Premium at the Washington Territorial Fair—First Premium at Walla Walla—First Premium at Hillsboro and First Premium at Union county Fair.

Secure Machine for yourself, and believe not opposing Agents who try to make the public believe the defects of the old Wheeler & Wilson are in the new [illegible] the Needle, no drum, no Shuttle—Plate level with the Table, and patent [illegible], preventing the work from being soiled by the dripping of oil down the needle bar.

Send Orders to WHEELER & WILSON

JOHN W. GILBERT,
Salem, Oregon,
Importer and Dealer in
Boots and Shoes, Shoe Findings, Harness,
SPIRTING, BELTING and LACE LEATHER.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES AND FURS.

SMITH & WATSON'S IRON & BRASS WORKS

North Front Street, between [illegible] and [illegible],
In Fireproof Building formerly occupied by the Oregon Iron Works Company.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Engines, Saw Mill, Grist Mill and Dredging Machinery, Iron and Brass Castings, Forgings and Pattern Making.

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS,
CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND "E" STREET

Iron and Brass Founders, Boiler Makers, General Machinists and Engine Builders.

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG

[illegible]

SALOON.

ONE FINE SALOON.

[illegible]

LAUNDRY AND BATHING ESTABLISHMENT.

E. OCHSNER

Hair Dressing and Bath Rooms.

PORTLAND

CITY DIRECTORY
FOR 1877.

PORTLAND CITY DIRECTORY

Embracing a General Directory & [illegible] Directory of East Portland; [illegible]

BRANDS HARDWARE

BLACKSMITH TOOLS,

JOHN R. FOSTER'S,

97 FRONT ST [illegible], COR. [illegible] STARK

U. SIMON & CO.,

Doors, SASH AND BLINDS,

WINDOW GLASS,

LOOKING GLASSES.

Glazing done to order, at San Francisco Prices, and satisfaction guaranteed.

PIONEER BAG FACTORY.

W. C. NOON,
FRONT AND VINE STREETS,
Bags, Sails and Tarpaulins

Made and Repaired.

Fishermen supplied with Seine Sails at lowest rates.

Large supply of Shoe Duck and Canvas in store.

CHAS. LOUIS KUHN,
Cor. Third and [illegible] streets, Portland, P. O. Box 136
[illegible] BILLIARDS AND BILLIARD Tables [illegible] Agent for the L. M. Virginia Pool Tables, etc., etc.

The [illegible] Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 4, 1877.

"IN RE" ASHLAND MEETING V. GROVER AND HIS ATTORNEYS.

To the Editor of the Oregonian:

In your daily issue of December 21st, you kindly published the resolutions adopted by a meeting of the citizens of Ashland, held Dec 16th, to express their sense of the wrong done by the Governor and Secretary of State in counting the electoral vote of Oregon. For this favor those who have long been, and wish to continue, friends of the Oregonian, are duly grateful.

But inasmuch as you were pleased to devote your leading column of the same date, to what you term a "just criticism" of the second resolution adopted by the Ashland meeting, wherein "James F. Kelly, H. Y. Thompson, E. A. Cronin, and every other aider and abettor in the attempted outrage" were denounced, it seems but just that those who participated in the meeting should be permitted to put in a rejoinder. The question raised by the issue you take with the resolution is of too grave and important a nature to be settled with by the mere bandying of words or the interchange of hurried paragraphs. Nor will the sound common sense and keen perception of an intelligent people permit their case to be lost in the mazes and mist of technical quibbles, the fog raised by such men as Judge Strong, Hon. W. W. Thayer, of the firm of Thayer & Williams, Col. W. H. Effinger, and H. Y. Thompson, Esq., "eminent though they may be regarded in their profession, and exalted in personal character, in your city."

The people of Ashland—may be in their simplicity—do not warp their judgment to suit the opinions expressed by feed attorneys. In common with the citizens of other enlightened and law-abiding communities, they are not disposed to yield the fruits of a peaceful and honorable victory at the polls into the hands of their opponents, though they be so important personages as Tilden, Hendricks & Co. Neither will they submit to have the [illegible] thus raised prejudged against them [illegible] constituted [illegible] of Grover, Chadwick & Co. [illegible] The American people will not permit any court, no matter how constituted, to wrest from them their charters, rights and liberties by giving a partisan construction to an ambiguous clause in the constitution, and at the same time violating a plain statutory enactment. The eternal infamy which, to the latest generation, will cling to the name and memory of Chief Justice Taney, in connection with his decision in the Dred Scott case, should admonish even "lawyers" that while they may succeed in banishing justice from the courtroom by floundering in the channels of judicial technicality, they cannot pollute the fountain which is enshrined in the minds and consciences of the people.

You say the adoption of the resolution in question by the Ashland meeting "simply exhibits to the world what foolish things persons are likely to do when they act from the inspiration of passions and prejudices, and not from the convictions of intelligent and sober judgment." Leaving the questioned intelligence of Ashland, "or that part of it which attended the meeting," open for future investigation by unprejudiced and more enlightened judges, it is due to truth to say that the proceedings of the meeting were characterized by decorum and order. The only sign of [illegible] exhibited was by a Democrat, not [illegible] decency or intelligence, who [illegible] with the avowed purpose of [illegible] promptly and [illegible] to understand that he would not be [illegible] The resolutions were discussed at length, with all the facts relating to the [illegible] and fraudulent action of [illegible] fully understood. [illegible] through your columns [illegible] being a [illegible] to be [illegible] It has been [illegible] sounds used to conceal man's thoughts. This is strikingly true when [illegible] voluminous [illegible] purporting to be [illegible] Grover.

[illegible] to those who gave their votes [illegible] of the Ashland [illegible] to say that you agree with them [illegible] Governor acted illegally in assuming [illegible] powers. You are a lawyer, and your opinion in the case is considered [illegible] of the people who—whether we wish it or not—will sit as a jury to finally adjudicate questions like this. [illegible] you disagree with us when we condemn the attorneys who appeared before that *illegal* tribunal to give the aid of their "eminent professional" skill and the weight of their high moral character in the perpetration of what we regard as an outrage and a wrong. [illegible] at the Ashland meeting may appear, when viewed by legal optics, they are not so ignorant as to subscribe to such reasoning as this. If the attorneys, to whom it seems you so impetuously rush are worthy of the encomiums you accord them, they knew that Governor Grover's court was a fraud, and in appearing before it *they became parties to that fraud.* If they *did not know* that Grover's court was illegal and fraudulent they are culpably *ignorant.* Grover's tribunal was not empowered to adjudicate or consider any question in which the people held mutual interest. It was created to subserve [illegible] partisan ends. No one is surprised that partisan attorneys, whose ambitions [illegible] identical with those of the [illegible] should prostitute their professions by pleading before such a bar. It is in keeping with the character of politicians of that school. But Republicans, [illegible] when they see a Republican [illegible] who has sought and received favors through their suffrage, "cast the [illegible]" [illegible] such an infamy. [illegible] Mr. H. Y. Thompson [illegible] Grover's court as a legal [illegible] No one presumes him to be so ignorant, [illegible] as a feed attorney [illegible] the interest at stake was a matter of dollars and cents, out where the fate of his country was involved in the result, and he labored against *his own convictions* [illegible] honest judgment [illegible] hold him guilty thus. Judge O. C. Pratt is in the same category. He was paid for his [illegible] and by whom? Is it not fair to suppose that those attorneys were paid in Democratic gold for their labor and influence? and are [illegible] expected to surrender their [illegible] at their bidding? The Republicans of Ashland and vicinity beg leave to decline.

Intelligent people do not believe that, because a man is an attorney, he has a moral right to advocate a wrong, and the attorney who violates the [illegible] of the people by [illegible] has only to come before them, asking [illegible] to be convinced of the [illegible] David Dudley Field, who in point of ability stands at the head of the legal fraternity of the United States, cast a stain upon his name by defending Wm. M. Tweed which never can be erased. Though he were to live another generation, he never can escape the [illegible] fastened upon him by the trenchant pen of Sam Bowles, of the Springfield *Republican,* who is not a lawyer. While Judge Field's ability is not denied, his professional integrity is gone, and it is not surprising that in his disgrace he should give his recent opinion in favor of the Democratic House canvassing the vote for President instead of the President of the Senate performing that duty, according to established precedent.

In conclusion it may not be amiss to say that, in the opinion of the authors and endorsers of the resolution you condemn it is an unwarranted assumption to presume that those who are not lawyers are so stupid as to regard every decision made by courts of justice, so-called, infallible. Far from it. The judicial ermine in the United States, has not been kept so untarnished and bright as to dazzle the eyes of the common people and blind them beyond the power of discriminating between absurd and equitable decisions though emanating from the gowned occupants of the Supreme Bench. The people are not so unmindful of the past as to forget that the darkest crimes that stain the pages of history were perpetrated under the forms of law, and at the mandate of legally constituted courts. This being true, they who suppose that a corrupt *Executive* can resolve himself into a *judicial* body and, with the aid of paid lawyers, usurp the powers of a court and *steal* the suffrages of 15,000 American freemen, have studied the character of their countrymen from both false and foolish premises.

JUSTICE.

Ashland, Dec. 26, 187 .

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

Wednesday Evening, Jan. 3, 1877.

Gold in New York, 107½.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying 92; selling [illegible]

Silver Coin—buying 91, selling 95.

In local finances no important change has occurred in the going out of the old or the coming in of the New Year. The general condition of business is apparently quite satisfactory, and while the banks are not doing a large business in individual cases, they are enjoying a very fair degree of activity in furnishing their regular customers with the means of clearing up the accounts which are usually squared at this season of the year.

Whatever may be said of the present outlook, the season so far since harvest has been fraught with more than the average amount of prosperity to most all branches of business, and but for the serious political uncertainty which prevails, the country generally would show more clearly the signs of returning activity in commercial affairs. While the movement here has not been changed by these doubts, and while the price of gold at the East would seem to indicate a great deal of confidence there, yet the feeling exists, and business is kept in the apparently safe condition in which we find it, in spite of the political questions which disturb the country, and because of the vigor and resources of this comparatively young nation. The excess of exports over the imports of the country, together with the flow of treasure from England to New York, are two facts which may also be regarded as evidence of the life of trade in this country. All circumstances considered, business men whose views are comprehensive, are not complaining of the dullness as a few months ago, but are rather surprised at the animation which prevails. In the troublous political condition of things both in Europe and America, with nothing more to stimulate trade interests than existed a year ago, the country would be much more seriously depressed in every branch of her commerce than then, and instead of a very fair degree of life we would witness a state of unusual backwardness and sluggishness of trade.

The amount of money in the San Francisco market is, according to the *Herald*, simply enormous at the present time, and the current seems to be flowing hitherward in a very lively manner. As a matter of course all branches of business have been rendered more or less stagnant by the succession of hot days at this season, but the conditions are exceedingly favorable for an active resumption at some early day. High rates of interest can no longer be maintained with that iron rigidity that has marked the past, and it is reasonable to infer that many industries which we have long needed will soon be got under way through the influence of cheap money. The rates are nominally 1 per cent. per month in banks of discount, and 8@10 per cent per year in savings banks.

General Trade

Has been rather quiet in imported merchandise since the holiday season began, and except those who dealt largely in holiday goods, the past ten days have been as quiet with the general dealer as any of the winter. In groceries, the market is moderately well supplied for this time, but the policy adopted by the importers, wholesale and jobbing houses of "cutting their garment to fit the cloth," that is, purchasing so as to fully meet the wants of the trade, and at the same time carry as little stock as possible over, has occasionally, as at present, resulted in the market being nearly depleted in some lines. Of the staples, however, the market shows a fair supply, nor is variety entirely wanting. In dry goods, stocks are ample to meet the current inquiry, which is always light at this season of the year.

Domestic Produce.

The holiday season apparently is led to effect this department of trade, or to change it from its ordinary channel, and with slightly fewer sellers in the market and a lessened volume to transactions, the market is nearly in the same condition now as it was a fortnight since. The facts before mentioned of the lapse of the season and that the wheat surplus has in so large a proportion already changed hands, make it more discouraging to those vessels [illegible] holding off for high freights, of which but little hope can now be realized for this season at least. Continued growth in California, [illegible] season so far in England, with other circumstances throughout the countries of the [illegible] and America, render it probable that the price of grain will be kept up and freights down for some time to come. Ships at San Francisco [illegible] at the date of our latest mail advices [illegible] to Liverpool, [illegible] even at that [illegible] supply is excessive and a good [illegible] leaving that part of the coast in [illegible] For the present, this state of things [illegible] but it may result in a large surplus of freight and a short supply of tonnage next year.

Prices for breadstuffs are still weak at quotations, and sellers would probably have to make concessions in order to place large lots, unless sufficiently large to justify the charter of a vessel. A partial cargo puts the holder at an inconvenience at such a time as this, when he has no knowledge of when the remainder could be secured, nor at what price.

Oats, hay and mill feed of the various descriptions are firm, though the demand for local trade has been lighter than usual, owing to the mildness of the weather so far this winter. Oats are still scarce in the market, and choice lots can be placed at 57½c per bushel. Provisions are more plentiful, and prices have rather a downward tendency. The amount of pork and lard produced in this State and Washington Territory this season is estimated to be larger than average, and buyers are a little cautious about making heavy purchases for fear prices might depreciate greatly in case of the failure of the markets abroad. Dairy products, wool, hides, etc., are unchanged.

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamship Ajax from San Francisco arrived at her berth about noon to-day. She will sail on the return trip on Saturday morning.

The barkentine Portland has finished discharging a cargo of merchandise at Flanders' wharf.

The bark Alice Davis with a cargo of flour will go down the river to-morrow or next day.

The Br ship City of Dublin is at Pacific wharf loading.

The ship Glencoe will go on the berth this week to load wheat for Europe.

A San Francisco paper notes the arrival of the Br bark McLeod from Astoria, at Liverpool on the 29th ult.

Boston Wool Market.

Boston, Jan. 3.—Wool quiet. Holders indifferent about realizing. Fine fleeces held firm. Ohio and Pennsylvania 44@47c for XX and X choice; XX and above is held at 50c; Michigan and Wisconsin range from 38 to 42c; combing and Delaine, 45a55c; pulled, dull and unchanged. California sales have been at 14@30c for fall and spring.

Philadelphia Wool Market.

Philadelphia, Jan. 2.—Wool in improved demand. Colorado washed 18@20c, unwashed 17@18, extra and Merino pulled 33@37, No. 1 and super pulled 38@40; Texas fine and medium 20a25, coarse 16@18; California fine and medium 15a28, coarse 17@20c.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

San Francisco, Jan. 3.—Flour—Superfine $5 25@$5 75, extra $6 37½@6 62½ gold, for shipping lots, $6 25@6 75, silver, for jobbing lots.

Wheat—Quiet feeling on account of disparity between views of buyers and sellers, holders asking $2 25 for large lots, $2 20 offered; millers supplying wants at $2 20@2 27½.

Barley—Speculative feeling in coast feed, price of which has been nominally advanced 5c during the past 24 hours; feed $1 22½@1 30, brewing $1 25@1 32½.

Oats—Medium to choice heavy feed $1 75@2.

Corn—Large yellow weak at $1 17½@1 20, silver.

Buckwheat—Nominally $1 60.

Rye—Firm at $1 75@1 80.

Potatoes—Sweet 75@87½c; very choice red held at 90c@$1, but the bulk sell at 40a75c.

Gold—107.

Legal Tenders—93⅛@93¾.

Trade dollars, 100¾a101¼; halves, 93⅛a94.

Liverpool wheat market to-day, 11s@11s 8d for average California; 11s 2d@11s 8d for club.

English Wheat Market.

London, Jan. 2.—The *Mark Lane Express* says grain at the country markets has been generally poor, but the decline of a shilling per quarter on wheat last week has been received with unquestionable confidence in the activity in trade. In Liverpool especially great animation prevailed. The general tone of the market ruled strong in consequence of decreased imports and depletion of granaries. Stocks for sale have strengthened the London trade, and the slight tendency to lower prices during the recent temporary lull has been more than removed, and a healthier feeling prevails in trade than at any time during the year. The imports into London during the week have been limited while the exports show an increasing continental demand. India continues to furnish the bulk of weekly supply of foreign wheat into London. American wheat is running very short and holders have realized an advance of a shilling to 2s per quarter; a steady milling demand and speculative inquiry for trade, both present features; millers aiming to revive confidence from diminution of stocks, small shipments from America and a knowledge that political events may occur to enhance the value of wheat with the limited arrivals at ports of California. The floating cargo trade shows considerable firmness. At the end of last week there was a very large business in California floating cargoes, but the demands have slackened within the past few days.

BANKS.

OREGON & WASHINGTON

MORTGAGE SAVINGS BANK,

(LIMITED)

9 First St., Ankeny's Building, Portland.

Board of Directors.

DONALD MACLEAY, B. GOLDSMITH, J. B. MONTGOMERY, and WILLIAM REID, Portland, and J. T. BROWN, Olympia, Director for Washington Territory.

THIS SAVINGS BANK

Receives deposits from $2 and upwards, either for short or long periods at fixed rates of interest.

Security to Depositors.

1. The Bank's $300 000 capital specially subscribed and pledged for security of depositors' moneys, in order that all losses (if any) shall be made therefrom, and

2. The mortgages, assignments, and other securities on which the Bank's deposits are carefully loaned.

Hours—10 to 3 P. M. Saturdays, 10 to 1; open on Saturday evenings from 7 to 8 for receiving deposits only. For further information apply to

WILLIAM REID, Managing Director.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital.........$2,000,000

With power to increase to $10,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE...London.
BRANCHES........Victoria (B. C.), San Francisco and Portland.

AGENTS.

NEW YORK.....
CHICAGO.........} Bank of Montreal.
CANADA ....
MEXICO & SOUTH AMERICA...London Bank of Mexico & South America.
IRELAND ....Bank of Ireland.
SCOTLAND.......British Linen Company.
ENGLAND ....National Provincial Bank of England.
LIVERPOOL......Bank of Liverpool. North & South Wales Bank

This Bank transacts a General Banking business. Deposits received on current account, subject to check.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits at six per cent (6 pr ct.) per annum for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted. Loans made on available security. Collections made promptly.

Exchange sold on London, Liverpool and on the principal towns and cities in Ireland and Scotland from £1 upwards. Also on all places in Canada in sums to suit. Coin and Currency drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on New York and Chicago.

Commercial Credits granted, available in Europe, New York, China, Japan, South America, Australia and New Zealand.

FREDK. TOWNSEND, Manager.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange

(Sight and Telegraphic,) for sale on

SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK,
ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO

Bills of Exchange,

Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on

LONDON, HONG KONG,
PARIS, BERLIN,
FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

President..............................HENRY FAILING.
Cashier.....................................JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available in the Atlantic Cities

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS, payable in Coin or Currency; for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on

LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE RETAIL BANK, Limited.

THIS BANK CAN GIVE SATISFACTORY REFERENCES from leading men of Oregon, that whatever security is guaranteed to depositors through the Capital Stock being limited is vouchsafed to the public in our case in its fullest sense.

Other than the above we can only refer the people of Oregon for reference to the fact that "we still live," and the further fact that according to the laws of Oregon, not only our bank assets (including office fixtures) are pledged for the payment of our liabilities, but every dollar of our private fortunes are liable to the bank creditors, and said private fortunes, too, are "limited." A friend suggests that our office fixtures are "limited" but he is trying to "bear" our credit, and we warn you against him.

DELASHMUTT & OATMAN.

EVERDING & BEEBE,

Commission Merchants,

EXPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

[illegible]

OF ALL KINDS

STAPLE GROCERIES,

FIRE BRICK AND FIRE CLAY,

GRAIN SACKS & TWINE

NO. 27 FRONT ST.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

CITY LICENSES.

LICENSES FOR THE CURRENT QUARTER are now due and payment therefor must be made on or before the 10th inst. at my office, 92 First street.

Liquor dealers must have their bonds approved before payment can be made.

JOSEPH BACHMAN,
Treasurer City of Portland.

Portland, January 1, 1877.

45 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

EVERDING & FARRELL

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Flour, Mill Feed

BACON,

Hay, Straw, Oats, &c.

FRONT AND ALDER STS., PORTLAND

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Sept. 17, 1876, at 12 o'clock Noon.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),

As follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Roseburg	[illegible]:00 P. M.
Roseburg	5:30 A. M.	Portland	4:[illegible] P. M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)

As follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	2:50 P. M.	Albany	8:25 P. M.
Albany	5:30 A. M.	Portland	9:05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	6:15 A. M.	Junction	6:00 P. M.
Junction	5:45 A. M.	Portland	5:15 P. M.

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office,

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing

PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't.

E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	11:20 A. M.	Tacoma	5 30 P. M.
Tacoma	6 30 A. M.	Kalama	12:30 P. M.

CONNECTIONS

At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for all points on Columbia River.

At Tenino with stages for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamers for Seattle, Olympia and all other points on Puget Sound.

On Saturday and Wednesday at 8 A. M. with steamers for Port Townsend, Victoria, Nanaimo, New Westminster and Fraser River.

Connecting Tri-Monthly with Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s Steamers from VICTORIA to SAN FRANCISCO.

Through fare from Portland to San Francisco:
Cabin..........$35 00 | Steerage..........$12 00

Through Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE,
General Superintendent.

H. W. FAIRWEATHER,
General Ticket Agent.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

SOL'S RESTAURANT!

THE BEST ON THE PACIFIC COAST AND THE only one in Portland with

Four Elegant Parlors Attached

For the use of Families and Private Parties.

Whatever Delicacies the market affords will be found at this place. Ladies will find it the most convenient place to lunch while out shopping, where they will have the most polite attention.

Eastern Oysters a Specialty.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE RESTAURANT connected with this House will be conducted by the Proprietors.

Nothing will be left undone to make guests feel at home, and by strict attention to business we hope to continue the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on this popular House.

Free Coach to and from the House.

S. D. SMITH & THOMAS SMITH,
Proprietors.

REMOVED

To FIRST STREET, opposite Odd Fellows' Hall,

FOURNIER & WILBUR'S

PIONEER CHOP HOUSE.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

Private Rooms for Ladies, Gentlemen or Parties. Orders out of the house promptly attended to

METROPOLIS HOTEL.

Corner First and Main Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED, FORMERLY OF THE Multnomah House, having repainted and refurnished the above named Hotel, is now ready to accommodate the public in a satisfactory manner at the following rates:

Board and Lodging, per week..........$6 50
Board per week..........4 50
Board and Lodging, per day..........1 00

The Table will always be supplied with the best the market affords.

JOHN SCHADE, Proprietor.

THE OXFORD OYSTER SALOON,

Oak Street, 2d door west of Hoppach's Drug Store.

WITH SEVERAL YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN the Business the undersigned warrant their numerous friends an excellent dish of

Shoalwater Bay or Eastern Oysters

prepared in every style known to epicureans.

We are prepared to supply Oysters in any quantity.

WALLER & SON.

EASTERN OYSTERS by every Steamer.

St. Charles Hotel Restaurant,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

A. J. FLEUROT..........PROPRIETRESS.

THE DINING HALL

Has been removed to the Ground Floor—a Private Stairway from the Ladies' Parlor leading thereto.

It has been determined to spare no pains in making this

The Best Restaurant in the City.

Free Coach to and from the House.

THOMPSON'S 2-BIT HOUSE.

No Deception There. Hi yu Muck-a-Muck and here's your Bill of Fare.

THREE KINDS OF MEAT FOR DINNER; also for Breakfast and Supper. Ham and Eggs every other day, with plenty of hot tea and coffee for dinner, water if you call for it, with fresh rolls and cakes in abundance. Now's your time to get the rinkles out of your bellies after the hard winter

Board and Lodging, per Week, $5 00
Board, $4 00; Day, $ 00.

N.B.—Having started a Labor Exchange, I request the owners of Fisheries, Sawmills, Bosses in Logging-Camps, and Farmers in want of hands; old Farmers, Ranchers and Batches, in want of wives and housekeepers, to send me word by post or otherwise, and I will try to supply their wants. No pay required.

Sailors will find this Temperance House with every chance of employment on shore.

LAW CARDS.

T. A. M'BRIDE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Monastes' Block, First street, Portland.
n17d8m

B. WHITTEN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office—Opposite Court House,
Court Street, Dalles City, Oregon.
d19d5m

SYL. C. SIMPSON. JNO. B. WALDO.
SIMPSON & WALDO,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
No. 12 Dekum's Building.

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,
Attorneys at Law
Rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Glisan's Building, corner First and Ash Streets, Portland.

F. A. CHENOWETH,
Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.

East Portland Assessment Roll.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ASsessment Roll for the City of East Portland for the year 1876, has been returned to the Board of Trustees by the City Assessor, and will remain open for inspection at the office of the Recorder and Auditor until the first day of January, 1877. All applications for the correction of errors in the valuation and listing of property must be filed with the Recorder prior to that date.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

I. N. SANDERS, Recorder & Auditor.

East Portland, Dec. 6, 1876. d7d20t

PACIFIC WOOD YARD,

FOOT OF MAIN STREET,

ALL KINDS OF WOOD CONSTANTLY ON hand, sawed and unsawed, and delivered to any part of the city. R. R. RILEY.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAIL.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S Steamer

AJAX.

PETER MACKIE ....Commander.

Will leave the Company's Wharf at Foot of F street for the above port on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1877,

At 6 o'clock A. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

VIA TACOMA.

THE FIRST CLASS IRON STEAMSHIP

CITY OF PANAMA.

Passengers for San Francisco via Victoria will leave Portland per Steamer "Welcome," on

SATURDAY, JAN. 6, 1877, AT 6 A. M.

THROUGH FARE, from Portland to San Francisco
Cabin..........$25 00 | Steerage..........$12 00

Tickets for sale at Office Oregon Steam Navigation Company, corner Front and Ash streets, up stairs.

Through Tickets sold to China, Sandwich Islands, Australia, New Zealand, Panama and New York.

RIVER STEAMERS.

THE WILLAMETTE

Transportation and Locks Co's

STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from the Central Wharf, between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

FOR DAYTON—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 A. M.

For SALEM, ALBANY, CORVALLIS and Way Landings, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

For Lightering and Towing of Vessels

Between Portland and Astoria apply at the office of the Company, near corner of Front and Washington streets.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

FOR KALAMA, TACOMA AND SEATTLE—Daily (except Sunday), at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A. M.

For Cathlamet, Bay View and Knappton—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

For Westport, Clifton and Knappa—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

"CITY OF SALEM"

Will Leave Pacific Wharf for

CORVALLIS

AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS, ON

Wednesdays and Saturdays,

At o'clock A. M.,

U. B. SCOTT & CO.

E. J. HATCH, Agent.

STEAMER S. T. CHURCH

WILL RECEIVE FREIGHT ON Old P. T. Co. Wharf on and after Dec. 27th for

CORVALLIS

and intermediate points. For rates apply on wharf or on board.

J. W. COCHRAN & CO.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. T. GRAY, Master,

WILL LEAVE FOOT OF ALDER STREET daily, Sunday excepted, at 2½ P. M.

Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M. daily, except Sundays.

MARKET.

LEVE & BARBER,

Pork and Beef Packers,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

We have Superior Facilities for

Smoking, Rendering, Covering, Coloring and Sugar-Curing Meats.

Government Provisions strictly Attended to.

Brick Building, 1-0 Front St., Cor. Main, [illegible] Portland, Oregon.

A. E. JOHNSON,

Stalls 26, 27 and 28 Central Market,

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh Meats.

PACKER OF BEEF AND PORK.

Highest Price paid for all kinds of Fat Stock.

CHRIS. SCHLOTH,

Washington St., near Third,

Is prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, etc.

Free delivery to any part of the city.

W. W. SPALDING,

PORK PACKER.

Packing House—On G, bet. Tenth and Eleventh.

Highest Cash Price paid for Fat Hogs. 1dw

J. S. KELLER,

Cor. Madison and First Streets,

Is prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.

E. H. GARLING,

Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. Orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

PORTLAND STREET RAILWAY.

The Street Cars

Will run hereafter until further notice from 6 A. M. until 8 P. M.

EVERY 10 MINUTES.

And from 8 P. M. to 11 P. M.

EVERY 20 MINUTES.

The EXACT TIME of passing the various points

Can be seen on the Bulletin Boards

Put up

AT THE CROSSINGS OF FIRST STREET

With Washington, Yamhill, Madison, Clay, Lincoln and Caruthers streets. Also, opposite all the Turnouts, at the Clarendon Hotel and Central Market.

W. H. ANDERSON, Sup't.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ordinance No. 18[illegible].

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR THE TIME and manner of improving that part of Pine street lying between Second and Fifth streets.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The proposed improvement of that part of Pine street lying between the east line of Second street and the center line of Fifth street as petitioned for by the owners of more than two thirds of the property adjacent thereto shall be completed as hereinafter provided on or before the 15th day of January, 1877.

Section 2. The surface of the street shall be cleared of all timber, plank or other obstructions, (sidewalks of the proper width and grade excepted.) If the obstructions are not removed within three days after notice from the Superintendent of Streets they shall be removed by and become the property of the contractor.

Section 3. The roadway shall be graded to the depth of 12 inches at the center of the street and 16 inches at the gutters.

Section 4. A foundation course of broken stone shall be spread evenly over the surface a thickness of 8 inches at the center line of the street and gradually diminishing to [illegible] inches at the gutters. The stone shall be broken upon the ground and shall not exceed 8 inches in largest diameter. Upon the foundation course of broken stone a layer of gravel shall be evenly spread to a thickness of [illegible] inches at the center and 2 inches at the gutters; the street shall then be opened for travel for 10 days, when a second layer of gravel shall be evenly spread of such thickness as will bring the surface of the street to grade. The bottom layer shall be stone of good quality, free from cobbles or coarse gravel; none of the top course shall be of clean gravel, none of which shall be of more than [illegible] inches in diameter, and free from loam or other impurities except clean sharp sand.

Section 5. The contractor shall have entire charge of the work during its progress, and shall be responsible for any loss or accident resulting from carelessness or neglect.

Section 6. The improvement shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Committee on Streets and Public Property and the Superintendent of Streets.

Section 7. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to advertise for, receive proposals and thereafter to contract with the lowest responsible bidder or bidders for the improvement specified in this Ordinance.

Passed the Common Council Dec. 20, 1876.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Dec. 2[illegible], 1876.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Mayor.

d20d5t

Ordinance No. 1[illegible].

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR CORRECTING the Assessment Roll returned December 1, 1876, and suspending the operation of certain portions of Ordinance No. 11[illegible].

The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That the Committee on Ways and Means, the Auditor and Assessor be and are hereby authorized and empowered to make such alterations and corrections in the Assessment Roll returned December 1, 1876, as will make the assessable value of lands, lots, and the improvements thereon, to conform as nearly as practicable to their cash valuation. That they allow such claims for reduction by reason of indebtedness as they may find the applicant duly entitled to, and that they report to the Common Council all claims for reduction on valuation of personal property which may be filed for allowance or rejection.

Section 2. The Auditor is hereby directed to withdraw the notice heretofore published as provided by Section 2 of Ordinance No. 1112, entitled "An Ordinance in relation to the Assessment and Collection of Taxes," and that, upon the completion of the revision and correction of said Roll, as provided by Section 1 of this Ordinance, the Auditor give notice to the effect that said Roll, as revised and corrected, will remain open for inspection and the filing of applications for correction of errors in such revised list for [illegible] days from the date of said notice; and further, that the operation of so much of Section 2 of said Ordinance No. 1112 requiring the filing of applications prior to the [illegible] day of January be suspended for the time being.

Section 3. The provisions of Section [illegible] of said Ordinance No. 1112, requiring that all alterations and corrections be reported to the Common Council, is hereby suspended until the completion of the revision provided for by Section [illegible] of this Ordinance, and shall only apply to the Roll as revised, except as herein provided.

Passed the Common Council Dec. 20, 1876.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Dec. 2[illegible], 1876.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Mayor.

d5d

Montgomery Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ASsessment made by Ordinance No. 1[illegible] for the improvement of Montgomery street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1[illegible] on each of the following described lots of land, fronting upon that part of Montgomery street lying between the east line of Tenth street and the center line of Thirteenth street, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith, is due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer in United States gold and silver coin and unless paid within fifteen days from the date hereof, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof.

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Amount.
[illegible]	A	M W [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	F	H W [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	H W [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	SW¼ [illegible]	J A [illegible]	[illegible]
295	[illegible]	Wm [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	E½ 1 ½ B	J W [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	S½ B	C [illegible]	57 [illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Thos [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	SE¼ 1 ½ C	W C [illegible]	52 44
[illegible]	SW¼ 1½ C	J W Cook	[illegible]
[illegible]	E½ SW¼ Y	J W Lyon	[illegible]
[illegible]	SW¼ W½ Y	W F [illegible]	4 50
			$652 74

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Dec. 25, 1876. 25d10t

Hall Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the assessment made by Ordinance No. [illegible] for the improvement of Hall street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1[illegible] on each of the following described lots of land, fronting upon that part of Hall street lying between West Park street and Front street, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith, is due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer, in United States gold and silver coin, and unless paid within fifteen days from the date hereof, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof.

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Amount.
Park 17	1 and 2,	City of Portland	$ 9 56
196	7 and 8,	Bachman & Schlumer	23 20
192	7 and 8,	John Harriman	22 28
190	4,	Hall & M[illegible]	28 04
"		[illegible] Schlaler	9 00
"	1 and 2,	Wm Weatherford	31 8[illegible]
155	1, 2, 4,	John Procto	47 4[illegible]
140	4,	Geo Watts	18 50
121	W 90 [illegible]	W S Powell	11 30
121	[illegible] 10 [illegible]	Mar S Do[illegible]	1 30
			$202 [illegible]

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Dec. 25, 1876. d25d10t

Market Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ASsessment made by Ordinance No. 1[illegible] for the improvement of Market street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 12[illegible], on each of the following described lots of land fronting upon that part of Market street lying between [illegible] and Sixth streets, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith, is due and payable to the Treasurer of the city of Portland in United States gold and silver coin, and unless paid within fifteen days from the date of this notice, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof:

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Am'nt.
164	3 and 4,	A. Walz	236 35
"	5,	Andrew Tannock	40 80
			$277 15

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Dec. 25, 1876. d25d10t

South Second Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to improve South Second street, from the center line of Sherman street to the center line of Sheridan street by grading, laying sidewalks and crosswalks.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Dec. 25, 1876. d25d10t

Third Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMmon Council of the City of Portland propose to change the grade of Third street at its intersection with Stark street from 25 feet to 27 feet, and at its intersection with Oak street from 22 feet to 25 feet above the base of grades.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Dec. 30, 1876. d30d10t

Jefferson Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to improve Jefferson street from the center of Seventh to the center of Twelfth street by repairing the roadway at the expense of the property benefited.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Dec. 30, 1876. d30d10t

NOTICE OF FINAL MEETING IN BANKRUPTCY.—In U. S. District Court District of Oregon. In the matter of I. C. Morrice, bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. This is to give notice that by order of said Court [illegible] will be held on the 4th day of January, A. D. 1877, at 10 o'clock A. M., at Portland, Oregon, in said district, at the office of H. H. Northup, Register in Bankruptcy for said district, the final meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, at which time and place I shall file my final accounts as assignee of the estate of I. C. Morrice, bankrupt, and apply for a settlement of the same, and for a discharge from all liability as assignee of said estate in accordance with the provisions of section 5093 of the U. S. Revised Statutes.

[illegible], Assignee.

Dec. 13, 1876. [illegible]

DISTRICT OF OREGON, ss.—At Portland, Oregon, the seventh day of December, A. D. 1876. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of [illegible] Worms, of Albina, in the county of Multnomah, and State of Oregon, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

GEO. WOODWARD, Assignee.

[illegible]

N. W. SPAULDING

ESTABLISHMENT.

[illegible] Front and [illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING [illegible] inventor [illegible] [illegible] SPAULDING, in all [illegible] CIRCULAR [illegible] kinds [illegible] at lowest [illegible] short notice. [illegible] Orders [illegible]

To the [illegible]

Seminal [illegible] This celebrated [illegible] [illegible] Union. [illegible]

Nervous [illegible]

DR. [illegible]

ESSENCE [illegible]

[illegible]

John Ewing. [illegible] Cabinet [illegible] Metallic [illegible] All kinds of [illegible]

[illegible] Portland Agency [illegible] A. W. [illegible] LIBRARY [illegible] PIONEER [illegible]

VOL. XVI—NO. 289.

POLITICAL.

[illegible]

Augusta, Me., Jan. 4.—Hon. Jas. G. Blaine [illegible] nominated by the Republican legislative caucus this evening for the short term in the U. S. Senate, and also for the full term of six years beginning March 4, 1877. Both nominations were made by acclamation, amid great display of enthusiasm, every one of the members present rising when the nominations were made. This is the first instance [illegible] for Senator in Maine was ever [illegible] by acclamation [illegible] method was selected as a special and emphatic compliment. Blaine's name was presented to the caucus by General Hyde, President of the Senate, seconded by [illegible] Speaker of the House, and several speeches were made in addition [illegible] members of both branches of the Legislature.

[illegible]

St. Paul, [illegible] Republican caucus [illegible] Hon. Wm. Windom was unanimously [illegible] U. S. Senator [illegible]

[illegible] political fortune [illegible] to national safety.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. [illegible]—The [illegible] election in this State, have [illegible] Savannah and [illegible]

Washington, Jan. [illegible] matters returned this afternoon. [illegible] of the committee [illegible] armed collisions [illegible] parties there.

Conkling's speech [illegible] spectator [illegible]

[illegible] of 54 to 44. The [illegible] be delivered to-morrow.

[illegible] view of Mr. Tilden.

Washington, Jan. 4.—The feature of the Senate proceedings to-day was an able speech by Mr. Wright [illegible] electoral certificates [illegible] He said the Senate should [illegible] of Grover and [illegible] and see that the will of the people of a State shall not be set aside in such [illegible] Grover, who occupied a seat in the [illegible] chamber during the speech.

LOUISIANA.

New Orleans, Jan. 4.—The Senate committee to-day heard Lieut. Ross, of the [illegible] Infantry, stationed at Baton Rouge. [illegible] said he knew of no intimidation. [illegible] complaints were found, on investigation [illegible] wounded. Other witnesses testified [illegible]

James T. Ray, collector, denied [illegible] none thought in Ouachita parish [illegible] six hundred Republicans who failed to [illegible] through fear.

New Orleans, Jan. 4.—The [illegible] U. S. Supervisor, A. W. Kirchen [illegible] of registration, said all affidavits relating to intimidation in the parish were [illegible] clerks in the custom house [illegible] Clan," threatening them with death [illegible] colored church has been burned [illegible] of regulators organized, as he believed [illegible]

At the evening session of the Senate [illegible] said he found great alarm among the [illegible] people in Ouachita, during the [illegible]

John H. Dinkgrave said on oath he [illegible] his cousin, Dr. Dinkgrave, was killed [illegible] Democratic party. Witness corroborated testimony of Hamlet, Handy and others in regard to the reign of terror, and said he was so much alarmed that she finally prevailed on him to leave there.

The Republican legislature, under a suspension of rules, to-day passed the bill [illegible] the State militia and appropriating [illegible] therefor.

Before the House committee to-day, Dibble, member of the Republican State Committee, denied that he instructed Republicans to delay voting. He advised negroes [illegible] at the polls back of the city, where they [illegible] in order to avoid collision. He believed terrorism in Feliciana, Baton Rouge and [illegible] had the effect of giving an [illegible] colored vote to the Democrats.

New Orleans, Jan. 4.—The [illegible] legislature has been notified by [illegible] president of the citizens' committee [illegible] orders on the treasurer of the committee [illegible] any amount of money he has, will be [illegible] paid.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Morning Oregonian.

NO. 288. PORTLAND, OREGON: THURSDAY. JANUARY 4, 1877. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

THE OREGON CASE.

Cronin Tells how Much he was Paid.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Cronin, the Oregon elector, testified before the Senate committee to-day. He said he had made no arrangement with any person whereby certificates were to be handed him by the Secretary of State; was convinced he was lawfully appointed in place of Watts, and put the certificates in his pocket because he was afraid they would be taken from him by Odell and others. He had refused to come to Washington as messenger unless he should receive three thousand dollars as expenses, and the money was furnished him. He supposed the money was raised among Oregon Democrats by subscription.

Bellinger, chairman of the Democratic committee, informed witness the day before he started for Washington that he (Bellinger) had $2,800, and in addition to the $2,000, the $3,000 required was raised, and a note signed by Bellinger and witness which was deposited at the banking house of Ladd & Tilton, at Portland, Oregon. Tilton is a New Yorker, and his politics are unknown to witness. Know a man named Patrick; met him in the office of Judge Strong at Portland. Patrick lives at Omaha. Bellinger met witness on the street at Portland about 10 days previous to the meeting of the electoral college and informed him that a gentleman wished to see him (Cronin) at the office of Judge Strong. He refused to go, and told Bellinger that whatever was done in this electoral muddle must be done by others than himself. Witness afterwards went to Strong's office and met Patrick, who said he had heard witness had said if a certificate of elector was issued to him he would not act, but witness informed Patrick he had changed his mind, and Patrick said to witness, "If Tilden is President, he will give you anything you want." Witness informed Patrick that if he (Patrick) was acquainted with Tilden, he might tell him he had nothing to give which he (Cronin) wanted. Witness was a little angry at Patrick for talking in such a manner. Patrick informed witness he supposed the reason Patrick had been sent to Oregon was that he was the farthest one West. Witness didn't know what Patrick meant. He had heard that Patrick is superintendent of a mine in Colorado. Patrick said nothing about money in his interview with witness; witness never saw Patrick, except on the one occasion before mentioned, and had no conversation with Bellinger about Patrick. Witness had read no messages from the East in relation to the election muddle before seeing Patrick. Witness knows of a Dimon in New York; thinks he is a banker. After the electoral college had met and adjourned, witness saw a dispatch, signed Bristow, which said: "It is important that the returns of Oregon should be properly made up and sent to their destination. Ladd & Tilton have a banking house at Portland, and Ladd & Bush have one at Salem, and A. E. & C. E. Tilton, of 115 Liberty street, New York, are correspondents of the Oregon banking house above mentioned. Witness received a draft for money for expenses, between 4 and 5 o'clock P. M. on the 5th of December, in Ladd & Tilton's bank, from Manager Quackenbush. There were three drafts, one on New York and two on California banks. The $2,800 was not tendered witness in cash. Dimon's name is mentioned in the draft on New York, which is for $2,000. Witness did say at first he would not act as elector if the certificate was given him, but changed his mind after looking up the law, and after hearing of the actions of the South Carolina, Florida and Louisiana returning boards. In answer to Kernan, witness stated he canvassed the State with Watts, and they closed the canvass together at Portland. Watts being postmaster and been mentioned by both he and witness in a jocose way at public meetings. Witness knew Watts was ineligible as an elector before the election, but said nothing about it.

W. M. Turner on the Stand.

William M. Turner, manager of the Western Union Telegraph office, Jacksonville, Oregon, was the next witness answering. He says that he saw the man whom he supposes was Patrick pass through Jacksonville on the stage, on the 29th November. Klippel lives at Jacksonville, but witness did not know of Patrick and Klippel's meeting at Jacksonville.

Senator Morton then asked: Do you know of any dispatches in relation to Patrick having passed over your wire? Witness—I cannot divulge anything passing on the wire.

Q—What do you know about $8,000 being transmitted from New York to Oregon by telegraph? Answer—I don't know anything that I can divulge.

Q—Did a dispatch in regard to Dimond pass over your wire? A.—I decline to answer.

Q—Did Dimond telegraph to Ladd & Tilton, of Portland, to draw $8,000 on him, between Nov. 25th and first Wednesday in December? A.—I decline to answer.

Q—I ask if you know anything in regard to another sum of $1,700 telegraphed previous to the $8,000, and from A. E. and C. E. Tilton, of New York, to this same firm at Portland? A.—I decline to answer.

Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Cronin's examination and Telegraph Manager Turner's refusal to testify before the Senate committee, has furnished to-day's sensation in Washington, and are to-night the chief topics of comment. Cronin failed to make a good appearance on the witness stand, his manner being very self-conscious, and at times both defiant and pompous. His testimony contradicted the concurrent evidence of all the Republican witnesses in every important particular, but on cross-examination he several times contradicted himself in regard to minor matters and details. For instance, he testified on direct examination that he was made a little angry by Patrick's telegram that he could get anything from Tilden if Tilden was elected by his instrumentality, but under Morton's cross-examination, shortly afterwards, he said Patrick's suggestion had not offended him at all. Being questioned whether he thought it was right to withhold certificates when the majority of the college demanded them, he seemed to fall off his guard and inadvertently answered that he did not consider it a question of right but one of expediency. Cronin's acknowledgement that he received $3,000 from his ally for expenses created much significant comment.

It is now ascertained beyond peradventure that the whole proceedings under which Cronin was appointed Presidential elector were originated in New York and directed thence. It is difficult to see how certain witnesses to be examined by Morton's committee, can avoid confessing these facts unless they commit perjury, which can be brought swift home to them.

Turner's Predicament.

W. K. Turner, manager W. U. Telegraph office at Jacksonville, Oregon, was examined by Senator Morton. He refused to answer all the questions about telegrams sent or received at his office. Morton's question referred to the alleged transfer of money by telegraph from the banking house of Ladd & Tilton, Portland, and Ladd & Bush, Salem, Oregon, in which the name of one Diamond was mentioned. He was also interrogated regarding the alleged dispatch from New York, requesting the postponement of the issue of electoral certificates until certain parties should arrive in Oregon.

All Morton's questions which Turner refused to answer very plainly indicated that Republicans expect to prove the corrupt use of at least $25,000, of which this is conjectured to be part. A number of other witnesses will be summoned on this branch of inquiry, including probably the New York and Oregon bankers named in Morton's leading questions. It is also understood that a determined effort will be made to get at facts regarding alleged telegrams sent to Pacific coast from the East by Ex Senator Gwin.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington special says: The Oregon telegraph manager will be in the same predicament before the Senate to-morrow as Barnes before the House. Action will soon be taken to secure the desired telegrams.

What is Thought of Cronin's Confessions.

The *Inter-Ocean's* correspondent says Cronin's confessions have filled the Democrats with dismay. His admission that Patrick tried to buy his vote, an attempt which Cronin indignantly refused, has rendered it necessary for Tilden to explain this method of securing votes. Cronin is no longer a man, but a knave, liar and self-convicted bribe taker.

Gov. Irwin Condemned.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—A large Republican meeting is being held at Sacramento this evening to express the sentiments of the party regarding the endorsement of the action of Gov. Grover, of Oregon, by Gov. Irwin and Democratic leaders and party of this State. No details of proceedings yet received.

LOUISIANA.

House Investigation.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 2.—The House committee examined 55 witnesses, who testified to the fairness of the election and the absence of intimidation at the election in Concordia parish.

Geo. F. Davis, clerk of the returning board, testified that the raising of the Republican electoral vote in Vernon parish from 176 had been done by a clerical error.

The House sub-committee examined a number of witnesses relative to Livingstone parish.

Sylvester Simons, tax collector, testified that the election was peaceable and quiet, and that his affidavit appearing in the Sherman report was prepared in the custom house and made him say things he knew nothing about; he never knew of any armed organizations there.

Samuel Bareston, Augustus Ward and T. Spilter, flatly contradicted the affidavit of Supervisor Davidson as to intimidation, and said they would not believe him on oath.

Senate Investigation.

In the evening session, the Senate sub-committee heard Ernest Cliff (colored), who detailed the arrest of John Gion, a prominent colored Republican of Baton Rouge, by a sheriff's posse, on a charge of having poisoned *Dr. Saunders'* family; saw him shot to death on the road by a body of men, and gave the names of some eight persons connected with it; that he, Paul Johnson and others, burned the body, despite a warning not to do so; that Johnson was afterward carried off by armed men and never seen again; and men came to witness' house and drove out his wife and children barefooted and burned it. He gave the names of a number of men.

The Senate committee this evening heard the testimony of Col. Richardson, of Ouachita, in rebuttal of the evidence of Republican witnesses. His evidence is similar to that of Samuel McEnery.

The Senate sub-committee examined some ten colored witnesses who detailed cases of intimidation in East Baton Rouge, showing a reign of terror.

The committee took a variety of contradictory testimony concerning the state of affairs in Louisiana and the doings of the Regulators and of negro clubs.

[illegible]om, of Monroe, gave an account of his famous Antietam proclamation. He had seen numbers of armed men (negroes) and justified himself in every act.

Nicholls and Wiltz Elected.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 2.—In the Democratic legislature a resolution was introduced to notify the President that that body had organized and the meeting declared Nicholls and Wiltz elected.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 2.—Interest in the investigating committees has given way to interest in the State political situation. The committee from the Senate to-day waited upon the Secretary of State, Desmonde, and asked for the official State returns. Desmonde declined to recognize them, and said, the law directed him to furnish them to the speaker of the House, which he had done. One member in the Democratic House to-day deserted that body and reported at the State house. Eight members returned elected by the board are still absent from the city.

FLORIDA.

Inauguration of Gov. Drew.

TALLAHASSEE, Jan. 3.—The inauguration of Gov. Drew took place yesterday. The legislature is organized in both branches and both are Democratic.

A Man who would Sell for $125.

The *Times* Jacksonville dispatch says: The sheriff of Baker county was before the Senate committee to-day, and he testified to the fact that a local Democrat offered him $125 to sign the bogus returns, by which the Democrats are claiming a majority for Tilden on the face of the returns. The agent of the Democrats who was selected by the party to bribe him, in the first instance, failed, and a second attempt to do the dirty work was made upon him by one Hartridge, who went to Baker county specially commissioned by agents of Tilden and Drew.

The State of the Contest.

The result of the judicial proceedings in Florida is such as most Republicans have looked for, and it confirms the vote of that State to Hayes. The contest is now narrowed down to the dispute about Louisiana, unless Oregon is still to be subject to Democratic contest.

Hatred of Northern People.

Considerable testimony was taken showing bitter hostility existing in this city against Northern men, who, although they never run for office, announce their Republican principles and make themselves prominent about election time. These Northern men made Jacksonville what it is, the most prosperous city in the South, and by their capital and enterprise are building up the eastern portion of the State. To such extent is this the case, that if Northern men were to withdraw their capital there would be nothing left but utter desolation. Yet they are contemptuously called carpet-baggers, etc., and all because they don't join the Democratic party. One gentleman, named Abbott, had a small Union flag hanging over his door, which was torn down and disgustingly besmeared together with his house, because he rode in a Republican procession. It was shown also that Democrats withdrew their deposits from the First National Bank of this city, because one of the officers appeared in a Republican procession.

Put Their Foot in It.

The sub-committee of the House which went to Jackson county, arrived here last night, and Democratic members said they put their foot in it in going there. Every precinct they sat down to investigate revealed nothing but Democratic rascality. It was proved by Democratic witnesses, at Friendship Church, that Republicans were swindled out of 145 votes. A Republican member of the committee asserts that at two precincts the Republicans were cheated out of a sufficient number of votes to have given a majority on the face of the returns for the whole State ticket, and yet Drew has been inaugurated Governor, thanks to the whitewash of his Supreme Court.

SOUTH AMERICA.

War in Nicaragua.

PANAMA, Jan. 2.—Ex-President Guardia, of Costa Rica, is about to visit Guardia and Salvador, for the purpose of inducing those States to unite with Costa Rica in a war against Nicaragua. President Herrara, of Costa Rica, by decree, abolished the press and placed every printing office in the country under direct control of the authorities.

Another battle occurred in the State of Canao, Republic of Colombo. Liberals claim the victory, but lost some prominent officers. The loss of each side in the previously reported battle of Sarrara was—Liberals, 6,000 killed and 1,300 wounded; conservatives, 300 killed and 700 wounded, and of the wounded at least 500 will die.

Mr. Moronoe, Dutch consul Sinor Agustin Velez and two other persons, were assassinated at Carthagena. Assassins arrested.

The *Fountain Sentinel* tells of a "red bat" being lately caught at Baker City. Perhaps it was a brick-bat which the editor caught in his *sombrero*.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco Stock Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—Ophir 20⅞, Mexican 18½, G & C 12, B & B 4, California 44⅞, Savage 9¼, Con Va 30⅞, Chollar 78½, H & N 5⅞, Point 6⅞, Jacket 15¼, Imperial 1 80, Kentuck 8, Alpha 22½, Belcher 1, S Nevada 9¼, Utah 13¼, Bullion 20¼, Exchequer 9, S Belcher 81, Overman 118⅞, Justice 19, Succor 60c, Union 9, Julia 5⅞, Caledonia 12⅞, Baltic 1½, Hill 7½, Woodville 1, R Island 60c, P Sheridan 2½, Alta 2½, New York 50c, Lady Washington 3½, Andes 1 95, N Con Va 1½, Prospect 50c, Trojan 55c.

EVENING BOARD.—Valley 50c, R & E 3, Eu Con 15⅝, K K 3, Leopard 4⅞, Belmont 4, Belle 22⅞, Hussey 50c Thomas 30c, Manhattan 14½, Modoc 9⅞, N Coso 2⅞, S Modoc 1, G Chariot 2⅞, S Chariot 1½, Bullion 19, Con Va 30, Imperial 1 80, Jacket 14⅞, Savage 9¼, B & B 39⅞, California 44½, Ophir 20⅞, Caledonia 12½, Justice 18⅞, Chollar 78, Overman 115, Belcher 10⅞, Alpha 21⅞, B & O 11½, S Nevada 9¼.

The Josephson Murder.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—An inquest was held yesterday by the coroner over the remains of Christopher Josephson, murdered by Antonia Von Apponig last Saturday morning. Nothing was given to the jury which has not already been published, except the following translation of one of the letters found in the room of the murdered man: "I gazed into dark deep waters, and heard the smothered roar of the great ocean. Then I swore vengeance by blood on you, if you dared for your amusement to ——. Should my aim fail, then may my curse rest upon you; and Count S. W. Apponig will be the avenger, and lead you to your death. It would pain me deeply if your parents, or, perhaps, a wife and child should mourn your death; yet I cannot do otherwise. All who may hear of this forgive me, but it must be done. A. J. Von Apponig." The jury returned a verdict of death from a wound inflicted by Antonia J. Apponig, and charged the woman with the crime of murder. The case is exciting the greatest interest in the city. Nothing has been heard of the woman since Sunday night.

That Lick Trust.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—To-day was fixed by the Probate Court for a jury trial of the contest over trust deeds executed by the late Jas. Lick, several petitions having been filed by heirs; but owing to the illness of counsel, the case was continued one week.

Stock Matters.

Stocks are dull again this morning, except lively sales of Overman and Caledonia at somewhat advanced prices. There were also large transactions in Con Va, but no improvement in rates. The attempt to ascertain from the powers that there is probability of Con Va dividend being declared to-morrow is productive of meagre results. It was stated that the trustees had the matter under consideration and their decision could not be definitely known at present, but the general tenor of conversation seemed to imply that the declaration of a dividend is doubtful, not on account of anything permanently affecting the value of the mine, but owing simply to temporary difficulties and delays experienced in working and consequent decrease in the ore production.

A Big Race.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—The subscriptions to the great race of heats of four miles, under the auspices of the Bay District Association, closes to-day. There is every indication that the field will be large, as the plan adopted gives subscribers until Feb. 12th to name the horses they will run. The purse is $5,000.

Sailing of Steamers for China.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—The Pacific Mail steamer *City of Peking* sailed at noon to-day for Japan and China. The sailing of the Australian steamer *City of New York* was postponed till to-morrow on account of the non-arrival of British mails.

Libel Suits.

In the 9th district court to-day Marriott, of the *News Letter*, was perpetually enjoined from publishing a certain libelous article concerning Frederick Clay.

In the 4th district court to-day the trial of the libel suit of O. P. Fitzgerald vs J. A. Klose, was commenced. It will be remembered that when Fitzgerald was running for superintendent of public instruction last year, Klose published a card stating that plaintiff received from Wilson, Hinckle & Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio, a check or draft on the Bank of California for $3,000, for his services in securing a change of text books in the public schools. Plaintiff denies that he received a check for that amount or any other amount from Wilson, Hinckle & Co., or from any other person or persons, nor was he ever bribed. He asks judgment for $20,000 damages. In his answer defendant admits the publication of the card, but denies that he intended to injure the reputation of plaintiff, but reiterates the allegations therein contained are true. He further says he believes plaintiff collected money from the bank and that it was to influence him to change the text books in the schools. He further charges that while superintendent of public instruction plaintiff did corruptly receive money from divers persons which influenced his acts as superintendent. Plaintiff and defendant were partners in publishing a weekly paper called the *Spectator* at the time the check is alleged to have been received.

Ex-Pension Agent Bennett is on trial before a jury to-day in the U. S. Circuit Court, on a charge of embezzling government money.

Southern California News.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 3.—Mr Cross Walk, living 25 miles from Encinada, arrived here to-day. He left home a day or two ago. He says the people in his section knew nothing of any freebooting expedition when he left there.

The cattle of the coast are fast dying from starvation and the better of them have been driven into the mountains to save their lives. Everything is depressed for want of rain. Nothing heard of expedition here up to 6 o'clock this evening.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

First Serious Railway Accident in Denmark.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 2.—The first railway accident in Denmark involving loss of life, occurred to-day near Horseno. A train containing a hundred laborers ran off the track. Nine persons were killed and thirty severely wounded.

Gale on the French Coast.

PARIS, Jan. 2.—A tremendous gale has been raging on the Atlantic coast of France. Two villages were threatened with destruction by high water. Several lives were lost. One of the telegraph cables between France and England has parted.

Dismissed and Dead.

ALEXANDRIA, Jan. 1.—The death of the Khedive's finance minister, who was recently dismissed in disgrace, is announced.

Gale on the English Coast.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—A gale of unprecedented violence prevailed on the southern coast of England yesterday. The Dover pier was partially destroyed; damage estimated at $150,000. At East Bourne there was great destruction, and the loss foots up $65,000. Nearly every town on the southern coast from Dover to Portsmouth was partially inundated by the high tide, and furniture was washed out of houses.

Disastrous floods, caused by heavy rains, are still reported throughout the country.

Total number of acres transferred in Umatilla county during the year ending December 30, 1876, as appears from the records, 5 820; total value of the same, $52,460; average price paid per acre, $9. Total value of town property transferred during the year, 13,749 50. Of this amount there was transferred, of Pendleton property, $7,515; Weston, $3,317; Milton, $1,[illegible]5; Heppner, $1,212 50; Umatilla City, $990.

The Grangers propose to erect a flouring mill in Grand Ronde valley.

GENERAL NEWS.

Pacific Coast Salmon in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—About 10,000 pounds of California salmon arrived here in good condition, and is selling at a reasonable price.

Failure.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Harrman & Co., piano dealers; liabilities $123,000.

What is the Matter with Silver.

The *Times* editorial says the *Economist* of London points out reasons why the silver market is likely to be unsteady, and is sure to be calculated with difficulty. First it remarks the uncertain quantity which the German government may at any time sell hangs over the markets. The effect of the increase of council bills on Indian demand for silver has still to be fully tested in practice. American production is still an unknown quantity, though everything seems to show that it will be much less than it was thought to be. Till these causes have ceased to operate as powerfully as they do now, no important stock of silver will be kept, since the future is too uncertain to justify it, and until it is kept, the price will probably fluctuate [illegible] much as during the last year, when most of the influences that cause variation have been at a maximum, and most of those which causes steadiness at a minimum. Under these circumstances, the *Economist* remarks it will be desirable that no government shall involve *itself in a currency depending on relations of* silver and gold which has not begun one already. This view which all persons familiar with the facts must take, we commend to Senators who are in doubt what to do with the Bland silver bill when it reaches the Senate.

The Silver Question.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: Henry Cernuschi, an eminent French writer on bi-metallic currency, was on the house floor this afternoon, and met many members of the silver commission, who have carefully considered the question. He will remain until the Presidential case is settled and something done on the silver question. He proposes calling an international conference on the subject and to provide for simultaneous and harmonious action by leading commercial nations of the globe to protect themselves against embarrassment consequent upon the violent fluctuation in the market price of silver. It is not at all unlikely the silver commission, which reports on the 15th, in addition to recommending a double metallic standard, will also favor the Congress.

Wants to End his Troubles.

ALBANY, Jan. 3.—Boss Tweed is utterly broken down at last and ready to make any terms to bring his troubles to an end. It may safely be predicted that he will surrender all the property still within his control and make a clean breast of the whole ring business to some prudent and trustworthy representative of the prosecution.

A Dramatic Success.

BOSTON, Jan. 3.—Mrs. Gen. Lander has made an unequivocal success at the Boston Theater as Hester Prynne in the dramatization of Hawthorne's "Scarlet Letter," made by herself and Count De Vajeo. The *Journal* flatteringly criticises the drama as intensely and powerfully interesting, and its presentation as thrilling and effective.

Fire in Troy—Fireman Burned.

TROY, Jan. 3.—Four stores were destroyed in West Troy yesterday; loss [illegible]. Isaac Bennett, fireman, was burned to death.

Coal Mines on Fire.

LYKENS, Pa., Jan. 3.—The mines here have been burning since Monday, and are now caving in. It is believed the miners escaped, but eighty-six mules have been suffocated.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The *Times'* Pottsville (Pa.) dispatch says: Yesterday a fire, which threatened to be even more serious in its consequences than the [illegible] colliery fire, broke out in the deep workings of the Lykens valley mines, 30 miles west of this place. There are four collieries, all connected by underground passages together. Their workings form one of the longest subterranean galleries in the world, having continuous connection about ten miles in a straight line. They produce the well known Lykens valley coal, soft semi-anthracite, which burns readily, a quality to which the rapid spread of the fire is doubtless owing. Probably the miners all escaped. Eighty-five mules perished. Even if the fire is under control, which is now said to be doubtful, the mines must be closed for weeks, disemploying 500 men.

LYKENS, Pa., Jan. 3.—The only means of stopping the fire in the mines is to flood them, which has already been done. The mules have been found to be alive. About 800 men are thrown out of employment. Years are required to repair damages.

Fire.

HAMILTON, Jan. 3.—The store of Stuart & McPherson, wholesale grocers, partially burned; loss, $40,000.

Outrage of the Cuban Patriots.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Excitement exists here among Cubans on the rumor that the mail steamer *Nuevo Cubano* plying between the island of Pines and Batacano, south shore of Cuba, has been captured in a similar manner to the *Moctezuma*. The run between these ports is made in 12 hours, and at last accounts the *Nuevo Cubano* had been out five days. She had on board a large number of political prisoners who were being sent from the island of Pines to work at the reconstruction of the Trocha in the central department.

Quarreling Over A. T. Stewart's Estate.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The *Times* says another complication has arisen regarding the will of the late A. T. Stewart which people supposed was settled. This time the papers come directly from Ireland, and claimants set forth in affidavits attached thereto that they are first cousins to the late Stewart. The papers are in the hands of S. I. Kneeland and Carter, and have not yet been filed in court. They have no connection whatever with the claim of the Baileys of Brooklyn, although the same branch of the Stewart family is represented.

A Slip 'twixt the Cup and the Lip.

The *Sun* reports Bennett's marriage broken off. There is also other and better authority for the rumor.

Gov. Hayes' Last State Message.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 2.—The assembly organized to-day. Hayes read his message, showing Ohio's local indebtedness to be thirty-six millions. The State debt has been reduced the past year nearly one and one half millions. The message says while political parties seem necessary in national affairs, in municipal matters there is no reason for political antagonisms. It expresses satisfaction with Ohio's display at the Centennial and general prosperity of the State, and makes several recommendations, including one that registration laws should be passed and a Constitutional amendment for holding State elections in the year in which *Presidential elections* occur.

Advance in Fares on the Railroads.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—At a meeting of passenger agents held in this city to-day the following advances in passenger rates were determined on by the Trunk lines: New York to Cleveland, $8 to $11; Toledo, $10 to $13 50; Detroit, $10 to $12; Chicago, $13 to $18; St. Louis, $17 to $23.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—The trunk line of managers announce the following rates, to go into effect to-morrow: From Chicago to New York, $13; from St. Louis to New York, $22; to Boston, one dollar more than to New York, and to Philadelphia, $1 [illegible] less. This is an increase of $5. From Chicago to Buffalo rates advance to $12,—former fare was $10. The new rates are for limited tickets, which shows the advance is but temporary, and that another is expected.

Gold and Stocks.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Gold closed 107[illegible]; money, 4@7; govts dull and steady; stocks active and strong; greenbacks, [illegible]; gold and silver coin, 8½ premium.

Mail Robbers Arrested.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Three former employes of Dodd's Express Co. were arrested to-day, charged with cutting mail bags and abstracting letters.

[illegible] of True Love, Etc.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The *Commercial Advertiser* says [illegible] to her of May day, to whom James G[illegible] Bennett was engaged, but which was broken off, assaulted Bennett this afternoon with a club, striking him on the head, and stunned him so that he fell. He recovered himself, wrested the club from May, and a fight then took place between them and Bennett [illegible]. Many some very heavy blows [illegible] were finally separated. Neither party was injured.

Coroner's Inquest.

ASHTABULA, Jan. 3.—By the finding of papers and [illegible] of clothing among the debris to-day, the following named persons were known to have been on the wrecked train: Miss Charlotte [illegible] Smith, Rondout, N. Y.; Miss Mamie Ann Smith, Rondout, N. Y.; [illegible] W. Smith, Toronto. There was also identified among the bodies at the freight house, Mrs. E. [illegible], Chippewa, Can. The only relics found to-day, besides those mentioned, were some pocket knives. It is probable to-morrow will finish cleaning away the wreck and search for the missing.

The [illegible] Number of passengers on train, [illegible]; number of employes on train, 9; total, 1[illegible]7; rescued passengers, [illegible]; employes, [illegible]; total, 72. Died since—passengers, 8; employes, 1; total, [illegible]. Names of unknown rescued, 52, lost, 7; unaccounted for, 52.

Celebrated Minstrel Dead.

NEW YORK, Jan. [illegible]—Eph Horn, the celebrated minstrel, died to-day.

[illegible]

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Suit of M. W. Brody [illegible] day [illegible], plaintiff not appearing.

Guilty of Violating the Scriptures.

NEWARK, Jan. 3.—The presbytery to-day, by a vote of 16 to 1, found Rev. Mr. Lee guilty of violating the scriptures by allowing a woman to preach in his pulpit.

[illegible]

arranged for, and favors the continuation of the court for a limited time, with authority to take jurisdiction of the class of claims referred to. But he demands that judgments be such as to make them cover actual cases, and he would deduct from the amount paid by insurance companies to owners of vessels and cargoes the extra amount they received on account of the unusual and hazardous character of war risks. After all such claims as these are paid, he believes there would still remain a large balance, which he would invest in the way and for the purpose named.

The Senate to-day, on recommendation of claims committee, rejected the claim of Macondray & Co., Thos. H. Hathaway and other San Francisco merchants, for losses sustained by them [illegible] years ago, by the falling of Union street bonded warehouse, where their goods were stored.

The Inter-Oceanic Canal.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The President speaking of the Nicaragua ship canal, says he has always been greatly interested in the opening of [illegible]. He says he is perfectly familiar with the Nicaragua route and can himself testify to its practicability; that he crossed the isthmus [illegible] years ago on his way to join his command in California; that the level of the lake is not more than 107 feet above tide on the [illegible]; that the length of the canal [illegible] Grande to Brito. In a recent conversation the President alluded to two other routes [illegible] which careful instrumental surveys have been made, each of which [illegible]

[illegible]

COMMON COUNCIL.

REGULAR MEETING, JAN. 3, 1876.

A regular meeting of the common council was held last evening at 7 o'clock.

Present—Hon. J. A. Chapman, Mayor. Councilmen Andrus, Blumauer, Corbett, Harrington, Lambert, Skidmore, Stemme, Stephens, Wiley.

In attendance—W. S. Caldwell, auditor and clerk, J. H. Lappeus, chief of police, by Jos. Sloan.

CONFIRMATION.

The appointment of W. H. Adams as police judge, was confirmed.

PETITIONS.

The petition of P. G. Baker and others for the improvement of Clay street between Seventh and Eighth, was read and placed on file.

The petition of J. Rines & Co., for permission to construct a wharf in the rear of Richardson's auction store, was referred to the committee on landings and wharves.

The petition of P. W. Davis for a lease of the public levee, was laid on the table.

REPORTS.

The annual report of the auditor and clerk was read and referred to the committee on ways and means, and ordered published.

The quarterly report of the treasurer was read and referred to the committee on ways and means.

The yearly report of the city surveyor was read and referred to the committee on ways and means.

CLAIMS.

The following claims against the city were ordered paid:

Costellon & Gibson, $33 25; John Barrett, $108 85; W. Braden, $8 50; Zan, Bros. & Co., $5 85; Gutta Percha Manufacturing Co. $9 75; J. K. Gill & Co., $27 05; J. H. Butler, $20; D. W. Taylor, $150; W. T. Besser, $60; H. D. Graden, $62 25; A. Hamilton, $2 0 30; John Coste on, $516 55; R. Hendrie, $246 13; McCulloch & Martin, $5 5; W. Braden, $7 75; steamer *Geo. W. Elder*, $2 50; T. M. Temple, $5; Costellon & Gibson, $4, Ed. Graham, $4; F. Kruspe, $3; P. Sykes, $12.

ORDINANCES.

The following ordinances were passed:

An ordinance making appropriation out of the general fund for salaries.

An ordinance making appropriation out of the fire department fund.

An ordinance making appropriation out of the street lamp fund.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolutions were adopted authorizing the auditor and clerk to give notice that the common council propose to improve the following streets by putting in box and open gutters: Yambill street, from Fifth to Eleventh; the intersection of Washington and Tenth streets; the intersection of Montgomery and First streets, and Clay street from Seventh to Eighth by laying sidewalks and crosswalks where necessary. Adjourned.

BRIEF NOTES.

Ball and festival season.

Almost cold enough to snow.

No State Circuit Court until February.

Prospects for snow somewhat flattering.

Rather dull since the holidays are over.

Opera company Saturday afternoon and evening.

No U. S. District and Circuit Court before to-morrow.

Remember the railroad meeting next Saturday evening.

A cold eastern rain poured down yesterday without intermission.

Now is a good time to "brace up" and keep your good resolutions.

Tom and Jerry is still the favorite beverage with all who have not "swore off."

Leap Year is a thing of the past, and all unmarried young ladies are not happy.

Regular meeting of the Father Mathew T. A. B. Society this evening. Annual election of officers.

James Turk was examined yesterday before U. S. Commissioner Wilcox, on a charge of selling liquor without a license.

Three bunko sharps attempted to "take in and do for" two cattle drovers. They were effectually foiled in their little game.

We regret to announce that Mr. B. L. Norden, deputy sheriff of this county, is confined at his home with a severe attack of the putrid sore throat.

Two large bells arrived on the steamer yesterday morning. They are consigned to Bishop Morris, and are doubtless intended for church bells.

A MERITED COMPLIMENT.

At the time Mr. W. A. Hart was presented with a gold badge at Columbian engine house, New Year's evening, J. W. Whalley, Esq., who was selected to make the presentation speech, delivered the following very neat and appropriate remarks:

Mr. Wm. A. Hart: Upon this festive occasion, when we are hailing the advent of 1877, and, with our friends, indulging in pleasant memories of the past and bright anticipations of the future, it is a fitting season for your friends in the Portland Fire Department to testify their appreciation of the valuable services which you have rendered during your term of office as First Assistant Engineer. To say that you were ever ready, steady and true, is to repeat what all concede. To tell *how* much your uniform cheerfulness of disposition, politeness of manner and impartiality of conduct have endeared you to your brother firemen would be impossible. Let then this token of regard which your department friends have commissioned me to deliver to you, testify better than mere words can our respect and esteem. The badge which I have just handed to you purports to be a recognition by your fellow-firemen of past services as First Assistant Engineer for the year ending December 31, 1876; but we trust you will see in it more than its inscription imports. Not only is it a tribute due to past service, but it is also an indication how, in the performance of that service you have merited and received the confidence and esteem of your associates. Prize it then not because of its intrinsic value, but on account of the spirit which prompts the gift. Long may you live to wear it, and long may the Portland Fire Department continue to receive the benefit of your exertions and your example.

THE COURTS.

COUNTY COURT—WOODWARD, J.—WOODWARD AND KELLY, COMMISSIONERS.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 3, 1876.

LAW.

Joseph Buchtel vs. Van B. DeLashmutt; verdict for plaintiff for $238.

W. B. Magers vs Tim Staples; order setting trial on Tuesday next at 1 A. M.

South Portland Real Estate Association vs J. P. Cline and E. H. Garling; default set aside.

PROBATE.

In the matter of the estate of E. D. Backenstos deceased; order granting sale of real estate as prayed for.

COMMISSIONERS.

Application of Robert Uhlman and Edgar J. Maxwell for free tuition at the State University; granted.

LADIES' RELIEF SOCIETY.

The following is the treasurer's report for the month of December, 1876:

Balance from November report		$602 83
Received in December—		
From fines and dues	$ 21 75	
Monthly subscriptions	56 00	
Donations	6 50	
Board of children at The Home	10 00	
Rent of house	8 00—	101 75
		$704 58

DISBURSEMENTS.

For expenses of "The Home"	$100 87	
For outside charities	11 50—	112 37
Balance in treasury		$592 21

Jewelry can be bought very low at B. L. Stone's, as he is about to remove.

Go to Kohn's for your clothing.

"When Freedom, from her mountain top
Unfurled her standard in the air,
She held Dr. Warner's Health Corset up,
And cried, "Here's freedom for the fair."

I would I were—Oh! thrilling thought—
Dr. Warner's Health Corset.
Neat and snug
I'd clasp thy trim and taper waist in one continual, everlasting,
Rapturous hug."

Send orders to B. L. Stone for fines and largest diamonds.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 1.—At Saturday's sitting of conference, after the Turks announced that their counter proposals were not ready, Count Shandardy, French plenipotentiary, addressed the conference, pointing out that the propositions of European representatives contained nothing contrary to the integrity of the Ottoman empire. Gen. Ignatieff declared that Russia had made every concession in order to arrive at an understanding. It was to Turkey's interest to accept the proposals of the powers. Lord Salisbury and the Austrian and Italian representatives expressed approval of these statements. Hopes of a peaceful solution continue. Plenipotentiaries appear disposed to make concessions in matters of detail. The Greek envoy has informed Sir H. G. Elliott that Greece will subordinate her Eastern policy to that of England. The Marquis of Salisbury has promised the Cretan delegate that he will consider the claims of the Cretes. It is stated that the Porte is willing to concede that the governors of the insurgent provinces shall be Christians. It is reported at Bucharest that in consequence of the prolongation of the armistice the Roumania army will be placed on a peace footing.

PERA, Jan. 2.—At the conference, Monday, the Turkish delegates declared they had no authority to discuss the question of international law commission, and the conference adjourned until Thursday. The Turkish cabinet council will deliberate upon the Porte's definite answer to the proposition of the powers.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 2.—The fourth sitting of the plenary conference was held to-day. The Marquis of Salisbury expressed the views of plenipotentiaries upon the Turkish counter proposals. The Turkish delegates enumerated points upon which they didn't consider they could negotiate. The plenipotentiaries asked if this declaration is tantamount to absolute refusal. The Turkish delegates replied, they must refer it to the Porte. The next session of the conference will be held Thursday, when the Porte will give a definite reply. The Marquis of Salisbury visited the Grand Vizier after the conference. The counter proposals of Turkey differ from the system agreed upon by the plenipotentiaries. It is stated Gen. Ignatieff, the Russian plenipotentiary, has declared he can not discuss Turkey's proposals, and is supported by the plenipotentiaries.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—The *Daily News* publishes a sensational dispatch from Constantinople representing that the proceedings in the conference on Saturday were stormy, and asserting that the European plenipotentiaries will refuse to discuss any project but the proposals of the conference, and if the Porte refuses to discuss these proposals, a European *ultimatum* will follow.

The *Times'* Vienna special says the condition of Grand Duke Nicholas is so critical that it is reported he will return to St. Petersburg as soon as he is able to travel. Gen. Kaufman is mentioned as his successor in command of the army in the South of Russia.

Gen. Tchernayeff has set out on his return to Servia. His reception at Kischeneff was not very cordial. He only saw Grand Duke Nicholas privately. He has been asked for an account of the money forwarded by Russian societies to Servia. This he has been unwilling or unable to give. Meantime, all money from Russia hereafter will be sent direct to the Servian treasury.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The *Daily Telegraph's* special from Pera, dated Sunday, says the Turkish counter propositions were sent to the plenipotentiaries late Saturday night. The Turks offer a system of administration very like that proposed by the powers, but ignore questions of a gend'arme and international commission, and absolutely refuse to pardon Bulgarian prisoners. On the subject of the appointment of Governors to the approval of the powers they also reject, and the financial proposals, and suggest no guarantees. The European plenipotentiaries held an informal meeting Sunday to consider the counter proposals. The Russian, German, Austrian and French delegates remarked they could not act with the Porte, and seemed inclined to cut short the discussion. After Lord Salisbury stated his views they became calmer. Gen. Ignatieff, however, read to the representatives a telegram from Prince Gortschakoff, directing him not to listen to any counter proposals whatever. It was finally arranged that the conference should present their original propositions again Monday. The correspondent says should the Turks persist in their refusal, I understand all the ambassadors will quit Constantinople and leave their legations in charge of Charge d'Affairs. In confirmation of the foregoing, a Reuter dispatch, dated Pera, Monday, says to-day at the conference, the situation was very grave. The Porte resisted. There will be another sitting on Thursday.

Another dispatch from Pera to the *Daily Telegram* states at the Saturday's sitting of the conference, Gen. Ignatieff informed the Turks his instructions justified his saying Russia had absolutely reached the limit of concession.

The announcement of an issue of additional Turkish paper money has caused almost a panic in Constantinople. Many bankers and others have closed their shops, and there is much excitement and distress.

Ignatieff to Quit Turkey.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—A delayed dispatch from Constantinople, Dec. 29th, says: It was believed that at Saturday's sitting of the conference the European plenipotentiaries would make further concessions to the Porte, and by the agreement to be reached it was thought improbable that Gen. Ignatieff would remain in Constantinople as Russian ambassador after the conference. It was asserted that the Turkish government contemplates a fresh issue of paper money to the amount of three million Turkish pounds.

Servians Jubilant.

BELGRADE, Jan. 1.—The Servians are jubilant at the prolongation of the armistice. All warlike preparations have ceased. Militia which had started to the front has been recalled. Russians who have formed part of the garrison at Belgrade will be sent to Gladaha.

The Porte Obstinate and Plenipotentiaries Threaten to Quit Constantinople.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 2.—At Monday's sitting of the conference, the Turks, in addition to points already mentioned, refused to accept the proposal that the official language of each district should be that of the majority of the inhabitants thereof.

The Marquis of Salisbury addressed the conference with warmth, condemning the obstinacy of the Porte.

Although another sitting is appointed for Thursday, little hope of an understanding is entertained. The plenipotentiaries have intimated their intention, if the Porte persists in resisting the proposals of the powers, to quit Constantinople.

Gen. Ignatieff has asked Safoet Pasha for authorization for a Russian man-of-war to enter the Bosphorus to convey him home. Safoet has granted the authorization, and if efforts to effect an understanding fail Ignatieff will depart on Saturday.

Another telegram dated Constantinople, Tuesday evening, states that at an interview between Lord Salisbury and Midhat Pasha, after the sitting of the conference yesterday, the conversation became very animated in consequence of Salisbury's reproach, and the Grand Vizier declared he was ready to resign, as he could not agree to conditions incompatible with the independence and integrity of Turkey. Salisbury urged it was to the interest of Turkey to accept proposals of the powers. Midhat replied, that the Porte might make concessions upon some points, but would reject all which were contrary to the dignity of the empire. After this interview a cabinet council was held, and Midhat Pasha visited all the plenipotentiaries.

Count Chandeacy was to have audience with the Sultan to-day. A council of Turkish ministers will be held to-morrow to decide resolutions to be communicated to conference on Thursday.

Reports are confirmed that Ignatieff and Salisbury will quit Constantinople immediately if the Porte refuses the proposals of the powers. Military preparations are proceeding with activity, and the decent inhabitants of Phillipolis have commissioned their delegates in Constantinople to formally protest before the plenipotentiaries against the assimilation of the Greek population of Phillipolis with Bulgarians.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The *Standard's* dispatch from Belgrade reports that General Nikitine, on Monday, dismissed the Russian and foreign officers whom he had engaged, and with Dandeville, the Czar's adjutant, will soon return to Russia. The Russian soldiers who remain in Servia will be incorporated in the Servian army. The scuptschina will assemble immediately to vote a budget. The question of concluding peace with Turkey will probably be raised at the same time.

The *Standard's* Berlin dispatch says: It is reported from St. Petersburg that General Ignatieff has already re-embarked the archives of the embassy.

The *Daily News'* special from Constantinople says: Somebody is encouraging the Turks to resist. Some believe Austria is doing so secretly.

A Vienna dispatch states that Ignatieff voted for prolongation of the armistice on the understanding that it should apply only to Servia and Montenegro, and no hostilities carried on elsewhere should be considered in violation of the engagement.

A telegram from Pesth to the same journal reports that Gen. Nikitine has been recalled by order of the Czar, and that all Russian volunteers must leave Servia before Jan. 15th.

The *Daily Telegraph's* special from Pera gives additional details of what passed at the interview between Midhat Pasha and Lord Salisbury, showing that the language used was very emphatic. Midhat declared the Sultan would uphold his rights and put his trust in God.

The *Times'* correspondent at Paris, discussing the various rumors concerning the condition of the Russian army, says the truth is the army continues to be organized with great rapidity. The men are neither so frightened or so discouraged as they have been represented to be, and will be perfectly ready to take the field in two months, provided a capable General is placed at their head. The great complaint of Grand Duke Nicholas is inefficiency. The moderation of Russia is not caused by military weakness, but by a desire to throw the blame of provoking war on Turkey.

Possibility of a Crisis in Turkey.

VIENNA, Jan. 3.—*Politica. Correspondence* prints a Constantinople telegram dated January 2, which says, in consequence of the great influence brought to bear, the agreement of the Turkish council is less complete than before. Midhat Pasha, Grand Vizier, threatens to resign, and there is a possibility of a ministerial crisis.

Well, the new year is now fairly begun, and every one has taken to a quiet business-like way. New leaves have been turned, and the most sensible one is to buy, in future, your clothing, etc., at the new store recently opened by Beck & Waldman, the pioneers.

For a splendid "lay out," interview Frank Fabre, Second street, near Morrison.

Silverware—one price—at B. L. Stone's.

Send your wife to Barnes Central Market.

Still a fine stock of jewelry at B. L. Stone's.

Captains and pilots will note the fact that Peter Wilhelm has fitted up two rooms for their especial use at the Fountain, corner Ash and First streets. English papers on file, and everything cozy.

For gent's fashionable clothing, go to Kohn's, corner First and Morrison streets.

Barnes Central Market—a home.

Fresh supply. Those persons who were disappointed in procuring one of those beautiful Energy Hats, are informed that Meussdorffer has received a fresh supply, and can meet the wants of everybody.

Having purchased the interest of W. H. Andrus, Esq., in the Occidental Hotel, I will be happy to meet my friends in future at this house. THOMAS SMITH.

Make glad the "waist" by wearing Warner's Health Corset, the pride of every lady.

Dr. Halpruner is again able to be in his office from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Persons can have their corns treated as usual.

The end. The end of the year has come, the end of all things approacheth; there must come an end to an old hat; but, in the language of Meussdorffer so much the better. I can sell new ones cheap.

Mrs. B. A. Owens, M.D., Office and residence, east side First street, between Yambill and Taylor. Special attention given to Women and Children complaints. Also gives Medicated Vapor Baths, combined with Electricity, in treating Rheumatism and Chronic Diseases.

FINNEL'S HAVANA CIGAR STORE.
Opposite Strowbridge's Block, has on hand and for sale a large assortment of fine Cigars, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, the best, cheapest and largest assortment in the city. Call, judge for yourself, and become convinced that I give more satisfaction for your money than any other retail store here.
98 FIRST STREET.

CHAS. L. GRAY,
Professor of Music,
Teacher of the Piano, Violin, Guitar and Cornet.
Leave orders at SHERMAN & HYDE'S, or at residence, cor. Fourth and Morrison streets.

OMNES PROSINT.
W. H. PFUNDER,
APOTHECARY & CHEMIST,
Ankeny's New Market Theater Block
Portland, Oregon.
Pure Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines.

NOTICE.

The undersigned in taking leave of Portland returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage that has been bestowed, and would bespeak for his successors a continuance of the same.

Both DRS. BARBER & NICKLIN, are gentlemen in every way competent and worthy of any confidence that may be placed in them, and as such I can conscientiously recommend them to my former friends and patrons. J. H. HATCH.

J. H. BRENNER
Will give the best references in the city as Teacher of
VIOLIN, PIANO & ORGAN.
Northwestern Brass and String Band
Plays the Latest and Best Music.
Prof. PARRISH................Promptor.
Office—At GRAY'S Music Store. ndlm

A. L. FRANCIS,
Dealer in
PIANO AND ORGANS,
Portland, Oregon.
Extra Inducements Offered.
First-class Instruments Sold on Installments, at Greatly Reduced Prices. Old ones taken for part payment. Will visit all parts of the State and Washington Territory.
Pianos and Organs Tuned and Repaired.
Address P. O. Box 385.

AGENTS FOR THE OREGONIAN.

Subscriptions to the DAILY & WEEKLY OREGONIAN may be remitted direct to the office by registered letter, (the charge being only 10 cents), or paid to the following agents:

L. P. Fisher, (Advertising Agent)....San Francisco
T. N. Hibben & Co.......................Victoria

Oregon.

Cyrus Smith	Amity	John W. Watts	Lafayette
Thos. Smith	Auburn	J. M. Kelty	Lafayette
S. E. Young	Albany	S. H. Claughton	Lebanon
J. M. McCall	Ashland	A. Wing	Lewisville
I. W. Case	Astoria	Abrams & Co.	Lincoln
E. C. Molden	"	W. A. Croxton	Looking Glass
Stephen Smith	Aurora		
G. H. Treacy	Baker City	B. P. Quivey	Linkville
McGrew & Co	Bethel	W. Saunders	Marshfield
W. R. Kirk	Brownsville	W. P. Crow	Milton
O. Green	Brooks	R. H. Todd	McMinnville
J. W. Hobart	Buena Vista	John Spencer,	
G. A. Cone, Sr.	Butteville	Ira Moody	Moltala
S. Handsaker	Dexter	L. F. Shipley	Monroe
W. Carl	Carlton	F. M. Gabbert	Myrtle Creek
J. T. Gilfry, P. M.	Creswell		
G. W. Riddle	Canyonville	William Moreland	Needy
Knight Bros	Canby	Chas. Polland	Newellsville
W. A. Mills	Clackamas	Post Master	Oakland
I. Rust	Clarksville	J. M. Bacon	OregonCity
E. W. Conyers	Clatskanie	Lot Livermore	Pendleton
W. B. Clarke	Cole's Valley	Davis Bros	Peoria
T. A. Chenoweth	Corvallis	J. W. McGrew	Perrydale
Thos Graham	Corvallis	Shipley & Hinkle	Philomath
O. G. Overholt	CanyonCity		
Burch Bros	Cottage Grove	M. M. Bates	Port Orford
H. C. Litchfield	Grand Ronde	D. E. Thomas	Prineville
		H. C. Stanton	Roseburg
Cris Taylor	Dayton	Dean Blanchard	Rainier
J. D. Lee	Dallas	V. Colvig	Rock Point
Waldron Bros	DallesCity	J. W. Crawford	Salem
J. W. Krewson, P.M.	Drain	A. G. Hovey	Springfield
M. Riley	Ellensburg	D. P. Mason	Scio
D. Morse, Jr.	Empire City	W. E. Palmer	Scottsburg
T. G. Hendricks	Eugene	A. Wheeler	Shedds
H. A. Breyman	Fairfield	J. B. Morris	Sheridan
W. Bowlby	Forest Grove	A. L. Saylor, P. M	
S. L. Gaines	Gervais	J. M. Brown	Silverton
J. J. Fowler	Glencoe	W. W. Ross	Sparta
J. F. Pierce	Greenville	S. D. McCauley	Stayton
W. P. Smith	Halsey	Geo. McBride	St. Helens
Riley Cave	Hillsboro	J. C. Patterson	St. Paul
Smith, Brasfield & Co.	Harrisburg	T. J. Beard, P. M.	Tangent
A. B. Gleason	Hubbard's	G. W. Miller	Tillamook
S. & J. Handsaker	Goshen	E. McKinney	Turners
W. L. Hodgkin	Independence	Jas. H. Koontz	Umatilla
		O. Wright & Son	Union
		J. T. Davis	W. Chehalem
N. Langell	Jacksonville	M. B. Hendricks	Wheatland
Smith, Brasfield & Co.	Junction City	Mahoit Bros	Woodburn
J. W. Roland	Jefferson	A. C. Pettys	Willow Forks
H. Woodcock	Kerbyville	C. E. Treacy	Yoncalla

Washington Territory.

Chas. Brady	Bruceport	Postmaster	Port Townsend
H. Howe	Cowlitz	G. F. Orchard,	New Tacoma
G. J. Hogue, P. M.	Claquato		
J. C. Davenport	Colfax	W. F. Taylor	San Juan
Postmaster	Dayton	Wm. Tumphrey	Seattle
T. Johnson	Goldendale	E. Harmon	Steilacoom
H. C. Comegys	Kalama	L. Meeker	Pioneer
M. P. Callender	Knappton	E. F. Eddings	Vancouver
J. S. Conner	La Conner	J. B. Lewis	Walla Walla
Miller & Co.	Lewis River	W. N. Smith	Waitsburg
Crosby & Howe	Olympia	Postmaster	Yakima
Stephen Shobert	Union Ridge, W. T.	J. Crellin & Co.	Oysterville
		E. J. Ford	Iwaco

MONTHLY WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, DIVISION OF TELEGRAMS AND REPORTS FOR THE BENEFIT OF COMMERCE AND AGRICULTURE. METEOROLOGICAL SUMMARY FOR MONTH OF DECEMBER, 1876, STATION PORTLAND, OREGON.

Date.		Daily Mean Barometer.	Daily Mean Temperature.	Daily Mean Humidity.	Prevailing direction of Wind.	Daily Rainfall.
Dec.	1	30.011	46.50	51.03	SE	.00
"	2	30.048	47.75	47.00	SE	.00
"	3	30.077	47.75	54.07	SE	.00
"	4	30.351	41.60	81.00	SW	.15
"	5	30.425	39.50	71.07	N	.00
"	6	30.514	40.25	68.07	N	.00
"	7	30.275	37.75	82.03	N	.00
"	8	30.249	33.25	93.00	NW	.00
"	9	30.369	31.00	92.03	S	.00
"	10	30.287	31.25	93.00	N	.00
"	11	30.206	32.00	92.07	S	.00
"	12	30.227	37.00	93.00	N	.00
"	13	30.180	39.00	84.07	N	.00
"	14	30.394	40.00	70.00	N	.00
"	15	30.161	36.75	73.07	N	.00
"	16	30.065	31.25	82.03	N	.00
"	17	30.095	43.75	68.07	N	.00
"	18	30.171	35.25	80.00	N	.00
"	19	30.203	34.50	86.03	N	.01
"	20	30.281	32.75	89.07	N	.00
"	21	30.258	35.75	89.07	S	.01
"	22	30.219	40.50	91.00	N	.01
"	23	30.112	44.50	89.03	S	.00
"	24	30.024	44.00	89.00	SW	.00
"	25	30.161	49.50	88.00	SW	.19
"	26	30.037	45.50	86.07	S	.26
"	27	29.975	45.50	95.00	S	.20
"	28	30.053	50.50	83.07	S	.00
"	29	30.211	47.75	83.00	SW	.03
"	30	30.447	44.75	84.07	S	.01
"	31	30.452	40.25	91.00	S	.00
Means...		30.226	40.23	81.79		

GENERAL ITEMS.—Highest barometer, 30.496; Lowest barometer, 29.945.

Highest temperature, 56°; lowest temperature, 24°. Prevailing direction of wind, north. Greatest velocity of wind, 16 miles per hour.

Total number of miles, 2,727.

Number of clear days, 3; Number of cloudy days, 8; days on which rain or snow fell, 7.

Comparative temperatures, December, 1873, 37.0; 1874, 42.6; 1875, 47.

Comparative precipitation, December, 1873, 5.15 inches; 1874, 5.29 inches; 1875, 13.41 inches; 1876, .87 inches.

EDWARD LLOYD,
Sgt. Sig. Ser., U. S. A.

Portland, Jan. 1, 1876.

Says Mrs. E. S. Blake, M. D.: "Dr. Warner's Health Corset restores the lost development of the bosom."

The handsome package of 1865 Triple Crown Noble Whisky at Mayland & VanSchuyver's, 89 Front street, was one of the most admired features of our holiday season, and they were indeed fortunate who obtained some of the whisky.

GEO. H. CHANCE. J. WELCH.
CHANCE & WELCH,
Dentists,
Office—FIRST STREET,
(Odd Fellows' Temple.)

August Flower.
The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effects; such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-burn, Water-brash, Gnawing and Burning Pains at the Pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and Disagreeable Taste in the Mouth, Coming up of Food after Eating, Low Spirits, etc. Go to your Druggist and get a Sample Bottle for a cent; large size 75 cents. Try it—Two doses will relieve you. Agents: Crane & Brigham, Wholesale Druggists, San Francisco.

FLECKENSTEIN & MAYER
PORTLAND, OREGON.
[illegible]
1 FRONT STREET,
Jobbers & Wholesale Dealers
IN
WINES, LIQUORS
AND CIGARS.
A Very Large Assortment
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
Branch House of LIVINGSTON & CO., San Francisco.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.
"Truth is stranger than Fiction."
I HAVE THE
FINEST ASSORTED STOCK
OF
WATCHES,
DIAMONDS,
JEWELRY
AND
SOLID SILVERWARE
To be found in the City of Portland, and an examination will prove my assertion.
AM NOT GOING TO REMOVE,
But remain at my OLD STAND, and I shall
Sell at Prices in keeping with the times,
As they were bought for this
HOLIDAY TRADE
And those wishing to purchase any article in my line will be benefited in giving me a call.
L. J. HENRICHSEN,
No. 108 FIRST STREET.

JOHN B. MILLER,
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,
No. 93 First St., National Bank Building,
Has just received a large and well selected stock of
Fine Gold and Silver Watches
Manufactured by the most celebrated Makers in Europe and America. Also,
Watch Chains and Jewelry, Latest Styles,
SILVER AND PLATED WARE.
CLOCKS of all descriptions known to the trade. Watches and Jewelry cleaned and repaired and warranted.

State Treasurer's Notice.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
SALEM, Dec. 30, 1876.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are funds in the State Treasury for the payment of the following warrants drawn in the year 1876, to wit: Nos. 1830, 1832, 1831, 1833, 1838, 1834, 1836, 110, 6, 179, 98, 164, 98, 106, 197, and 96. Interest on these warrants will cease from this date.

A. H. BROWN,
State Treasurer.

d30d2w

DR. GLISAN'S
OFFICE WILL BE REMOVED TO STROWbridge's Building, corner of First and Alder streets, January 1, 1877.

Now is the time to Subscribe for
THE WEST SHORE
OREGON'S HANDSOME ILLUSTRATED PAPER
140 Pages Choice Reading, with over 150 Engravings of Oregon and Washington Territory scenes, for $1.50 per annum. A most excellent Family Journal, and just the kind of paper to send to friends abroad.
The January Number is a mammoth Paper containing a vast amount of statistics about the Resources and Commerce of the Pacific Northwest, and over 60 beautiful Engravings of Public Buildings and Scenery in Oregon, Washington and British Columbia. It is got up at a cost of over $3000 and is the largest and most expensive paper ever published on the Pacific Coast. This number will be sent free of charge to all regular subscribers, or for 40 cts. per copy to non-subscribers.
L. SAMUEL, Publisher,
5 Washington Street, Portland, Oregon.
Remittances from the interior can be made by order on any of the Portland Business Houses, or by registered letter at our risk.

The Grand and Astonishing Victories for 1876.
[illegible]
WHEELER & WILSON
HAS TAKEN THE TWO HIGHEST MEDALS AND TWO DIPLOMAS AT THE CENtennial Exposition—The Gold Medal at the California State Fair—The First Premium at each of the County Fairs in California—The Three Medals at the Oregon State Fair, given for the Best Family Sewing Machine, Best Manufacturing Machine, and Best Series of Samples—First Premium at the Washington Territorial Fair—First Premium at Walla Walla—First Premium at Hillsboro and First Premium at Union county Fair.
Send for Machine for yourself, and believe not opposing Agents who try to make the public believe the defects of the [illegible] Wheeler & Wilson are in the [illegible] the Needle, no Bruin, no Shuttle—Plate level with the Table, and patent Oil [illegible], preventing the work from being oiled by the dripping of oil down the needle bar.
Send Orders to
WHEELER & WILSON [illegible]

JOHN W. GILBERT,
Salem, Oregon,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Boots and Shoes, Shoe Findings, Harness,
SKIRTING, BELTING and LACE LEATHER,
[illegible]
HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR HIDES AND FURS.

SMITH BROS' IRON & BRASS WORKS
South First Street, between Harrison and Hall,
In Fireproof Building formerly occupied by the Oregon Iron Works Company.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Steam Engines, Saw Mill, [illegible] and Mining Machinery, Iron and Brass Castings, Forgings and Pattern Making.
MACHINERY of all kinds made to order [illegible]

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS,
[illegible]
CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND "E" STREET
[illegible] THOMSON, [illegible]
Iron and Brass Founders, Boiler Makers, General Machinists and Engine Builders.
[illegible]
JAMES L. [illegible]

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG
[illegible]

[illegible]
FORCE AND LIFT [illegible]
HYDRAULIC RAMS [illegible]
House Furnishing [illegible]
BIRD CAGES AND [illegible]
And the [illegible]

[illegible] SALOON.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING DISPOSED OF [illegible]
[illegible] G. [illegible]

[illegible]
Front Street, bet. [illegible] and Second.
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
of the best quality, always on hand.
[illegible] G. FRANK.

[illegible] SALOON.
[illegible]
THE [illegible] BEER
AT THE
[illegible]
FIRST & PINE STREETS.

[illegible] BEER HALL.
[illegible] Beer
[illegible] and Liquors,
[illegible]

[illegible] Eastern [illegible]
[illegible] Hardware,
MACHINISTS' TOOLS,
[illegible]
JOHN B. [illegible],
97 FRONT STREET, COR. OF STARK

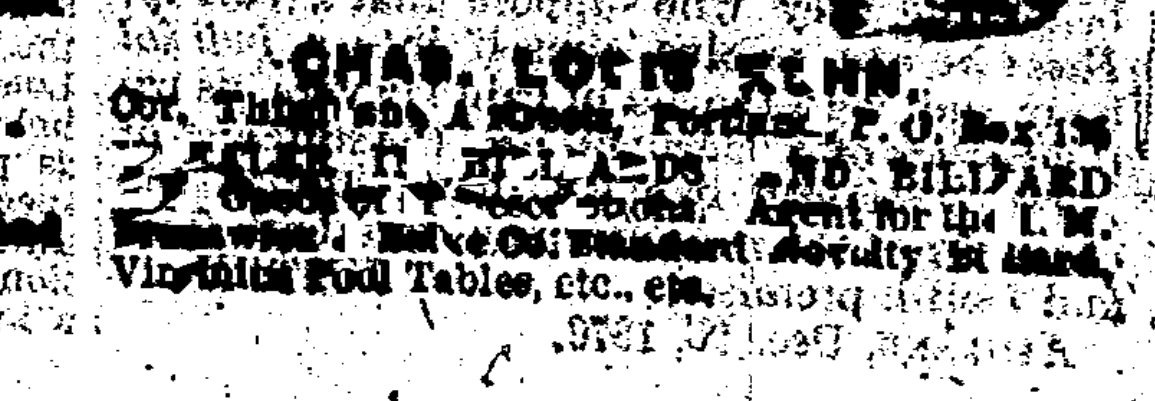
D. SIMON & CO.,
[illegible]
Dealers in
DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,
WINDOW GLASS,
[illegible]
LOOKING GLASS.
Glazing done to order, at San Francisco Prices, and satisfaction guaranteed.

LANGLEY AND [illegible] STABLES.
OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY.
[illegible]
[illegible] BRAY'S [illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible] E. OCHSNER'S
[illegible] HACK & FOOT [illegible]

PORTLAND
CITY DIRECTORY
For 1877.
[illegible] PREPARING AND WILL BE PUBLISHED on or about JANUARY 1, 1877, the PORTLAND CITY DIRECTORY for 1877,
Embracing a General Directory [illegible] Directory of East Portland, [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] STORE, 41 First street.

PIONEER BAG FACTORY.
W. C. NOON,
FRONT AND VINE STREETS.
Bags, Sails and Tarpaulins
Made and Repaired.
Fishermen supplied with Seine Sails at lowest rates.
Large supply of Sail Duck and Canvas in store.



CHAS. LOUIS KUHN,
Cor. Third and Alder Streets, Portland, P. O. Box 136
BILLIARD TABLES, AND BILLIARD [illegible]
[illegible] Agent for the I. M.
Virginia Pool Tables, etc., etc.

"IN RE." ASHLAND MEETING V. GROVER AND HIS ATTORNEYS.

To the Editor of the Oregonian:

In your daily issue of December 21st, you kindly published the resolutions adopted by a meeting of the citizens of Ashland, held Dec 16th, to express their sense of the wrong done by the Governor and Secretary of State in counting the electoral vote of Oregon. For this favor those who have long been, and wish to continue, friends of the OREGONIAN, are duly grateful.

But inasmuch as you were pleased to devote your leading column of the same date, to what you term a "just criticism" of the second resolution adopted by the Ashland meeting, wherein "James F. Kelly, H. Y. Thompson, E. A. Cronin, and every other aider and abettor in the attempted outrage" were denounced, it seems but just that those who participated in the meeting should be permitted to put in a rejoinder. The question raised by the issue you take with the resolution is of too grave and important a nature to be trifled with by the mere bandying of words or the interchange of hurried paragraphs. Nor will the sound common sense and keen perception of an intelligent people permit their case to be lost in the meshes and mist of technical quibbles, the [illegible] raised by "such men as Judge Strong, Hon. W. W. Thayer, of the firm of Thayer & Williams, Col. W. H. Effinger, and H. Y. Thompson, Esq.," eminent though they may be [illegible] in their profession, and exalted in personal character, in your city.

The people of Ashland—may be in their simplicity—do not warp their judgment to [illegible] the opinions expressed by fee'd attorneys. In common with the citizens of other enlightened and law-abiding communities, they are not disposed to yield the fruits of a peaceful and honorable victory at the polls into the hands of their opponents, though they be as important personages as Tilden, Hendricks & Co. Neither will they submit to have the contest thus raised prejudged against them [illegible] constituted [illegible] of Grover, Chadwick & Co. [illegible] and [illegible]. The Ashland people will not permit any court, no matter how constituted, to wrest from them their chartered rights and liberties by giving a partisan construction to an ambiguous clause in the constitution, and at the same time violating a plain statutory enactment. The eternal infamy which, to the latest generation, will cling to the name and memory of Chief Justice Taney, in connection with his decision in the Dred Scott case, should admonish even "lawyers" that while they may succeed in banishing justice from the courtroom by floundering in the channels of judicial technicality, they cannot pollute the fountain which is enshrined in the minds and consciences of the people.

You say the adoption of the resolution in question by the Ashland meeting "simply exhibits to the world what foolish things persons are likely to do when they act from the inspiration of passions and prejudices, and not from the convictions of intelligent and sober judgment." Leaving the questioned intelligence of Ashland, "or that part of it which attended the meeting," open for future investigation by unprejudiced and more enlightened judges, it is due to truth to say that the proceedings of the meeting were [illegible] decorous and orderly. The only sign of [illegible] exhibited was by a Democrat, not [illegible] who attended with the avowed purpose of [illegible] promptly and [illegible] to understand that he would not be [illegible], and so departed. The resolutions were [illegible] with all the facts relating to the disgraceful and fraudulent action of Grover and Chadwick fully understood. [illegible] through your columns, [illegible] being a lawyer, [illegible] that defense to be [illegible]. It has been [illegible] sounds used to [illegible]. This is strikingly true when applied to the verbose, voluminous and [illegible] of [illegible] decision [illegible] purporting to [illegible] of L. F. Grover.

[illegible] to those who gave their votes [illegible] the Ashland [illegible] you agree with them [illegible] Governor [illegible] legally in assuming [illegible] powers. You are a lawyer, and your opinion in the case is considered [illegible] of the people who—whether we wish it or not—will sit as a jury to finally adjudicate questions like this. [illegible] you disagree with us when we condemn the attorneys who appeared before that *illegal tribunal* to give the aid of their "eminent professional" skill and the weight of their high moral character in the perpetration of what we regard as an outrage and a wrong. [illegible] as the sentiments of the Ashland meeting may appear, when viewed by legal optics, they are not so ignorant as to subscribe to such reasoning as this. If the attorneys, to whose [illegible] you so impetuously rush are worthy of the encomiums you accord them they knew that Governor Grover's court was a fraud, and in appearing before it *they became parties to that fraud*. If they *did not* know that Grover's court was illegal and fraudulent they are *culpably ignorant*. Grover's tribunal was not [illegible] to adjudicate or consider any question in which the people held mutual interest. It was created to subserve [illegible] ends. No one is surprised that partisan attorneys, whose ambitions [illegible] identical with those of the [illegible], should prostitute their profession by pleading before such a bar. It is in keeping with the character of politicians of that school. But Republicans, [illegible] when they see a Republican [illegible] who has sought and received favors through their suffrage, "cast the [illegible]" [illegible]. [illegible] Mr. H. Y. Thompson [illegible] Governor Grover's court [illegible]. No one presumes him to be so ignorant [illegible] appears as a feed attorney [illegible] the interest at [illegible] dollars and cents, *but* where the fate of his country was involved in the result, and he labored against *his own convictions* [illegible] honest [illegible]. Judge O. C. Pratt is in the same category. He was paid for his opinion, and by whom? Is it not fair to suppose that those attorneys were paid in Democratic gold for their labor and influence? and are these persons expected to surrender their cases at their bidding? The Republicans of Ashland and vicinity beg leave to decline.

Intelligent people do not believe that, because a man is an attorney, he has a moral right to advocate a wrong, and the attorney who violates the moral sense of the people by doing so, has only to come before them, asking their [illegible], to be convinced of the fact. David Dudley Field, who in point of ability stands at the head of the legal fraternity of the United States, cast a stain upon his name by defending Wm. M. Tweed which never can be erased. Though he were to live another generation, he never can escape the [illegible] fastened upon him by the trenchant pen of Sam. Bowles, of the Springfield *Republican*, who is not a lawyer. While Judge Field's ability is not denied, his professional integrity is gone, and it is not surprising that in his disgrace he should give his recent opinion in favor of the Democratic House canvassing the vote for President instead of the President of the Senate performing that duty, according to established precedent.

In conclusion it may not be amiss to say that, in the opinion of the authors and endorsers of the resolution you condemn, it is an unwarranted assumption to presume that those who are not lawyers are so stupid as to regard every decision made by courts of justice, so called, infallible. Far from it. The judicial ermine in the United States has not been kept so untarnished and bright as to dazzle the eyes of the common people and blind them beyond the power of discriminating between absurd and equitable decisions though emanating from the gowned occupants of the Supreme Bench. The people are not so unmindful of the past as to forget that the darkest crimes that stain the pages of history were perpetrated under the forms of law, and at the mandate of legally constituted courts. This being true, they who suppose that a corrupt *Executive* can resolve himself into a *judicial* body and, with the aid of paid lawyers, usurp the powers of a court and *steal* the suffrages of 15,000 American freemen, have studied the character of their countrymen from both false and foolish premises.

JUSTICE.

ASHLAND, Dec. 26, 187 .

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Jan. 3, 1877.

Gold in New York, 107¼.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying 92, selling 93.

Silver Coin—buying, 91, selling, 95.

In local finances no important change has occurred in the going out of the old or the coming in of the New Year. The general condition of business is apparently quite satisfactory, and while the banks are not doing a large business in individual cases, they are enjoying a very fair degree of activity in furnishing their regular customers with the means of clearing up the accounts which are usually incurred *at this season of the year*.

Whatever may be said of the present outlook, the season so far since harvest has been fraught with more than the average amount of prosperity to most all branches of business, and but for the serious political uncertainty which prevails, the country generally would show more clearly the signs of returning activity in commercial affairs. While the movement here has not been changed by these doubts, and while the price of gold at the East would seem to indicate a great deal of confidence there, yet the feeling exists, and business is kept in the apparently safe condition in which we find it, in spite of the political questions which disturb the country, and because of the vigor and resources of this comparatively young nation. The excess of exports over the imports of the country together with the flow of treasure from England to New York, are two facts which may also be regarded as evidence of the life of trade in this country. All circumstances considered, business men whose views are comprehensive, are not complaining of the dullness as a few months ago, but are rather surprised at the animation which prevails. In the troublous political condition of things both in Europe and America, with nothing more to stimulate trade interests than existed *a year ago*, the country would be much more seriously depressed in every branch of her commerce than then, and instead of a very fair degree of life we would witness a state of unusual backwardness and sluggishness of trade.

The amount of money in the San Francisco market is, according to the *Herald*, simply enormous at the present time, and the current seems to be flowing hitherward in a very lively manner. As a matter of course all branches of business have been rendered more or less stagnant by the succession of hot days at this season, but the conditions are exceedingly favorable for an active resumption at some early day. High rates of interest can no longer be maintained with that iron rigidity that has marked the past, and it is reasonable to infer that many industries which we have long needed will soon be got under way through the influence of cheap money. The rates are nominally 1 per cent. per month in banks of discount, and 8@10 per cent per year in savings banks.

General Trade

Has been rather quiet in imported merchandise since the holiday season began, and except those who dealt largely in holiday goods, the past ten days have been as quiet with the general dealer as any of the winter. In groceries, the market is moderately well supplied for this time, but the policy adopted by the importers, wholesale and jobbing houses of "cutting their garment to fit the cloth," that is, purchasing so as to fully meet the wants of the trade, and at the same time carry as little stock as possible over, has occasionally, as at present, resulted in the market being nearly depleted in some lines. Of the staples, however, the market shows a fair supply, nor is variety entirely wanting. In dry goods, stocks are ample to meet the current inquiry, which is always light at this season of the year.

Domestic Produce.

The holiday season apparently failed to effect this department of trade, or to change it from its ordinary channel, and with slightly fewer sellers in the market and a lessened volume to transactions, the market is nearly in the same condition now as it was a fortnight since. The facts before mentioned of the lapse of the season and that the wheat surplus has in so large a proportion already changed hands, make it more discouraging to those vessels as have been holding off for high freights, of which but little hope can now be realized for this season at least. Continued drouth in California, and an unpropitious season so far in England, with other circumstances throughout the countries of [illegible] and America, render it probable that the price of grain will be kept up and freights down for some time to come. Ships at San Francisco [illegible] at the date of our [illegible] Liverpool, [illegible] at that [illegible] supply is excessive and a good [illegible] leaving that part of the coast in [illegible]. For the present, this state of things [illegible], but it may result in a large surplus of freight and a short supply of tonnage next year.

Prices for breadstuffs are still weak at quotations, and sellers would probably have to make concessions in order to place large lots, unless sufficiently large to justify the charter of a vessel. A partial cargo puts the holder at an inconvenience at such a time as this, when he has no knowledge of when the remainder could be secured, nor at what price.

Oats, hay and mill feed of the various descriptions are firm, though the demand for local trade has been lighter than usual, owing to the mildness of the weather so far this winter. Oats are still scarce in the market, and choice lots can be placed at 57½c per bushel. Provisions are more plentiful, and prices have rather a downward tendency. The amount of pork and lard produced in this State and Washington Territory this season is estimated to be larger than average, and buyers are a little cautious about making heavy purchases for fear prices might depreciate greatly in case of the failure of the markets abroad. Dairy products, wool, hides, etc., are unchanged.

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamship Ajax from San Francisco arrived at her berth about noon to-day. She will sail on the return trip on Saturday morning.

The barkentine Portland has finished discharging a cargo of merchandise at Flanders' wharf.

The bark Alice Davis with a cargo of flour will go down the river to-morrow or next day.

The Br ship City of Dublin is at Pacific wharf loading.

The ship Glencoe will go on the berth this week to load wheat for Europe.

A San Francisco paper notes the arrival of the Br bark McLeod from Astoria, at Liverpool on the 29th ult.

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, Jan. 2.—Wool quiet. Holders indifferent about realizing. Fine fleeces held firm. Ohio and Pennsylvania 44@47c for XX and X choice; XX and above is held at 50c; Michigan and Wisconsin range from 38 to 42c; combing and Delaine, 45a55c: pulled, dull and unchanged. California sales have been at 14@30c for fall and spring.

Philadelphia Wool Market.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 2.—Wool in improved demand. Colorado washed 18@20c, unwashed 17@18, extra and Merino pulled 33@37, No. 1 and super pulled 33@[illegible]; Texas fine and medium 20a25, coarse 16@18; California fine and medium 16a28, coarse 17@25c.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—Flour—Superfine $5 25@5 75, extra $6 [illegible]@6 62½ gold, for shipping lots, $6 25@6 75, silver, for jobbing lots.

Wheat—Quiet feeling on account of disparity between views of buyers and sellers; holders asking $2 35 for large lots, $2 30 offered; millers supplying wants at $2 20@2 27½.

Barley—Speculative feeling in coast feed, price of which has been nominally advanced 5c during the past 24 hours; feed $1 27½@1 30, brewing $1 25@1 32½.

Oats—Medium to choice heavy feed $. 75@2.

Corn—Large yellow weak at $1.17½@1 20, silver.

Buckwheat—Nominally $1 60.

Rye—Firm at $1 75@1 80.

Potatoes—Sweet 75@87½c; very choice red held at 90c@$1, but the bulk sell at 40a75c.

Gold—107.

Legal Tenders—93¼@93¾.

Trade dollars, 100¾a101¼; halves, 93¾a94.

Liverpool wheat market to-day, 11s@11s 8d for average California; 11s 2d@11s 8d for club.

English Wheat Market.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The *Mark Lane Express* says grain at the country markets has been generally poor, but the decline of a shilling per quarter on wheat last week has been received with unquestionable confidence in the activity in trade. In Liverpool especially great animation prevailed. The general tone of the market ruled strong in consequence of decreased imports and depletion of granaries. Stocks for sale have strengthened the London trade, and the slight tendency to lower prices during the recent temporary lull has been more than removed, and a healthier feeling prevails in trade than at any time during the year. The imports into London during the week have been limited while the exports show an increasing continental demand. India continues to furnish the bulk of weekly supply of foreign wheat into London. American wheat is running very short and holders have realized an advance of a shilling to 2s per quarter; a steady milling demand and speculative inquiry for trade, both present features; millers aiming to revive confidence from diminution of stocks, small shipments from America and a knowledge that political events may occur to enhance the value of wheat with the limited arrivals at ports of California. The floating cargo trade shows considerable firmness. At the end of last week there was a very large business in California floating cargoes, but the demands have slackened within the past few days.

BANKS.

OREGON & WASHINGTON
MORTGAGE SAVINGS BANK,
(LIMITED)
9 First St., Ankeny's Building, Portland.

Board of Directors.

DONALD MACLEAY, B. GOLDSMITH, J. B. MONTGOMERY, and WILLIAM REID, Portland, and J. T. BROWN, Olympia, Director for Washington Territory.

THIS SAVINGS BANK

Receives deposits from $2 and upwards, either for short or long periods at fixed rates of interest.

Security to Depositors.

1. The Bank's $300 000 capital specially subscribed and pledged for security of depositors' moneys, in order that all losses (if any) shall be made therefrom, and

2. The mortgages, assignments, and other securities on which the Bank's deposits are carefully loaned.

Hours—10 to 3 P. M. Saturdays, 10 to 1; open on Saturday evenings from 7 to 8 for receiving deposits only. For further information apply to

WILLIAM REID, Managing Director.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital........$2,000,000
With power to increase to $10,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE.......London.
BRANCHES........Victoria (B. C.), San Francisco and Portland.

AGENTS.

NEW YORK.......
CHICAGO........ Bank of Montreal.
CANADA..........
MEXICO & SOUTH AMERICA...London Bank of Mexico & South America.
IRELAND.......Bank of Ireland.
SCOTLAND......British Linen Company.
ENGLAND.......National Provincial Bank of England.
LIVERPOOL......Bank of Liverpool. North & South Wales Bank.

This Bank transacts a General Banking business. Deposits received on current account, subject to check.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits at six per cent (6 pr ct.) per annum for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted. Loans made on available security. Collections made promptly.

Exchange sold on London, Liverpool and on the principal towns and cities in Ireland and Scotland from £1 upwards. Also on all places in Canada in sums to suit. Coin and Currency drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on New York and Chicago.

Commercial Credits granted, available in Europe New York, China, Japan, South America, Australia and New Zealand.

FRED'K. TOWNSEND, Manager.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange
(Sight and Telegraphic,) for sale on
SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK,
ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO

Bill of Exchange,
Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on
LONDON, HONG KONG,
PARIS, BERLIN,
FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

President.........HENRY FAILING.
Cashier...........JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available in the Atlantic Cities.

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS; payable in Coin or Currency; for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on
LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE RETAIL BANK, Limited.

THIS BANK CAN GIVE SATISFACTORY REFerences from leading men of Oregon, that whatever security is guaranteed to depositors through the Capital Stock being limited is vouchsafed to the public in our case in its fullest sense.

Other than the above we can only refer the people of Oregon for reference to the fact that "we still live," and the further fact that according to the laws of Oregon, not only our bank assets (including office fixtures) are pledged for the payment of our liabilities, but every dollar of our private fortunes are liable to the bank creditors, and said private fortunes, too, are "limited." A friend suggests that our office fixtures are "limited" but he is trying to "bear" our credit, and we warn you against him.

DELASHMUTT & OATMAN.

EVERDING & BEEBE,
Commission Merchants,
EXPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
[illegible]
OF ALL KINDS
STAPLE GROCERIES,
FIRE BRICK AND FIRE CLAY,
GRAIN SACKS & TWINE
NO. 27 FRONT ST.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

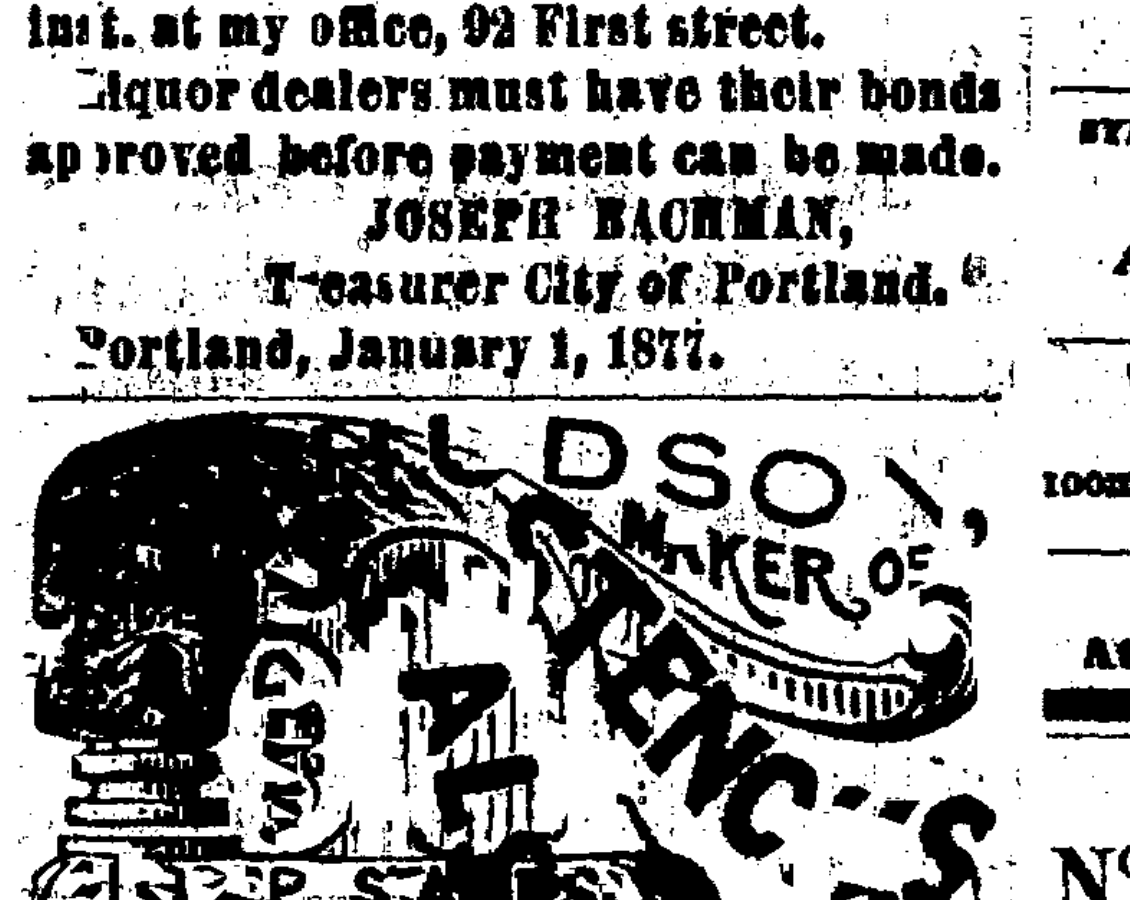
CITY LICENSES.

LICENSES FOR THE CURRENT QUARTER are now due and payment therefor must be made on or before the 10th inst. at my office, 92 First street.

Liquor dealers must have their bonds approved before payment can be made.

JOSEPH BACHMAN,
Treasurer City of Portland.

Portland, January 1, 1877.



45 First Street. Portland. Oregon.

EVERDING & FARRELL
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Flour, Mill Feed
BACON,
Hay, Straw, Oats, &c.
FRONT AND ALDER STS., PORTLAND

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Sept. 17, 1876, at 12 o'clock Noon.
DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),
As follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG
LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Portland.......7:30 A. M. Roseburg..........[illegible]:00 P. M.
Roseburg.......5:30 A. M. Portland..........4:[illegible] P. M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows:
LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Portland.........2:50 P. M. Albany..........8:25 P. M.
Albany...........5:30 A. M. Portland........0:05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS
LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Portland.........4:15 A. M. Junction..........6:00 P. M.
Junction.........5:45 A. M. Portland..........5:15 P. M.

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office,
Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing
PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't.
E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

Northern Pacific Railroad.
PACIFIC DIVISION.
KALAMA TO TACOMA.
DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)
LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Kalama.........11:20 A. M. Tacoma..........5 30 P. M.
Tacoma..........6:30 A. M. Kalama..........12:30 P. M.

CONNECTIONS

at Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for all points on Columbia River.

at Tenino with stages for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamers for Seattle, Olympia and all other points on Puget Sound.

On Saturday and Wednesday at 6 A. M. with steamers for Port Townsend, Victoria, Nanaimo, New Westminster and Fraser River.

Connecting Tri-Monthly with Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s Steamers from VICTORIA to SAN FRANCISCO.

Through fare from Portland to San Francisco:
Cabin..........$35 00 | Steerage..........$12 00

Through Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE,
General Superintendent.
H. W. FAIRWEATHER,
General Ticket Agent.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

SOL'S RESTAURANT!

THE BEST ON THE PACIFIC COAST AND THE only one in Portland with

Four Elegant Parlors Attached

For the use of Families and Private Parties.

Whatever Delicacies the market affords will be found at this place. Ladies will find it the most convenient place to lunch while out shopping, where they will have the most polite attention.

Eastern Oysters a Specialty.

SPECIAL NOTICE!
OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE RESTAURANT connected with this House will be conducted by the Proprietors.

Nothing will be left undone to make guests feel at home, and by strict attention to business we hope to continue the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on this popular House.

Free Coach to and from the House.

S. D. SMITH & THOMAS SMITH,
Proprietors.

REMOVED
To FIRST STREET, opposite Odd Fellows' Hall,
FOURNIER & WILBRON'S PIONEER CHOP HOUSE.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.
Private Rooms for Ladies, Gentlemen or Parties
Orders out of the house promptly attended to

METROPOLIS HOTEL,
Corner First and Main Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED, FORMERLY OF THE Multnomah House, having repainted and refurnished the above named Hotel, is now ready to accommodate the public in a satisfactory manner at the following rates:

Board and Lodging, per week..........$5 50
Board per week..........4 50
Board and Lodging, per day..........1 00

The Table will always be supplied with the best the market affords.

JOHN SCHADE, Proprietor.

THE OXFORD OYSTER SALOON,
Oak Street, 2d door west of Heppach's Drug Store.

WITH SEVERAL YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN the business the undersigned warrant their numerous friends an excellent dish of

Shoalwater Bay or Eastern Oysters

prepared in every style known to epicureans.

We are prepared to supply Oysters in any quantity.
WALLER & SON.
EASTERN OYSTERS by every Steamer.

St. Charles Hotel Restaurant,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
A. J. FLEUROT..........PROPRIETRESS.

THE DINING HALL

Has been removed to the Ground Floor—a Private Stairway from the Ladies' Parlor leading thereto.

It has been determined to spare no pains in making this

The Best Restaurant in the City.
Free Coach to and from the House.

THOMPSON'S 2-BIT HOUSE.

No Deception There. Hi yu Muck-a-Muck and here's your Bill of Fare.

THREE KINDS OF MEAT FOR DINNER; also for Breakfast and Supper. Ham and Eggs every other day, with plenty of hot tea and coffee for dinner, water if you call for it, with fresh rolls and cakes in abundance. Now's your time to get the rinkles out of your bellies after the hard winter

Board and Lodging, per Week, $5 00
Board, $4 00; Day, $ 00.

N.B.—Having started a Labor Exchange, I request the owners of Fisheries, Sawmills, Bosses in Logging-Camps, and Farmers in want of hands; old Farmers, Ranchers and Batches, in want of wives and housekeepers, to send me word by post or otherwise, and I will try to supply their wants. No pay required.

Sailors will find this Temperance House with every chance of employment on shore.

LAW CARDS.

T. A. M'BRIDE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office in Monastes' Block, First street, Portland.
n17d3m

B. WHITTEN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office—Opposite Court House,
Court Street, Dalles City, Oregon.
d19d5m

SYL. C. SIMPSON. JNO. B. WALDO.
SIMPSON & WALDO,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
No. 12 Dekum's Building.

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,
Attorneys at Law
Rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Glisan's Building, corner First and Ash Streets, Portland.

F. A. CHENOWETH,
Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.

East Portland Assessment Roll.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ASsessment Roll for the City of East Portland for the year 1876, has been returned to the Board of Trustees by the City Assessor, and will remain open for inspection at the office of the Recorder and Auditor until the first day of January, 1877. All applications for the correction of errors in the valuation and listing of property must be filed with the Recorder prior to that date.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

I. N. SANDERS, Recorder & Auditor.

East Portland, Dec. 6, 1876. d7d20t

PACIFIC WOOD YARD,
FOOT OF MAIN STREET,

ALL KINDS OF WOOD CONSTANTLY ON hand, sawed and unsawed, and delivered to any part of the city.
R. R. RILEY.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.
CARRYING U. S. MAIL.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S Steamer
AJAX.
PETER MACKIE..........Commander.

Will leave the Company's Wharf at Foot of F street for the above port on
SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1877,
At 6 o'clock A. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.
FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
VIA TACOMA.
THE FIRST CLASS IRON STEAMSHIP
CITY OF PANAMA.

Passengers for San Francisco via Victoria will leave Portland per Steamer "Welcome," on
SATURDAY, JAN. 6, 1877, AT 6 A. M.
THROUGH FARE, from Portland to San Francisco
Cabin..........$25 00 | Steerage..........$12 00

Tickets for sale at Office Oregon Steam Navigation Company, corner Front and Ash streets, up stairs.

Through Tickets sold to China, Sandwich Islands, Australia, New Zealand, Panama and New York.

RIVER STEAMERS.

THE WILLAMETTE
Transportation and Locks Co's

STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from the Central Wharf, between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

FOR DAYTON—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 A. M.

For SALEM, ALBANY, CORVALLIS and Way Landings, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

For Lightering and Towing of Vessels

Between Portland and Astoria apply at the office of the Company, near corner of Front and Washington streets.
FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s
PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND
FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.
FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.
FOR KALAMA, TACOMA AND SEATTLE—Daily (except Sunday), at 6 A. M.
FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday), at 6 A.M.
For Cathlamet, Bay View and Knappton way—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A.M.
For Westport, Clifton and Knappa—Tuesday Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A.M.
J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

"CITY OF SALEM"
Will Leave Pacific Wharf for
CORVALLIS
AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS, ON
Wednesdays and Saturdays,
At 6 o'clock A. M.
U. B. SCOTT & CO.
E. J. HATCH, Agent.

STEAMER E. T. CHURCH
WILL RECEIVE FREIGHT ON old P. T. Co. Wharf on and after Dec. 27th for
CORVALLIS
and intermediate points. For rates apply on wharf or on board.
J. W. COCHRAN & CO.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.
THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,
JAS. T. GRAY, Master,
WILL LEAVE FOOT OF ALDER STREET daily, Sunday excepted, at 2:30 P. M.
Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.
For freight or passage apply on board.
Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M., daily, except Sundays.

MARKETS.

SLEVERT & SUBBER,
Pork and Beef Packers,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
We have Superior Facilities for
Smoking, Rendering, Covering, Coloring and Sugar-Curing Meats.
Government Provisions strictly Attended to.
Brick Building, 1-0 Front St., Cor. Main, [illegible] Portland, Oregon.

A. E. JOHNSON,
Stalls 26, 27 and 28 Central Market,
Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh Meats.
PACKER OF BEEF AND PORK.
Highest Price paid for all kinds of Fat Stock.

CHRIS. SCHLOTH,
Washington St., near Third,
Is prepared to supply Fresh
Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, etc.
Free delivery to any part of the city.

W. W. SPALDING,
PORK PACKER.
Packing House—On G, bet. Tenth and Eleventh.
Highest Cash Price paid for Fat Hogs. 1dw

J. S. KELLER,
Cor. Madison and First Streets,
Is prepared to supply Free
Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.
E. H. GARLING,
Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS.
All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

PORTLAND STREET RAILWAY.

The Street Cars
Will run hereafter until further notice from 6 A.M. until 8 P. M.
EVERY 10 MINUTES,
And from 8 P. M. to 11 P. M.
EVERY 20 MINUTES.
The EXACT TIME of passing the various points
Can be seen on the Bulletin Boards
Put up
AT THE CROSSINGS OF FIRST STREET
With Washington, Yamhill, Madison, Clay, Lincoln and Caruthers streets. Also, opposite all the Turnouts, at the Clarendon Hotel and Central Market.
W. H. ANDERSON, Sup't.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ordinance No. 1818.

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR THE TIME and manner of improving that part of Pine street lying between Second and Fifth streets.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The proposed improvement of that part of Pine street lying between the east line of Second street and the center line of Fifth street as petitioned for by the owners of more than two thirds of the property adjacent thereto shall be completed as hereinafter provided on or before the 15th day of January, 1877.

Section 2. The surface of the street shall be cleared of all timber, plank or other obstructions, (sidewalks of the proper width and grade excepted.) If the obstructions are not removed within three days after notice from the Superintendent of Streets they shall be removed by and become the property of the contractor.

Section 3. The roadway shall be graded to the depth of 18 inches at the center of the street and 16 inches at the gutters.

Section 4. A foundation course of broken stone shall be spread evenly over the surface a thickness of 8 inches at the center line of the street and gradually diminishing to [illegible] inches at the gutters. The stone shall be broken upon the ground and shall not exceed 8 inches in largest diameter. Upon the foundation course of broken stone a layer of gravel shall be evenly spread to a thickness of 3 inches at the center and 2 inches at the gutters; the street shall then be opened for travel for 10 days, when a second layer of gravel shall be evenly spread of such thickness as will bring the surface of the street to grade. The bottom layer shall be stone of good quality, free from cobbles or coarse gravel; the top course shall be of clean gravel, none of which shall be of more than 2 inches in diameter, and free from loam or other impurities except clean sharp sand.

Section 5. The contractor shall take entire charge of the work during its progress, and shall be responsible for any loss or accident resulting from carelessness or neglect.

Section 6. The improvement shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Committee on Streets and Public Property and the Superintendent of Streets.

Section 7. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to advertise for, receive proposals and enter into contract with the lowest responsible bidder or bidders for the improvement specified in this Ordinance.

Passed the Common Council Dec. 20, 1876.

W. [illegible] CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Dec. 22, 1876.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Mayor.

d30d5t

Ordinance No. 1825.

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR CORRECTing the Assessment Roll returned December 1, 1876, and suspending the operation of certain portions of Ordinance No. 1113.

The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That the Committee on Ways and Means, the Auditor and Assessor be and are hereby authorized and empowered to make such alterations and corrections in the Assessment Roll returned December 1, 1876, as will make the assessed value of lands, lots, and the improvements thereon, to conform as nearly as practicable to their cash valuation. That they allow such claims for reduction by reason of [illegible] as they may find the applicant duly entitled to; and that they report to the Common Council all claims for reduction on valuation of personal property which may be filed for allowance or rejection.

Section 2. The Auditor is hereby directed to withdraw the notice heretofore published as provided by Section 2 of Ordinance No. 1113, entitled "An Ordinance in relation to the Assessment and Collection of Taxes," and that, upon the completion of the revision and correction of said Roll, as provided by Section 1 of this Ordinance, the Auditor give notice [illegible] that said Roll, as revised and corrected, will remain open for inspection and the filing of applications for correction of errors in such revised list for 10 days from the date of said notice; and further, that the operation of so much of Section 2 of said Ordinance No. 1113 requiring the filing of applications prior to the [illegible] day of January be suspended for the time being.

Section 3. The provisions of Section [illegible] of said Ordinance No. 1113, requiring that all alterations and corrections be reported to the Common Council, is hereby suspended until the completion of the revision provided for by Section 1 of this Ordinance, and shall only apply to the Roll as revised, except as herein provided.

Passed the Common Council Dec. 20, 1876.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Dec. 2 , 1876.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Mayor.

d3d

Montgomery Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ASsessment made by Ordinance No. 18[illegible], for the improvement of Montgomery street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 18[illegible], on each of the following described [illegible] of land, fronting upon that part of Montgomery street lying between the line of Tenth street, and the center line of Thirteenth street, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith, is due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer in United States gold or silver coin and unless paid within fifteen days from the date hereof, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof.

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Amount.
[illegible]	NW A.	M W [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	N 1	H W Corbett	[illegible]
[illegible]	N ½	H W [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	NW¼ 3	J A [illegible]	6 60
288	[illegible] and [illegible]	Wm [illegible]	6 10
[illegible]	E½ 1 B	J W [illegible]	5 30
[illegible]	S½ B	C M Carter	57 48
[illegible]	[illegible]	Theo [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	SE¼ 1½ C	W C [illegible]	22 44
[illegible]	SW¼ 1½ C	J W Cook	26 [illegible]
[illegible]	E½ SW¼ Y	J W Ryan	30 70
[illegible]	SW¼ W½ Y	W P [illegible]	4 50
			$362 74

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Dec. 25, 1876. d25d10t

Hall Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the assessment made by Ordinance No. 18[illegible], for the improvement of Hall street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 18[illegible], on each of the following described lots or land fronting upon that part of Hall street lying between West Park and [illegible] Front street, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith, is due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer in United States gold and silver coin, and unless paid within fifteen days from the date hereof, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof.

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Amount.
Park 17	1 and 2	City of Portland	$ 9 58
196	7 and 8	Bachman & [illegible]	23 20
192	7 and 8	John Harrman	32 20
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	38 04
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] Sonnheimer	9 00
[illegible]	1 and 2	Wm Weatherford	21 50
155	1, 2, 3	John Proctor	47 4[illegible]
140	[illegible]	Geo Watts	18 50
121	W 90 [illegible]	W S [illegible]well	11 70
121	[illegible] 10 [illegible]	[illegible]	1 20
			$202 [illegible]

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Dec. 25, 1876. d25d10t

Market Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ASsessment made by Ordinance No. 1[illegible], for the improvement of Market street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 18[illegible], on each of the following described lots of land fronting upon that part of Market street lying between [illegible] and Sixth streets, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith, is due and payable to the Treasurer of the city of Portland in United States gold and silver coin, and unless paid within fifteen days from the date of this notice, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof:

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Amount.
164	3 and 4	[illegible] Walz	$36 35
	5	Andrew Tannock	40 30
			$77 25

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Dec. 25, 1876. d25d10t

South Second Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to improve South Second street from the center line of Sheridan street to the center line of Sheridan street [illegible] by grading, laying sidewalks and crosswalks.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Dec. 25, 1876. d25d10t

Third Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to change the grade of Third street at its intersection with Stark street from 20 feet to 21 feet, and at its intersection with Oak street from 22 feet to 23 feet above the base of grades.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Dec. 30, 1876. d30d10t

Jefferson Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to improve Jefferson street from the center of Seventh to the center of Twelfth street by repairing the roadway at the expense of the property benefited.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Dec. 30, 1876. d30d10t

NOTICE OF FINAL MEETING IN BANKRUPTcy.—In U. S. District Court, District of Oregon. In the matter of I. C. Morrice, bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. This is to give notice that by order of said Court there will be held on the 4th day of January, A. D. 1877, at 10 o'clock A. M., at Portland, Oregon, in said district, at the office of E. H. Northup, Register in Bankruptcy for said district, the final meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, at which time and place I shall file my final accounts as assignee of the estate of I. C. Morrice, bankrupt, and apply for a settlement of the same, and for a discharge from all liability as assignee of said estate in accordance with the provisions of section 5093 of the U. S. Revised Statutes.

[illegible], Assignee.

Dec. 13, 1876. d13d3w

DISTRICT OF OREGON, ss.—At Portland, Oregon, the seventh day of December, A. D. 1876. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the Grant & [illegible] Worms, of Albina, in the county of Multnomah and State of Oregon, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

GEO. WOOD[illegible], Assignee.

d8d1aw3wF